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...DAY'S WEATHER FORECAST — PARIS: ...ers. Temp. 10-1 (50-34). Tomorrow variable. ...p. 7-3 (45-36). Yesterday's temp. 8-0 (46-32). ...DON: Occasional sleet. Temp. 6-3 (43-35). ...orrow showers. Yesterday's temp. 7-3 (45-34). ...NNEL: Rough. ROME: Cloudy. Temp. 18-11 ...2). NEW YORK: Sunny. Temp. 10-0 (50-32). ...rday's temp. 10-1 (50-34). ...DDITIONAL WEATHER—COMICS PAGE.

Austria	10 S.	Lebanon	£1.00
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Rescuers Find 7

...lpine Toll Mounts; Passes Still Closed

From Wire Dispatches

...ERN, April 7.—Strenuous res- ...work today held down the ...h toll from avalanches and ...slides in three Alpine coun- ...struck by spring snow- ...ns, but the toll was at least ...ith six persons or more re- ...d missing.

...Switzerland, seven persons, ...ding a woman and four ...ren, were found alive after ...were buried by snow for ...than 24 hours in the hamlet ...cla in the southeast, the ...e said. The hamlet of 15 ...es and a chapel was virtual- ...stroyed by an avalanche.

...e recovery of the seven ...s the Swiss toll for the three ...of storms at 11 in what ...rts described as the worst ...avalanche disasters to come ...te in spring.

...Italy, four German tourists ...ed killed were found safe ...they apparently avoided an ...nche, where the bodies of ...Germans were found yester-

...Six other Germans were ...missing, the police said. A ...an died in the Italian village ...reddi Saturday when snow ...over her home.

...o women and a 4-year-old ...died when a lakeside house ...ebrisch, Austria, was buried ...huge earthslide this morning. ...ough rescuers had failed to ...the victims after hours of ...ng, officials ruled out the possibility that the three could still be alive.

Forty miles away, rescue workers dug out the body of the 12th and last victim of a mud slide that destroyed a home near Tamsweg yesterday, the worst single tragedy of the weekend.

Helicopters, mostly grounded by fog and snow yesterday, were busy flying food and medical supplies today to cut-off Swiss areas and evacuating sick persons.

Officials at Switzerland's avalanche warning center at Davos reported a decisive improvement today but warned skiers to keep away from northern and eastern slopes above 1,500 meters. New avalanche threats were reported in Italy's Sondrio area where the snow piled up to 15 meters after heavy snowfalls yesterday. Researchers at Davos said they could not recall any similar accumulation of avalanches at this time of the year.

Trains Rerouted

Clearing operations were pushed to free the St. Gotthard railroad line and the Brenner Pass, the two key links between Central Europe and Italy, but Swiss officials said both were likely to remain closed for at least 24 hours more.

International trains were rerouted through the Simplon Tunnel, linking Italy with western Switzerland. Officials said that motorists could expect to wait for up to 12 hours before getting a chance to be taken north on a piggyback train.

Hundreds of trucks were reported stuck at both ends of the Brenner Pass. At the Resia Pass, between Italy and Austria, cars were reported to have lined up for almost 50 kilometers before it reopened today.

The recovery of the victims in Acla reduced the estimated total death toll in what Alpine experts described as the worst series of avalanche disasters so late in spring.

Rescue teams detected the first sounds of life at Acla at 7:30 a.m. today and freed the trapped group more than five hours later.

Five more villagers were feared still buried at Acla under the snow slide that swept away several homes yesterday morning.

The fashionable tourist resorts of Saas Fee and Andermatt were among dozens of villages and hamlets cut off. The road approach to the San Bernardino Tunnel in southern Switzerland was freed today but many roads around the Davos area were still closed.

In Italy, officials estimated that 6,000 to 7,000 tourists were isolated in Livigno, near the Swiss border, the scheduled site of the World Winter University Games. The opening of the games was shifted from yesterday to Wednesday because many competitors and jurors have been unable to reach Livigno.



Associated Press.

SLIDE DAMAGE—Residents of Vals, Switzerland, search through wreckage of homes destroyed by one of avalanches that have struck in Alps. No injuries were reported.

Heavy Fighting East, West

Rebels Tighten Grip Around Phnom Penh

By Lewis M. Simons

ANG SNUOL, Cambodia, April 7 (WP).—Cambodian Communist forces pressing eastward on Phnom Penh had battled their way through half of this destroyed town by late today while to the east of the capital, other Communist troops forced government defenders to abandon five positions around the provincial capital of Prey Veng.

With the insurgents already massed closely on all sides of the capital, the heavy fighting to the east and west made it clear that the Communist high command intends to capture and hold the entire country by force.

If their intention was simply to bring strong pressure on Phnom Penh, thus causing the government to capitulate, the Communists would probably have launched their expected assault by now. However, they seem to be abiding by their propaganda which insists that they will not stop short of total military victory.

Delta Attacks Rise

[In Saigon, the Associated Press reported that Communist-led forces today stepped up their attacks in the Mekong Delta, shelling at least 10 district capitals. They also hit a fuel center only six miles from Saigon with 60 rounds of rocket and mortar fire.

[There were no reports of major moves on Saigon itself, as has been feared since a Communist-led offensive began five weeks ago, capturing three-fourths of the country.

[Military sources said that the increased military activity in the Mekong Delta consisted mostly of rocket and mortar attacks that wounded about 50 civilians. Most of the shelling was in Dinh Tuong Province, about 35 miles south of Saigon.

[The fuel depot shelling just outside the capital was at Nha Be, which has been a target of shelling and sapper attacks many times during the war. Five government soldiers and a civilian were reported wounded and minor damage was said to have been caused to pipeline networks.

[In Jakarta, Gen. George Brown, chairman of the U.S. Joint Chiefs of Staff, said today: "I believe that America's intervention in Vietnam is being discussed in Washington," Reuters reported. The general declined to elaborate.

[Current law in the United States forbids the use of military force, particularly a resumption of military activity in Vietnam and Cambodia, without the approval of Congress.]

Here at Ang Snuol, the scene last January of one of the bloodiest battles of the current Communist offensive, refugees from another besieged town farther west, Kompong Speu, were being ferried in by helicopter to the eastern edge of the town.

From the open field where government helicopters were letting off those wealthy enough to pay the $40 evacuation bribe, Phnom Penh is 8 miles away.

No Strategic Reason

The new fighting around Prey Veng has puzzled military analysts. The provincial capital has been quiet for months and there appears to be no strategic reason to fight for it.

The only explanation appears to be that the insurgents will settle for nothing less than total victory, ignoring any government efforts to halt further bloodshed by stopping the war short of the battle for Phnom Penh.

Although it is still not clear at which point the insurgents intend to make their first major assault on the city and its airport, the most sensitive location is along the northwest perimeter of the city, the so-called North Dike Road.

The dike is a 5-mile-long road-topped embankment which holds back monsoon floodwaters from the city. Cambodian officers at a (Continued on Page 2, Col. 5)



Associated Press.

NEW YORK ARRIVAL—Mrs. Jean Bello of Yorktown Heights, N.Y., with newly adopted son at Kennedy Airport.

Cairo Meeting

...rafat-Sadat Talks Reported ...proving Strained Relations

...IRO, April 7 (UPI).—Pales- ...n leader Yassir Arafat con- ...d today with President An- ...Sadat and other Egyptian ...rs in an effort to patch ...differences and coordinate ...ons in the conflict with ...estinian and Egyptian ...es said that the talks im- ...d relations, which had been ...ed during the recent U.S. ...pt to find a Middle East ...settlement.

Arafat, who arrived in ...last night, talked with Mr. ...at the presidential resi- ...at the Nileside Barrage, ...les north of here. The meet- ...was attended by Foreign ...ter Ismail Fahmy and Salah ...f. Mr. Arafat's deputy in ...alestine Liberation Organi- ...tion.

...lier in the day, Mr. Arafat ...rred with Mr. Fahmy for ...hours and had a separate ...ng with parliament speaker ...Marei.

...PLO spokesman said that ...major aim of the talks was ...scuss ways of consolidating ...ian-Palestinian relations."

Relations Seen Better

...lations are better today ...they were a month ago," ...d in answer to a question. ...lan sources agreed with Mr. ...t's assessment.

...risis between Egypt and ...PLO arose at the end of ...ary when the PLO Execu- ...Committee issued a state- ...condemning Secretary of ...Henry Kissinger's peace- ...g effort as a "criminal ...racy" and indirectly at- ...Egypt's cooperation with ...ington.

Sadat reacted with a pub- ...b of the PLO. He refused ...ceive a delegation that it ...planning to send to Cairo ...emanded instead that the ...13-man committee come. ...collapse of Mr. Kissinger's ...last month changed the ...e, however, and Egypt has ...called for resumption of the ...Israeli peace conference at ...a and policy coordination ...the PLO and Syria.

...uerrillas Accuse Jordan

...RUT, April 7 (UPI).—The ...ar Democratic Front for the ...tion of Palestine said today ...Jordanian troops ambushed ...rrested three of its guer- ...returning to Jordan from ...last week.

...said that the incident oc- ...at midnight Friday "while ...our guerrilla units was on ...y to cross the Jordan River ...returning from the occu- ...territories and its special ...g missions."

...said that Jordanian troops ambushed the guerrillas and ordered them to surrender their arms.

Israel Promises Concessions

TEL AVIV, April 7 (UPI).—Israel said yesterday that it is willing to make "significant concessions" toward peace if Egypt opens the Suez Canal as promised on June 5.

Defense Minister Shimon Peres did not spell out what the concessions would be, but he said that if Egypt was intent on resuming hostilities Cairo "would find Israel prepared for this, too."

But, he said, "if Egypt seriously intends to open the Suez Canal to navigation, it would find Israel willing to move toward a settlement with Egypt—with significant concessions." He did not specify whether he meant navigation in general or the passage of Israeli ships through the waterway.

In Jerusalem, meanwhile, Foreign Minister Yigal Allon said that Israel is prepared to renew negotiations with Egypt.

...ears for Gaza Judge

...A, April 7 (UPI).—An Is- ...military tribunal sentenced ...mer president of this area's ...court, an Arab, to 12 ...in prison yesterday on ...s of conspiring to attack ...military occupation per-

Wilson Makes Pro-EEC Stand In Commons

LONDON, April 7 (Reuters).—Prime Minister Harold Wilson opened today a three-day parliamentary debate on Common Market membership, which will be the subject of a referendum in June.

Mr. Wilson said changes in the European Economic Community had reduced his anxieties and he thought the country should stay in.

The Labor Prime Minister's course of renegotiating Britain's terms of membership, setting up the referendum and then advising Britons to vote to remain in the EEC was denounced as a gamble by the opposition Conservative deputy leader William Whitelaw.

Yet Mr. Whitelaw added that he had to support the gamble, because he thought it vital for Britain to stay in Europe. He called on members to give a strong lead to the public to vote for EEC membership in the referendum.

In Policy Speech Thursday

Ford Is Expected to Stress Humanitarian Aid to Vietnam

By Lou Cannon

LAS VEGAS, April 7 (WP).—President Ford ended a troubled nine-day working vacation today with an appeal to Americans not to become disheartened by continuing recession or by the near-collapse of American-backed governments in Southeast Asia.

"There are some who see nothing but a grim future of depression at home and disintegration abroad," Mr. Ford said at a meeting of the National Association of Broadcasters. "I reject that scenario. My vision is one of growth and development worldwide through increasing interdependence of nations. . . My vision is one of peace."

The President's speech here was the final event of a holiday week in which he alternated work with golf. Tomorrow he will meet the National Security Council to hear its recommendations on what, if anything, can be done to salvage the embattled government of South Vietnam.

Mr. Ford will give his final proposals for assisting Vietnam in a televised foreign policy speech Thursday night. The President is expected to emphasize the need for humanitarian aid to the victims of the war, a key element in what Secretary of State Henry Kissinger last Saturday called the United States' "moral obligation" to Vietnam.

"I will certainly put high on my agenda a firm American commitment to provide humanitarian aid for the helpless civilian victims—including orphaned children—of the war," he said.

Senate Defers Action

Although a final attempt at obtaining some of the military aid that Congress has thus far refused to give South Vietnam has not been ruled out by the President, it is believed in the White House that there is far broader support in the Congress for non-military aid to refugees.

In Washington, Senate leaders decided today to defer action at least until Friday on legislation for additional military aid to Cambodia.

In California speeches during last week, and again today, Mr. Ford persistently referred to himself as "an optimist" and urged Americans not to lose their faith in themselves because of world events.

"America will not give in to self-doubt nor paralysis of willpower," Mr. Ford declared. "Americans will not dismantle the defense of the United States. And we certainly will not adopt such a naive vision of the world that we dismantle our essential intelligence-gathering agencies."

Insisting that the United States (Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

Answering Charge by Thieu Foes

Saigon Denies Orphan Airlift Is Political Propaganda Move

By Malcolm W. Browne

SAIGON, April 7 (NYT).—Phan Quang Dan, South Vietnam's deputy premier, today angrily denied opposition charges that his government and Washington had arranged a mass departure of orphans from this country to achieve a propaganda and political effect.

Mr. Dan's voice rose to a scream as he asserted at a news conference: "We did not create the orphans and we are not making propaganda. The nations of the world have taken a spontaneous interest in accepting some of our orphans."

So far, about 1,700 orphans have been evacuated from South Vietnam to the United States. Mr. Dan said that there would be no more mass evacuations, although some orphans would continue to go to new homes in America.

The U.S. consul-general here, Walter Burke, said last week that, although there are an estimated 25,000 orphans in South Vietnam, only about 2,000 would be eligible to go to the United States.

He said U.S. regulations require that, to qualify for admission, the orphans must have been under the care of one of seven American-licensed charitable organizations working in South Vietnam. Mr. Burke said that most of the orphans do not fall in this category.

He said: "Many, for example, are the wards of Buddhist institutions, which would not permit orphans to leave under any circumstances. There are similar impediments for many others."

There is, in fact, widespread Vietnamese hostility to the mass evacuation of orphans to the United States.

"What future will they have in a racist country like the United States anyway?" asked a Vietnamese government official who requested that his name not be made public.

Earlier, a group of 14 politicians opposed to the government of President Nguyen Van Thieu had distributed a photostatic copy of a letter written by Mr. Dan to Premier Tran Thien Khiem last Wednesday, two days before Mr. Khiem's Cabinet resigned.

'Deep Emotions'

The letter recommended that the Premier quickly authorize the emigration of 1,400 Vietnamese orphans to the United States. It said that a mass shipment of orphans would "create deep emotions all over the world, especially in the United States, which would be most helpful to the Republic of [South] Vietnam."

The letter added: "The American ambassador said the collective shipment abroad of these orphans and the exodus of millions of war refugees from the Communist-controlled areas would help reverse the current of American public opinion, to the (Continued on Page 2, Col. 4)

Energy Talks Open on a Clash of Purposes

By James Goldsborough

PARIS, April 7 (IHT).—The producer-consumer energy meeting got off to an uncertain start today when the 10 delegations divided sharply on whether to expand the talks from oil to include all raw materials.

Following the first day's meetings, the Algerian delegation announced that the "seven representatives of the Third World" at the meeting had decided that a much larger scope must be given to the talks.

The Algerian declaration was no surprise to the other delegations and Louis de Guiringaud, the French conference president, downgraded the differences into "nuances." Still, the opening U.S. declaration made it clear that Washington meant to keep the talks on energy "and related matters."

Charles Robinson, newly appointed under secretary of state for economic affairs, said, "We have more than enough to handle with the energy problem. To broaden the scope . . . would substantially decrease the likelihood of a productive outcome."

The delegations at this first joint producer-consumer energy meeting are the European Community, Japan and the United States for the industrial world; Saudi Arabia, Iran, Venezuela and Algeria for the oil producers, and Zaire, Brazil and India for the developing world.

The meeting is expected to continue throughout the week in preparation for a wider conference later this year. Even the name of this week's meeting was challenged by Algeria today and it finally was agreed that the conference would stay nameless until the participants decided what it was about.

Privately, several of the delegations were treating the Algerian attitude as an attempt to establish its leadership in the Third World and the "Group of 77" developing countries. It was thought that a compromise could be found before the end of the week.

Although Algeria indicated it was speaking for the seven non-industrial countries at the meeting, there were some notable differences among the seven. Zaire made what could turn out to be a compromise proposal when its delegation said that only "two or three raw materials in addition to oil" should be put on the agenda for the full conference.

Haves, Have-Nots

The Algerians made it clear that for them this was a conference between the three haves and the seven have-nots. "Is there any common measure," their delegation spokesman asked, "between nations that have to lower temperatures in their apartments and give up cars on Sundays and nations with hundreds of millions of dying human beings?"

There were also some problems between the four oil producers, representing the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries, and the industrial nations. Mr. Robinson said following today's meeting, "We are not here to destroy OPEC. We are dedicated to finding ways of working with OPEC and have no plans to break them apart."

Mr. Robinson's remarks, which were echoed in Washington by State Department spokesman Robert Anderson, were made after Thomas Enders, the assistant secretary of state and No. 2 man with the delegation here, was quoted on British television as saying the United States was trying to hasten the collapse of the oil cartel.

In Washington, Mr. Anderson said that Mr. Enders had been quoted out of context.

Aside from raw materials, the main work left for the conference this week is to decide on the agenda and participants for the full conference. Estimates are that participation could range as high as 30 nations.

U.S. officials recognized that there was a considerable difference in degree between the Zairian and Algerian positions.

The oil-producing countries here also indicated differences on the problem. While their declarations indicated solidarity with the three developing nations, the oil producers are clearly looking principally for oil solutions at these meetings.

U.S. Eases Stand On EEC Subsidies For Cheese Sales

BRUSSELS, April 7 (AP).—The U.S. government has dropped its insistence that the Common Market abandon all subsidies on the export of cheese to the United States, European Economic Community officials said today, but it is still insisting that the subsidies be reduced and threatening increased tariff rates if they are not.

The increase would be in the form of countervailing duties, which are imposed as a kind of penalty on subsidies.

The purpose of the change in policy is to avoid a "cheese war" that would have a bad effect on major trade talks in Geneva.

Normally the Common Market exports about 53,000 tons of cheese a year to the United States, worth about $70 million. With large surpluses of dairy products on hand, the Common Market subsidizes exports to destinations outside the nine member countries. At American insistence, it has eliminated the subsidies on cheddar—the most important type—and reduced them on other types. It has also offered to keep prices 12 per cent above comparable U.S. prices.

Rejects Criticism From West

Waldheim Defends UN Role in Vietnam

VIENNA, April 7 (UPI).—UN Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim said today that Western criticism would not force him to resign.

"A captain does not leave his ship in perilous times," he said at a news conference. "I have an obligation to use my ability and energy to help solve the problems that face us."

Mr. Waldheim showed exasperation over criticism of the UN role in Vietnam and he accused most Western news media of suppressing reports of UN humanitarian aid.

"What more could we do?" he asked. "Both the Viet Cong and Hanoi told us they would not allow the evacuation of refugees."

He waved a sheet of paper, which he said was a note sent by the Communists that ruled out evacuation of refugees from Communist-held areas.

He said that criticism that the United Nations had delayed humanitarian aid in Vietnam was unfounded.

"On March 31, we made a strong and urgent appeal to aid refugees, but with the exception of some European news media it was ignored," he said. "Perhaps it was not given attention because it did not fit in with the policy of some."



Kurt Waldheim

Mr. Waldheim said he had no intention of resigning because of criticism directed against him.

"The criticism comes from the West exclusively," he said. "From no other part of the world. On the contrary, the rest of the world seems satisfied."

[The Viet Cong's Provisional Revolutionary Government of South Vietnam has asked for help to reopen the airfields of Danang and Hué in an apparent effort to speed the international relief airlift, UN officials said today in Geneva.

[The officials also said they had received a first list of immediate requirements for about 10 million people now claimed under Viet Cong control in 19 South Vietnamese provinces, the Associated Press reported.]

Remark Is Clarified

NEW YORK, April 7 (IHT).—A UN spokesman has made public an amended version of a controversial remark by Mr. Waldheim in an interview printed in The New York Times last week (IHT, April 4).

Mr. Waldheim was telling the interviewer why he had turned down a U.S. request that he make a public appeal to the parties to the Vietnam war not to interfere (Continued on Page 2, Col. 7)

News Analysis

Russia Restrains Propaganda Over Setbacks to U.S. Policy

By Peter Osnos

MOSCOW, April 7 (WP).—The sharp reversals to U.S. policies in Indochina and the Middle East recently have undoubtedly been received here privately with some satisfaction but official gloating has been kept to a minimum.

Soviet response to the developments has been cautious, Western diplomats believe, out of an underlying concern for maintaining the basic patterns of détente with the United States—the centerpiece of the Kremlin's present world strategy.

The failure of Secretary of State Henry Kissinger's latest attempt at "shuttle diplomacy" in the Middle East and the threatened collapse of U.S.-supported regimes in South Vietnam and Cambodia serve the objectives of Soviet policies in both those areas.

And because it is now more likely that settlement of the Arab-Israeli dispute and the Indochina war will be along the lines the Soviet Union has advocated, the Kremlin is clearly pleased by the turn of events.

I Told You So

Soviet sources now are greeting their U.S. contacts with an "I-told-you-so" manner.

But the Russians apparently have no interest in seeing either trouble spot flare up in a way that might involve the superpowers in direct confrontation.

Another Middle East war would certainly put a severe strain on the Moscow-Washington ties. And even the remotest chance of renewed U.S. military intervention in Indochina revives the specter of a clash with U.S. "imperialism."

There is little for the Kremlin to gain, Soviet and Western analysts agree, in seeming to exploit U.S. setbacks with a strident propaganda campaign that would only exacerbate U.S. sensitivities. The Russians are well aware, they say, of the possibility that, to counter an impression of U.S. weakness around the globe, the Ford administration might adopt tougher stances on some outstanding issues.

An Inconvenience

That, at the very least, might mean inconvenience for the Soviet Communist party leader, Leonid Brezhnev, who is anxious to sign a strategic arms limitation agreement in Washington this summer and arrange a summit-level windup to the 35-nation European Conference on Security and Cooperation. Mr. Brezhnev wants these triumphs as a prelude to next year's 25th Communist party congress.

Thus, commentaries on the Middle East and Indochina in the Soviet press during the last two weeks have been relatively restrained.

For instance, Yuri Zhukov, a leading Soviet publicist, wrote Saturday in Pravda, the Communist party newspaper, that what is happening in South Vietnam "was to be expected. The people rose for struggle in defense of their lives, their homes, their future, declining to tolerate any longer the brazen military arbitrariness of the clique of dictator [Nguyen Van] Thieu..."

Mr. Zhukov went on to criticize "certain circles" in the United States for "launching a campaign for the salvation of the puppet administration."

No Threats

But the article did not contain any threats to Washington to restrain its actions and concluded somewhat hopefully that "the new situation which is taking shape in South Vietnam is opening a clear prospect for establishing peace."

That thinking reflects a view expressed by other Russian analysts that the Indochina events may have beneficial effects on U.S.-Soviet relations by discrediting what a source called "the old cold war politics of power." With the irritant of Indochina removed, he said, there would be a chance for closer Soviet-American cooperation on strategic arms limitation, trade and, perhaps, the Middle East.

The newspaper Sovietskaya Rossiya bitterly attacked George Meany, the president of the AFL-CIO, on Saturday for suggesting that Mr. Kissinger's failure in the Middle East and the Vietnam crisis show the futility of pursuing détente.

Quite the contrary, the newspaper asserted. "The collapse of the adventuristic policy of imperialistic circles and détente should not be mixed up," it said. "These are quite different things. This is how the public, including the U.S. public, understand it."

Jockeying Seen

On Indochina, there is some Kremlin ambivalence resulting from its continuing struggle for influence in the region with the Chinese. The defeat of U.S.-backed governments would only set the stage for intensified Chinese-Soviet jockeying to win favor with the new regimes.

In Vietnam, whatever happens, the Russians can claim long-standing ties with the Hanoi leadership. But in Cambodia, Moscow never directly supplied arms to the Khmer Rouge forces and, until last week, tolerated the presence here of an embassy representing the Phnom Penh government.



United Press International.

COMFORT—White House photographer David Hume Kennerly, who was sent to Indochina to assess the situation, took this photo of man and injured wife in Phnom Penh.

Americans Return to Saigon To Rescue Their War Brides

By David Lamb

SAIGON, April 7.—After spending 39 hours in a commercial jet, three young Americans returned to Saigon yesterday to claim their Vietnamese brides.

They, like other soldiers and former GIs arriving daily in this capital, had come with a single mission: To find their wives and children and take them to the United States, away from the dangers of North Vietnam's push south.

By the time Randy Carson, Chet Lake and Larry Hearold climbed aboard the Air Vietnam flight in Hong Kong for the final two-hour leg of their journey, their similar problems had transformed them from strangers to friends and they sat together in the nearly empty 1f-seat plane talking quietly.

Mr. Carson, 23, an unemployed resident of Watsonville, Calif., carried two framed pictures of Rose.

"I'd told her I'd send for her as soon as I got the money," he said. "Now there's no time. If the North Vietnamese get on a rampage, they'd torture her. They'd kill her. All they'd have to do is see those kids with round eyes."

Tried to Sell Eye

Desperate for money, Mr. Carson had offered publicly to sell one of his eyes for medical purposes in exchange for the tickets to fly Rose, their adopted 4-year-old son and week-old baby to the United States. A retired couple heard of his plight and arranged for his round-trip ticket to Saigon.

Mr. Lake, 24, of Cloquet, Minn., had called his wife, Do Hao, two days earlier from the U.S. missile base on Kwajalein Atoll where he works as a civilian communications specialist. She told him not to come yet, that the situation was still not critical.

"Look, I've got a recent picture of the old lady right here," he said. "She always was overprotective of me."

Do Hao had fled from Hanoi in 1954 and now Mr. Lake worried that she had nowhere else to flee if the Communists attacked Saigon. "The guys at work didn't help any," he said. "They'd say Danang just fell, or Hué went today, or Saigon's going to be flattened by the time you get there."

Mr. Hearold, 28, an Army staff sergeant stationed at Fort Jackson, S.C., had seen Lua four months ago when she visited him in the United States. She returned to her home in Pleiku just before government troops abandoned it to the North Vietnamese. While she was fleeing south in a C-130 cargo plane, hydraulic fluid from a leaking overhead line sprayed into her eyes and blinded her.

Doing Paper Work

"I worry that there's not time to get her out—I don't know how long it's going to take to get all the paper work done," he said.

No statistics are kept on the number of U.S. soldiers who married Vietnamese women here, but there are thousands. Since 1970, more than 15,000 exit visas have been issued, mostly to wives and fiancées of Americans. The South Vietnamese government instituted a general ban on overseas travel three years ago but usually has permitted wives and fiancées of Americans to leave.

After the jet landed at Tan Son Nhut Airport, Mr. Lake said, "Is that her? Yeah, there she is," spotting Do Hao among those milling outside the customs area of the terminal. They embraced and disappeared.

Mr. Carson and Mr. Hearold hailed a cab to downtown Saigon to find their wives.

© *Los Angeles Times.*

Reds Tighten Grip Around Phnom Penh

(Continued from Page 1)

forward position of the 45th Brigade, near the dike, said this afternoon that the Communists had possession of more than three miles of the dike and had pushed defending forces as far as half a mile away beyond the embankment toward the heart of the city.

At the southeast end of the dike, at Wat Ta Hem, a tiny village near what is called the "rocket belt" from which the Communists shell the airport, officers said that the insurgents were building up strength. "Only a week ago," a young lieutenant said, "we were moving against them about 100 meters a day. But no more. We have stopped moving altogether. They harass us with sapper teams and shellfire each night. It's always at night."

Wat Ta Hem is only a few hundred yards from Phnom Penh's central telecommunications relay center. Military observers feel that it is just a question of time before the Communists decide to shell the relay station, thereby cutting the capital's communications with the outside world.

Conditional Surrender

PARIS, April 7 (AP).—Cambodia's interim head of state said in an interview published here today that no one could stop a conditional surrender to the Khmer Rouge forces if "the majority of the people wanted it."

Sankham Khoy, acting president since Marshal Lon Nol left Phnom Penh last week, told a correspondent of Le Monde that he could not decide alone on such a question.

The correspondent said that Mr. Khoy "seemed to approve of the idea circulating here of a 'reverse coup' in which the Phnom Penh parliament would re-establish the monarchy and recall Prince Norodom Sihanouk to power."

Mr. Khoy said that he had no political ambitions and would retire to his native town of Sisophon if the situation changed.

Mr. Khoy said that he would like to see a cease-fire to allow a return to normal life in Cambodia but he found it logical that, "when one is the strongest, one poses the toughest conditions."

He recognized that any negotiations with the Khmer Rouge would be difficult because they were at the moment refusing all talks.

Indian Ex-Aide Fasts

NEW DELHI, April 7 (Reuters).—Morarji Desai, 79, the former deputy prime minister of India, began a fast today to demand immediate elections in his home state of Gujarat in western India.

Schlesinger Urges Congress To Grant Arms Aid to Saigon

By Richard L. Lyons

WASHINGTON, April 7 (WP).—U.S. Secretary of Defense James Schlesinger yesterday softened administration warnings of dire consequences as he again urged Congress to vote more military aid for the South Vietnamese regime.

The causes of South Vietnamese losses are too complex for a "simplistic" answer, he said. "Congress clearly cannot in any way be blamed" for the quality of South Vietnamese forces, which have given up large parts of their country with "very little major fighting," Mr. Schlesinger said. On the other hand, a factor leading to the "partial collapse undoubtedly" was a 70-percent cut in aid voted by Congress, he said.

"I hope that we can get these issues behind us," Mr. Schlesinger said. "There is nothing that this country needs less at this time" than a "divisive" postmortem on Vietnam or a "major confrontation" between the executive and legislative branches.

Respect for U.S.

Asked if he agreed with Secretary of State Henry Kissinger that the loss of Vietnam would weaken respect for U.S. commitments around the world, Mr. Schlesinger said "it could go either way" and would depend on how the United States faces the future.

"If we take other areas increasingly seriously and do not proceed to reduce our forces in Europe, massive cuts in the budget and that sort of thing, then I think respect for American commitments will continue," he said.

While urging more aid to give South Vietnam "a reasonable chance to survive," Mr. Schlesinger held out no assurances that the aid was a "glit-edge investment," but only that, without U.S. aid, South Vietnam appeared doomed to a Communist takeover.

Mr. Schlesinger said that he did not know if the additional aid would do any good, asserting that this was "the great imponderable about American aid."

"If we are to refrain from giving aid in those cases in which we do not know the outcome, then we will, through a self-fulfilling prophecy, create the fall of many countries," he said.

"I think, in this case, it's a question more of the national honor, the perception of American commitments," he said.

A Reasonable Chance

"What one can say is it represents a continuation of the American commitment so that all parties will see that the United States was the nation that gave a reasonable chance for the South Vietnamese to survive," he added.

Mr. Schlesinger said that the South Vietnamese had cast "longing glances" at the possibility of the resumption of B-52 air strikes, but that President Ford had ruled out a return of U.S. combat involvement.

The secretary called it a "fair inference" that Gen. Frederick Weyand, Army chief of staff, reported Saturday to Mr. Ford after his trip to Saigon that, without more U.S. aid, South Vietnam "will go down."

Mr. Schlesinger also repeated his statement that, at the time of the 1973 Paris cease-fire agreement, the administration made oral commitments to Saigon—"which I do not know in detail"—to give Saigon aid if North Vietnam violated the agreement, permitting one-for-one replacement of lost equipment.

Police Use Tear Gas At Seoul Universities

SEOUL, April 7 (Reuters).—Police fired tear gas today at 1,600 stone-throwing students as anti-government riots erupted at three universities here.

The students clashed with police at Seoul National University, the Jesuit-run Sogang University and the private Korean Institute of Foreign Studies. Last week, more than 300 students were arrested after demonstrations demanding reforms and the release of jailed students.

Reagan Urges West To Build Up Defense

LONDON, April 7 (Reuters).—Ronald Reagan, former governor of California, tonight urged the Western allies to seek defensive military superiority against growing Soviet power in Europe.

In an address to the annual dinner of the Anglo-American Pilgrim Society, Mr. Reagan said that the prospect of Communist power in Portugal had shattered stability in Europe. He accused the Russians of pushing ahead with heavy expansion of nuclear and conventional forces at a time when the Western allies were cutting back.

Saigon Denies Orphan Airlift Is Political Propaganda Move

(Continued from Page 1)

advantage of the Republic of Vietnam."

The opposition group demanded that the transport of war orphans to the United States be halted immediately. It called the program an "unworthy attempt to . . . use orphans and war victims for propaganda purposes."

63 Hospitalized in U.S.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 7 (NYT).—Dozens of the children arriving in the United States have been rushed to hospitals by doctors who met the flights.

"It was the most incredible scene of deprivation and illness I've ever seen," Dr. Alex Stalcup said yesterday as he described conditions aboard the chartered Pan American World Airways 747 that had arrived here Saturday night with 312 youngsters, most of whom were infants.

Dr. Stalcup, who was with a team of doctors that boarded the plane as soon as it landed, said the group found severe cases of dehydration, pneumonia, diarrhea, chicken pox and other viral diseases.

Forty-seven of the children were sent immediately to hospitals. A number had "unquestionably" been near death when they landed, the doctor said in answer to a question, but he added that they were improving with treatment.

In Seattle, 16 of 408 children who arrived there early yesterday morning were reported hospitalized with similar ailments.

The 100 survivors of Friday's C-5A crash, which killed about 200 adults and children near Saigon, were on Saturday night's flight and, according to Dr. Stalcup, many of them were suffering from head and other injuries.

Nearly 300 children are being bedded down on mattresses in a building on the Army's Presidio base here, until arrangements can be made for them to join their adoptive parents.

"By American standards about half of them should be in the hospital right now," Dr. Stalcup said at a news conference called to plead for more help from area doctors and nurses.

Yogurt Pot Sails Ocean

LA ROCHELLE, April 7 (Reuters).—What is believed to be the first yogurt pot to cross the Atlantic by itself has landed here. Thomas Teimeri threw it with 29 others from a Newfoundland ferry boat 20 months ago. It contained his name and telephone number.

Year of American Pullback

U.S. Newsman Says Vietnam Was Lost in '7

NEW ORLEANS, April 7 (AP).—Peter Arnett, Associated Press war correspondent, said today the war in South Vietnam was lost in 1968 when the United States decided to pull back and let the South Vietnamese fight their own battles.

"What is happening in South Vietnam now is a replay of what very nearly happened 10 years ago," Mr. Arnett said in an address to editors and publishers attending the annual meeting of the AP here.

Mr. Arnett, who has reported on Vietnam longer than any other newsman and is an AP special correspondent, won the Pulitzer Prize in 1966 for his war coverage.

"The difference in dozens of cities and towns imperiled by the Viet Cong 10 years ago was that U.S. Marines, paratroopers and infantrymen balled them out," Mr. Arnett said.

He said the South Vietnamese Army, when it came under pressure, went into "one of the most ignoble collapses in modern military history. They had the weapons and the wherewithal to fight, but they didn't bother. Psychologically, they felt the game was up."

Mr. Arnett said the thousands of refugees fleeing before the advance of North Vietnamese troops were not necessarily a sign that "the people were voting with their feet," because most of them were soldiers or government officials and their dependents.

There are thousands of South Vietnamese who would consider their future precarious because they are "tainted with Americanism and, therefore, prospective victims for a rumored bloodbath after a North Vietnamese victory," he said.

"I don't doubt that many will eventually die under Communist rule in their version of the Nuremberg trials—particularly those within the Gestapo-like apparatus formed by President Thieu to maintain his totalitarian rule.

"These would include prison officials, Phoenix Program operators, national police agents and others. These number in the thousands."

The Phoenix Program was designed to "neutralize" the Viet Cong. Its critics have charged it was a program of systematic assassination, murder and torture.

During a question-and-answer period, Mr. Arnett said that the imminent North Vietnamese victory will finally end the last uncompleted revolution in Asia. He cited China, Burma, the Philippines and others among the completed.

The collapse and fall of cities as Danang and Nha T "may be only a curtain-raise the far greater human trage the collapse of Saigon with million people," Mr. Arnett

He said the Pentagon ex North Vietnam to begin an a on Saigon in about a month Americans who are there, fleeing soldiers and panic-str civilians are more dangerous the advancing North Vietna he added.

Says He Won't Resign

Waldheim Rejects Criticism From West on Vietnam Pl

(Continued from Page 1)

with the movement of refugees to safe areas. The spokesman said his words were:

"There is a war goi... on and one side has occupied a part of the territory and does not want to cooperate and this creates a political problem. It is not in the interest of the humanitarian work of the United Nations in the area for the United Nations to get involved in this political aspect."

The spokesman said "important words left out" of the original published version were "the humanitarian work of." He learned this, he said, both from Mr. Waldheim and from an aide who sat in on the interview.

The spokesman was asked how the UN responded when, as President Ford said at his Washington news conference Thursday, the United States "appealed to the United Nations to use its moral influence to permit . . . innocent people to leave" areas falling under North Vietnamese and Viet Cong control.

He replied that when U.S. Ambassador John Scali visited Mr. Waldheim on Tuesday, "the secretary-general explained the difficulties as he saw it in making a further appeal. He had made a broad appeal on Monday on humanitarian grounds."

Mr. Scali obviously was not satisfied with the Monday ment, which called for reli "innocent persons, incl those who have been displa but did not mention evacu of refugees. He told rep later that he had asked Mr. heim to make a public appe all parties not to interfere the evacuation.

UN Agencies Seek Aid

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., 7 (Reuters).—The two majo relief agencies appealed toda more emergency aid for I chins. Officials estimated need at tens of millions of d for UN operations alone.

The appeal, initiated joint Prince Sadruddin Aga Khan high commissioner for refu and Henry Labouisse, hea the UN Children's Fund (Un called for gifts in cash and

A UN spokesman said P Sadruddin conferred toda Geneva with representative the Viet Cong and Unicef offi working in Hanoi and has re ed a list of relief requirement

2 Kurds Execut In Iran in Hija Of Iraqi Airline

TEHRAN, April 7 (AP).—executed by firing squad t two Iraqi Kurds who hijacke Iraqi Airways Boeing 737 jet month.

They were believed to be first executions for airline hij ing.

A third hijacker, also an I Kurd, died in shooting inside plane during the incident. Iraqi security man and ano person were also killed and persons were wounded.

The hijackers, identified Taha Naimi, 20, and Fual Reitan 25, had demanded $5 lion and the release of 65 Ki ish prisoners held in Iraq aga the lives of the 85 passengers crewmen held hostage.

Although relations betw Iraq and Iran were strained the time of the hijacking, Ira authorities arrested the hijacl

The two hijackers were tenced to death by a mili tribunal.

Under Iranian law, any ar robbery is cause for trial by tary court and execution by fi squad.

Ford Is Expected to Stress Humanitarian Aid to Vietnam

(Continued from Page 1)

will not turn inward because of recent events in Southeast Asia and the Middle East, Mr. Ford said:

"During my administration, Americans will neither resign from the world nor abandon hope of peaceful and constructive relationships with all peoples."

Mr. Ford again pledged to allies and adversaries that American commitments would be honored.

"Now, or in the future, let no potential enemy of the United States be so unwise to wrongly assess the American mood and conclude that the time has come when it is safe to challenge us."

The President again warned Congress of the dangers of increasing a federal budget deficit that will already run to $60 billion under the administration's own proposals. "The inflationary odds go against us," he said, if Congress increases the deficit by even a few billion dollars.

In Washington today, Senate Majority Leader Mike Manrfield of Montana called for an end to recriminations over Indochina and urged a new era of cooperation between Congress and President Ford in the formulation of foreign policy.

"This is not the time for either the executive or the legislative branch to begin pointing the finger," he told the Senate.

Noting recent foreign policy setbacks in Southeast Asia, the Middle East and Cyprus, he called for a cooperative reassessment of U.S. foreign policy.



United Press International.

LAST RESPECTS—Thousands of persons waiting in line yesterday at Sun Yat-sen Memorial Hall in Taipei to pay homage to their late President Chiang Kai-shek.

U.S. Astronaut Calls Soyuz Safe for Linkup

LONDON, April 7 (Reuters).—A U.S. astronaut said today that the United States was satisfied with Soviet equipment designed for the Apollo-Soyuz linkup mission in July, despite Saturday's rocket failure.

Astronaut Richard Truly, a standby crewman and ground controller for the joint mission, told reporters here: "Nobody is more concerned about the safety of the Russian spacecraft than we are."

Mr. Truly, who was on the way to Moscow for final preparations of the July experiment, said that U.S. space experts had been over earlier malfunctions of Soviet space equipment in great detail with the Russians.

"The Soyuz is safe enough for that portion of the flight that we'll be dealing with. We're quite satisfied with the design," he added.

The only Soviet hardware directly affecting the three U.S. astronauts in the joint mission is the Soyuz capsule. The astronauts will leave their own spacecraft and move into the S...iet Soyuz for a period after docking.

But the Soyuz was apparently not involved in Saturday's failure. The mission was abandoned after the Soviet launch rocket shot off course. The two cosmonauts were returned safely to earth.

No Effect on Mission

MOSCOW, April 7 (UPI).—The Soviet Union told the United States today that the failure of Saturday's launch would not have any effect on July's joint mission, U.S. officials said.

"Officials of the Soviet space program assured me this mission had nothing to do with the rendezvous," Egan Loebner, science counselor of the U.S. Embassy, said.

He said that the Russians did not provide details of the failure in which a Soyuz spacecraft aborted shortly after launch.

Soviet newspapers carried a uniform Tass news agency report that did not explain the exact cause of the mishap.

But this in itself was new in a country which usually publici only its good news and which in the past ignored several sp failures including some, U.S. perts believe, involving loss life.

U.S. officials said that the R sians may have decided to rele the news this time because of presence here of a public relati team from the National Ae nautics and Space Administ tion.

The visitors were discussing release of information and p tures about the July mission.

Even so, the information gi about Saturday's mishap w limited by Western standards.

The Tass report said that t third stage of the Soyuz roc deviated from its normal cou and that an automatic dev ejected the capsule containi two cosmonauts, who landed in mountainous region of west Siberia.

It was the first time in spa history that reports have be published of a manned flig aborted during launch.

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ATO Weighs ummit Talks Brussels

nference Regarded Display of Unity

By David Binder

ASHINGTON, April 7 (NYT). e 15 members of the North ntic Treaty Organization are mplating a heads-of-govern- meeting in Brussels at the of May to reassert principles Western unity, diplomatic of- ls say.

resident Ford is studying oposal for an early summit ing of NATO heads of gov- ent, White House Press Sec- y Ronald Nessen said today. ers reported.

These are among a number iplomatic initiatives involv- NATO which are under con- ation but no decision has reached as yet," he said.]

e aim of the meeting would o present a common front ivance of the final sessions e East-West European Secu- Conference of 35 nations in nki.

e Helsinki session, tenta- scheduled for some time June, would conclude two of negotiations on a decla- n of East-West principles of ity and cooperation.

Western Reluctance

e Western participants, in- ng the United States and da, have been reluctant to it themselves to a sum- meeting in Helsinki until a factory accord was reached ower-level negotiations in va.

recent progress in the va talks has led most of the ern governments to con- that a Helsinki meeting l be acceptable.

s estimate precipitated a ssion in the Atlantic al- on how and when to score Western unity in rela- to the East-West security

a time, a group of Western ries suggested that the best to do would be to convene ATO summit meeting after elsinki session.

it now it is tending toward ATO summit prior to Hel- ," a Western ambassador

Western diplomat said that ce, whose troops have not cipated in NATO exercises ears, was somewhat reluctant t a Brussels summit meet-

Greece and Turkey

re is also a problem with e and Turkey, which have at odds for the last eight ns over Cyprus, the diplo- said.

eral diplomats representing countries said the sum- ession would be a welcome tunity to reaffirm alliance however loose, between these ries.

the same sense, a diplomat rked, it would be a good ion to demonstrate ties with gal, whose leftist military rship is currently a source of rn in the alliance.

last NATO summit meet- was held last June 26 in els, where a declaration on tic relations was signed by ads of government.

erere Urges rther Isolation South Africa

R ES SALAAM, April 7 ers).—President Julius re of Tanzania today called he continued isolation of Africa but offered support in negotiations between ern African liberation move- and white-minority gov- nts.

President, opening a spe- ession of the Organization rican Unity to discuss the ion in South Africa, said must make it clear to its friends and its enemies t would stop fighting only racism and colonialism been wiped from the con-

urged OAU foreign minis- o reiterate their determina- o "liberate" southern Africa ismissed all talk of détente ialogue with the South n government.

is conference is not about ed dialogue or détente South Africa," he said. conference is about the ion of southern Africa. Its se is to make quite sure we are clear in our minds how we should proceed after the successes of the m fighters in Angola and nbique."

y effort should be made enghen the armed forces nationalist movements in ia (South-West Africa) thodesia in case constitu- talks failed he said.



Associated Press.

PROGRESS—Benidorm, a fishing village until late 1950s, has undergone changes.

Progress Cuts a Swath in Eastern Spain

By Benjamin Welles

ALFAZ DEL PI, Spain (NYT). —Signs daubed crudely on the rocks of this village proclaim "El-Robo del Siglo"—"the robbery of the century." They are not touting a coming movie; they express local dismay over the Autopista, a toll expressway that Spanish government concessionaires are pushing along the entire Mediterranean coast through rich almond and orange groves.

In three years, when the links are finally joined, foreign tourists will be able to speed from the French border past Barcelona and Valencia to Alicante, 25 miles south of here, in the heart of fine beach resorts—440 miles in seven hours.

To the 30 million tourists who visit Spain each summer it will be progress, but it seems like desecration for the coastal people whose ancient homes and lands are being ripped up by American-built equipment.

Continuous Roar

Starting at 8 a.m. daily except Sunday, the grinding, whining screech of metal recalls an armored attack in World War II. The earth shudders, century-old houses tremble, dust seeps into food, furniture and nostrils. The roaring continues past midnight under floodlights powered by generators.

"Can't you protest?" a puzzled foreigner asks. "When do you sleep?"

Francisco Baldó, a peasant, shrugs. "They" can do what they want, he says; the police merely look the other way.

"I do not like it," said Cosme Such, another farmer, whose almond terraces are scarred by the great red-dirt gash that stretches along the coast as far as one can see. "We need a new road, perhaps. The coast road is too crowded. But it is our land they are taking, and only the foreigners will benefit."

Mr. Such jumped ship in Hoboken before World War I and worked as a laborer on the Pennsylvania and Erie Railroads. He came back here with his savings and married his childhood sweetheart. They have lived for half a century in their spotless home with their almonds, their goats, their mule, their chickens and the inevitable cats. They have saved and they have prospered.

Shake Their Heads

Asked how they feel about the road, like other local people, they avert their eyes and shake their heads. It will not be "progress" for them.

The tourist boom has transformed this Mediterranean coast in the last 15 years, and not entirely for the better. Those in the service trades—shopkeepers, builders, real-estate brokers, restaurateurs and bar owners—have prospered. For many people, the concomitant rise in prices has brought hardship, and there have been other adverse effects.

In the late 1950s, Benidorm, eight miles away on the coast, was a fishing village boasting one not very modern hotel. Now Benidorm's superb beaches are ringed with gleaming hotels that, in some cases, are 30 stories high. But water is still short during the peak midsummer season.

With its discotheques, bars, gaudy nightclubs and restaurants, bowling alleys, "olde English tea shoppes" and other lures for throngs of Britons, Germans, Scandinavians, Belgians and other visitors, Benidorm may be "in" Spain, but it no longer seems to be "of" Spain. A mix of Miami and Las Vegas, it is a monument to unbridled exploitation.

Old Spain Lingers

In the early morning, nonetheless, one can still see housewives in black brushing the sidewalks and gossiping animatedly. The taximan still cuts hair when not driving. In the bar near the white village church, there is talk of the recent drop in almond prices—from 44 cents a pound last year to 24 cents this year—and of how fruit flies are endangering the rich orange crop; politics is little discussed.

Back in the foothills, old Spain lingers on, though not without modern touches.

In Altea la Vieja, near here, there is a tiny bar where the locals gather in the evening and where the owner will serve a superb meal of fresh salad, onions, tomatoes and tuna, a Spanish omelet, veal chops, the local red wine and a sweet or cheese for about a dollar a person—but the diner must give him advance notice.

The men catch the eyes of passing foreigners with a courteous nod or smile. Confident, bronzed, they give the appearance of having surmounted years of struggle. Forty years ago this area was politically radical, even violently leftist. Today there is an almost unmistakable air of conservatism.

For the first time in Spain's history the peasant, the local artisan and the small merchant have much to conserve.

Swede Says He Has Perpetual-Motion Theory

STOCKHOLM, April 7 (Reuters).—A Swedish scientist has revived a centuries-old controversy with claims that he has discovered the theoretical basis for a perpetual-motion machine.

Most scientists dismiss the notion of such a device as contravening fundamental laws of thermodynamics, but the claim of 71-year-old P. Baltzar von Platen has created much excitement in scientific circles here.

Prof. von Platen is regarded in Sweden as the inventor of the modern refrigerator and the first person to produce synthetic diamonds.

His perpetual-motion theories involve the production of energy through a complex process involving air, water, ammonia and salt in an apparatus rotating at very high speed, but scientific sources said the system was difficult to explain in layman's language.

Prof. von Platen has said in newspaper interviews that, unless his ideas are invalidated by some natural law, the energy could be harnessed to run cars, heat homes or power aircraft.

Filing for Patent

He is expected to file a patent application soon. The secretary of the Royal Academy of Science, Prof. Sam Nilsson, said he had gone through the 50 pages of documents on the theory and could find no basic flaw.

He added that the theory alone put Prof. von Platen in a class with Thomas Edison, who perfected the electric light bulb, and Marconi, who developed the modern radio.

But other scientists were skeptical. A foreign physicist said the theory ran counter to all known laws. "There is only a limited amount of energy around; if you use energy up and don't replace it, you run out," he said.

The physicist was asked if it were possible that Prof. von Platen had hit upon an entirely new law of thermodynamics that could explain his ideas.

"Look," he replied, "every day there are millions of processes going on and they all obey the laws as we know them."

At the heart of Prof. von Platen's idea is a spontaneous heating process that is continuous. It is started by the air-water-ammonia process in the centrifuge. As it spins faster and faster, the pressure at the extremities increases to 1,000 times that of the atmosphere—generating heat that could be used to drive a turbine.

Practical Uses

Sven Brohult, director of the National Academy of Engineering Sciences, said that, even if the theory were only partly correct, the practical applications could be enormous.

The inventor himself believes that car engines using the principle could be mass produced for about $400 each and that the device could reduce dependence on gasoline by 50 per cent.

Prof. von Platen said any eventual patent would not be for sale to any individual company, but he was prepared to make a deal with the government.

He estimated the cost of constructing and testing a working model from his theories at about 40 million kronor ($9.6 million) and said he had already received an offer of backing from an Arab oil nation which he declined to name.

He said he believed it could be shown within a year whether such a device was practical.

Saudi Prisoners Freed in Amnesty

AMMAN, April 7 (UPI).—The Saudi Arabian government today carried out King Khaled's orders to release all political prisoners, Riyadh radio said.

Quoting a statement by Minister of State for Internal Affairs Prince Nayef Ibn Abdel Aziz, the radio said 62 political prisoners and detainees were released at the King's orders.

A royal decree yesterday ordered "the release of all persons detained and convicted on political charges, pardoned those who had taken refuge abroad and invited them to return to their homeland in order to serve the country and contribute to its prosperity."

Albino Bear in Pamirs

MOSCOW, April 7 (UPI).—Wildlife officials spoted an albino bear in the Pamir Mountains of Tadjikistan, Tass said today.

Iran Center for Management Studies

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THE CENTER

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On Human Contacts Issues

Advance Noted in European Security Talks

By Flora Lewis

GENEVA (NYT).—The European Security Conference here is reaching its final phase after nearly 2 1/2 years of negotiation. The shape is emerging of what the West is probably going to get in the way of improving East-West human contacts in return for its endorsement of the territorial status quo created in the wake of World War II.

Diplomats call the section of the document they are preparing on human contacts the "third basket." "Basket one" is the Soviet Union's major interest, providing an international ratification of existing European borders in the absence of a German peace treaty. From the start of the 35-nation conference, the West has been seeking to fill up basket three.

Basket two concerns economic and environmental cooperation.

Some important segments remain in dispute, but Western diplomats say basket three is now "about 80 per cent agreed."

Agreements "provisionally registered" include plans for reuniting families, allowing East-West family visits and marriages, and distribution and availability of publications.

Both the specific points and the careful language already make it clear that the outcome is going to be a far cry from the guarantee of "free movement of people and ideas" which was the West's original goal. Nonetheless, Western negotiators say they feel they are obtaining Soviet commitments on points that would have seemed quite impossible a few years ago.

"The families provision goes further than any existing formal state-to-state agreement," a Western diplomat said. That does not, of course, include the informal U.S.-Soviet understandings on Jewish emigration.

On reuniting families, the text says countries are to "deal in a positive and humanitarian spirit" with requests, giving special attention to urgent cases such as "persons who are ill or old."

It stipulates that the fees involved are to be set "at a moderate level," that persons whose applications are granted can take or ship "their household and personal effects," and that a reunification request "will not modify the rights and obligations of the applicant or of members of his family."

On family visits, there is still a dispute over whether signatories will have to "allow" or just "favorably consider" applications.

On marriage, the countries pledge to "examine favorably and on the basis of humanitarian considerations" requests to enter or leave in order to "marry a citizen from another participating state." For persons who are already married, the rules for family reunification will apply if they want to move themselves and their children from the country of one spouse to that of the other.

On publications, "agreements and contracts" are to be encouraged "designed gradually to increase the quantities and the number of titles of newspapers and publications imported . . ." Distribution is to be assured through "normal channels."

Visas for Newsmen

On journalists, the countries express that they "intend" to examine journalists' visa requests "in a favorable spirit and within a suitable and reasonable time scale" and to give permanently accredited correspondents "multiple entry and exit visas for specified periods."

Other provisions for journalists remain sharply disputed. These include the same privileges for technicians such as television crews, assured communications, access to sources and the right to an explanation of an expulsion order and to appeal.

"I suppose you can call it pretty small potatoes," a Western diplomat said about the agreements. "It isn't going to make much difference to ordinary people, unless they come under the family provisions. But it's a first step, a beginning that perhaps can grow with time and experience.

"It's not so long ago that I'd never have imagined the Soviets willing even to discuss such issues at a diplomatic conference, let alone sign commitments."

The real significance of the promises, most agree, will only become evident when the time comes to put them into practice. They are, after all, essentially promises and there is no way they can be enforced. But they will put East-West arguments about these issues on a new basis.

Demirel Unveils His Program to Ankara Assembly

ANKARA, April 7 (AP).—Turkish Premier-designate Suleyman Demirel presented his government's program to parliament yesterday, promising political and economic stability at home and no changes in foreign policy.

Mr. Demirel hopes to end Turkey's 6 1/2-month government crisis by winning a vote of confidence from the 450-seat National Assembly this week for his four-party coalition government. The coalition claims to have a slim majority in the assembly with the support of independent deputies.

However, shifts by several deputies, expected to continue until the day of balloting, have left the result of the confidence vote uncertain.

Mr. Demirel's program endorsed the stand of the Ford administration in opposing a Congress-imposed suspension of U.S. arms deliveries to Turkey. It said that if the suspension were not ended, "Turkey would take the necessary measures in its bilateral defense relations with the United States."

Since Premier Bulent Ecevit resigned on Sept. 18, Turkey has been governed by caretaker administrations.

Turkey Protests Troops on Isles

ANKARA, April 7 (Reuters).—Turkey has protested to some Western powers, including Britain, that Greece is moving large numbers of troops and heavy military equipment to the Dodecanese Islands off the Turkish coast, informed sources here said today.

Britain is one of the signatories of the 1923 Lausanne accord and the 1947 Paris agreement demilitarizing the islands, the sources said.

Violation Charged

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., April 7 (Reuters).—Greece formally charged Turkey today with having violated Greek air space in "an incident of the utmost gravity" Thursday.

Provisional IRA Announces It Will Continue Cease-Fire

DUBLIN, April 7 (UPI).—The Provisional wing of the Irish Republican Army announced today that it was not calling off its nine-week-old cease-fire in Northern Ireland.

But a statement issued by the outlawed guerrilla group said that new orders were going out to IRA units in the wake of a weekend of violence that has claimed 11 lives and left more than 80 persons injured in the Belfast area.

Operations of IRA units will be governed by the "level of violence and hostile activity by crown forces and sectarian forces," the statement said.

"If there is no such activity, there will be no operations other than against truce breakers," it added.

The statement was issued after a week of speculation that the Provisionals were about to end a truce they declared Feb 10 and resume their campaign of fighting to drive the British out of Northern Ireland.

Patrols Strengthened

Meanwhile, the British government strengthened police and troop patrols in Belfast today.

The move was announced after Merlyn Rees, British minister for Northern Ireland, met security chiefs to discuss a surge of killing equaled only by "bloody Friday" in July, 1972, when Irish Republican Army bombs killed 11 and wounded 130 persons.

In a statement issued after the meeting, Mr. Rees attributed the violence to a combination of feuds involving Roman Catholics and Protestants, which he condemned as "callous and irresponsible."

The statement said that police and army patrols were being increased in the streets dividing Protestant and Catholic neighborhoods. It also appealed to the public to expose those responsible for the shootings and bombings.

Earlier, a young Roman Catholic was killed on his way to work at Campbell's Mills, six miles north of Belfast. He was the 11th victim of violence that began Saturday.

The feuds involve members of the Protestant paramilitary Ulster Defense Association and the Ulster Volunteer Force.

On the Catholic side there has been a running battle between the Marxist Official wing of the IRA and the breakaway Irish Republican Socialist party. The Officials have observed a truce for almost three years. They believe that Irish unification can best be achieved through the collaboration of working-class Catholics and Protestants, a policy condemned by the Republican Socialists as cowardly.

Uganda Moving Troops to Border

KAMPALA, April 7 (Reuters).—Ugandan troops have been moved to the border with Tanzania and President Idi Amin has canceled a trip to Somalia, a military spokesman said today.

The spokesman said that the measure was ordered because of the presence of Tanzanian intelligence men who were posing as ranchers in the border area.

The spokesman also warned that as long as former Ugandan leader Milton Obote, who was ousted by Gen. Amin in January, 1971, and his guerrillas remained in Tanzania, Uganda would be on the alert.

Soviet Union To Make Own Chewing Gum

From Wire Dispatches

MOSCOW, April 7.—The Soviet Union is to start making its own chewing gum.

According to the newspaper Moskovskaya Pravda, a proposal to begin the first domestic production of chewing gum has been approved.

Planners hope for an ultimate output of more than 28,000 tons a year.

The Soviet press had long criticized chewing gum as harmful to the teeth. Periodically, there were campaigns against youngsters who besieged tourists for it.

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Prefect Suspended for Handling of Gunmen

A Potpourri of French Crime, Punishment

PARIS, April 7 (UPI).—Jacques Gandouin, prefect of France's Sarthe Department, has found that in dealing with two escaped convicts holding hostages he may have dealt himself out of his high-ranking job as chief administrator of the region. Many Frenchmen are incensed about his plight.

Police eventually captured the two escapees in Paris Saturday night after they had been at large for more than two days. During that time, the convicts robbed two post offices of 54,200 francs ($12,970) and led authorities on a chase that lasted 30 hours, in which they took a total of 10 hostages.

Despite the capture of the gunmen and the safe release of all 10 hostages, Mr. Gandouin's problems have just begun.

The Interior Ministry suspended him. A ministry aide cited "language inappropriate to that which is expected of a high official."

But Interior Minister Michel Poniatowski, in a news conference today, said that Mr. Gandouin's language was not the principal factor in his suspension. Rather, Mr. Poniatowski said, the prefect was faulted for allowing the two gunmen to elude police pursuit when they were given a car for flight in exchange for three of their four hostages. Mr. Poniatowski said that the prefect had had two duties—first, to save the hostages' lives and, second, to arrange the criminals' capture.

A Comparison

The minister cited as a more efficient performance the work of the prefect of the Loiret Department, who successfully arranged for police pursuit when the two gunmen were later trapped but were allowed to leave Montargis with another hostage.

A ministry spokesman also noted that the suspension of a prefect was not unusual, saying that 26 prefects have been the target of suspensions since June of last year, for work which Mr. Poniatowski considered "insufficient."

In Mr. Gandouin's case, the two gunmen had holed up in a farmhouse outside the village of Coulans-sur-Gée, where they took a couple and their two children hostage.

Mr. Gandouin negotiated there with the convicts, and the exchanges were partially broadcast on nationwide radio and television.

The gunmen, Bernard Gautier and Guy Coulin, both 27, demanded a ransom of 200,000 francs ($48,000), a car and two passports.

From his cover near the door of the house, Mr. Gandouin shouted: "OK, you can take the car, and the bread [money] and then get the hell out of here. We want the kids, but, even with the car, we'll get you. You hear me, you s- -ts?"

The gunmen—who had escaped from a prison in eastern France on Thursday—left the farmhouse with the farmer, who later eluded his captors when the car in which they were traveling crashed into a ditch near Montargis.

But at Montargis the convicts repeated the pattern of holing up with hostages, demanding a getaway car and driving off with one of the hostages after police provided them with a vehicle.

Mr. Gandouin, who is the author of a book on the polite usage of language, defended the terminology he used with the gunmen, saying it was the only kind of talk they would understand. He said he was shocked by his suspension. "I had to save four persons," the prefect noted. "I saved three. I took the measures I thought best."

His office has received many messages of support from residents of the department. The farmer who accompanied the gunmen as a hostage voiced his gratitude to Mr. Gandouin for winning the release of his wife and two children.



AP.

Jacques Gandouin



AP.

Michel Poniatowski

The Interior Ministry said that Mr. Gandouin's suspension would be the subject of its next departmental meeting on Wednesday.

U.S. Strip-Mine Protest

WISE, Va., April 7 (UPI).—A convoy of about 400 coal trucks moved out of the mountains of southwest Virginia today on the way to Washington, where miners planned to protest pending strip-mining legislation. They say it would force the shutdown of mines and leave thousands of persons out of work.

Ford Picks Hathaway As Interior Secretary

SAN FRANCISCO, April 7 (AP).—President Ford has announced his intention to nominate Stanley Hathaway, former governor of Wyoming, as secretary of the interior.

If confirmed by the Senate, Mr. Hathaway will succeed Rogers Morton, whom the President is nominating as secretary of commerce. Mr. Hathaway served as governor of Wyoming from 1967 until January.

U.S. Attorney General Urges Limited Curbs on Handguns

By Ronald J. Ostrow

WASHINGTON, April 7.—Attorney General Edward Levi called yesterday for banning the possession of handguns outside homes or businesses in high-crime areas. The proposal reverses a six-year administration stand against tougher gun controls.

Mr. Levi also would prohibit the selling or transferring of handguns and ammunition in high-crime areas, as well as importing them there.

Saying that "the handgun has become the denominator of much of the violence that besets us," Mr. Levi told a conference of police officials on narcotics here that state, local and federal laws have proven to be ineffective.

Mr. Levi's detailed proposal is likely to increase the prospects for the adoption of gun-control legislation in the current session of Congress. The chances for enactment of such legislation appear better than they have for several years.

The attorney general's suggestion seemed to go further than President Ford's stance on gun control. In an interview on March 23, Mr. Ford said that the only proposal "that looks at all like the right one" would ban so-called "Saturday night specials"—cheap handguns used commonly in violent crimes.

Administration sources said Mr. Levi's speech had been "run through" the White House.

Based on Local Rate

His proposal called for the handgun ban to go into force when local violent crime rates became "significantly higher" than the national average or when a high local rate had increased over a one-year period.

Such a regional mechanism, Mr. Levi said, "strikes only in places where the need for handgun control has been clearly demonstrated by a critical level of violence." He noted that the mechanism could be adjusted so that, for example, it would cover only metropolitan areas with core cities that have populations exceeding 250,000. In this case, 27 such areas would be affected.

"The point here, though, is the broad idea and not the technical details," Mr. Levi said.

In the covered areas, a handgun owner "would be required to obtain a special permit of extremely limited duration if he wanted to transport his weapon outside his home or business for a legitimate reason," Mr. Levi told his law-enforcement audience.

Handguns could be used at target-shooting clubs if they were stored in secure arsenals there, he said.

To be effective, the ban would have to be imposed "for a period of years once crime in a metropolitan area reached critical levels." If the law switched on and off with slight changes in the crime rate, "we believe that the important deterrent effect which stems from the certainty of its enforcement would be lost."

Penalty Structure

Mr. Levi said the law could operate with a three-part penalty structure. First-time violators could be subject to "a high civil penalty plus confiscation of the weapon."

The two-time violator could be subjected to "a short prison term," while a third offense or any violation of the law's gun-running provisions could result in "a stiff criminal penalty."

Mr. Levi cited estimates that more than 40 million handguns exist in the United States, with the number increasing each year by about 2.5 million.

"More than half the murders in America—perhaps 10,000 in 1973—are committed by persons using handguns," he said. "About one of every four aggravated assaults and one of every three robberies involve a handgun."

© Los Angeles Times.

Gallup Poll Gives Ford 2% Edge on Jackson for 1976

PRINCETON, N.J., April 7 (IHT).—Sen. Henry Jackson emerged as the strongest among three Democrats pitted against President Ford in the latest Gallup poll about contenders in next year's presidential election.

With respondents asked to single out one of the Democrats as Mr. Ford's opponent, the President surpassed Sen. Jackson of Washington by only 43 to 41 per cent in a head-to-head race. The President received 47 per cent to 41 per cent for Sen. Edmund Muskie of Maine and got 49 per cent to 39 per cent for Gov. George Wallace of Alabama.

President Ford received strong support among women. Without it, Mr. Ford would have trailed Sen. Jackson by a substantial margin and Gov. Wallace and Sen. Muskie would each have given the incumbent Republican a neck-and-neck battle.

Gallup Poll results since November show Sen. Jackson and Gov. Wallace closing in on Mr. Ford somewhat, while Sen. Muskie's support has declined slightly.

Sen. Muskie's strongest region is shown to be the East, where he leads Mr. Ford marginally. The President surpasses him elsewhere. Gov. Wallace wins handily over Mr. Ford in the South but trails him elsewhere. Sen. Jackson leads the Republican in the West by a sizable margin while Mr. Ford holds a comparable edge in the Midwest and the two are about even in the East and South.

Computer Is Used by U.S. Dentists To Avert Wisdom-Tooth Problems

LOS ANGELES, April 7 (AP).—Children may be spared some future dental problems by a new five-minute operation to remove wisdom-tooth buds spotted by a computer forecasting system, said a dental school student at the University of California at Los Angeles who helped develop the process.

The computer system allows dentists to predict the size and shape of a child's jaw by maturity so that they can determine if the wisdom teeth will have sufficient space in which to grow, Patrick Turley said.

Mr. Turley presented the new forecasting technique last weekend to a meeting of the American Association for Dental Research.

The determination of the likelihood of future trouble is made by an X-ray of the child's entire head, from which 5 measurements are made and fed into a computer. The computer predicts how the child's jaw will look at maturity and the dentist then knows whether to remove the wisdom-tooth buds. A number of dentists currently decide on whether to remove teeth by using X-rays and measurements but without a computer.

Mr. Turley's work is based partly on earlier studies by Dr. Robert Ricketts, a professor of orthodontics at Loma Linda University. Dr. Ricketts said that removing the teeth when the child is 8 or 9 prevents disturbances of other teeth by crowding.

At that age, the third molars—also known as wisdom teeth—then are mere buds which have not taken root in the jawbone and can be removed by a simple, small incision along the gum line, he said.

Connally's Attorney Attacks Chief Accuser's Credibility

WASHINGTON, April 7 (AP).—The lawyer for John Connally attempted today to characterise the former Treasury secretary's chief accuser as an embezzler and liar who once offered to incriminate former President Lyndon Johnson in order to escape a fraud investigation.

"Do you deny that you offered to give evidence to the Department of Justice against the former president who you had worked for?" the witness, Jake Jacobsen, was asked.

"Yes, sir, I deny that," said Mr. Jacobsen, who insists that Mr. Connally took $10,000 in illegal gifts for influencing a 1971 milk-support price decision.

Edward Bennett Williams, in the first major cross-examination at Mr. Connally's trial, attacked Mr. Jacobsen's credibility through prolonged readings from sworn testimony, in which Mr. Jacobsen said he had not given Mr. Connally a payoff.

Mr. Williams's question about Mr. Johnson, whom Mr. Jacobsen had served as legislative counsel in the White House for two years, followed a series of questions about a fraud investigation made by the Department of Justice in 1972. Details of the case involving Mr. Johnson were not disclosed.

He asked Mr. Jacobsen whether the Federal Home Loan Bank Board had recommended that he be investigated in a series of bank transactions unrelated to the milk-price-support decision.

"I didn't know they'd made such an investigation," Mr. Jacobsen said. Mr. Williams then elicited from Mr. Jacobsen that he had been questioned by Department of Justice in about kickbacks on loans f Texas savings and loan insti tions.

A case mentioned by Mr. W liams involved $175,345 from E ert Taft of Fort Worth—proc of a loan of more than $1 mill

"I don't understand what yo talking about," Mr. Jacobsen sisted.

Mr. Connally's lawyer t asked about an investigation whether Mr. Jacobsen had ta $97,000 worth of stock in a l transaction.

"I don't know," Mr. Jacob said.

Mr. Jacobsen pleaded gu last year to a charge of pay Mr. Connally an illegal gratu In return, the government dr ped seven felony counts of fr in a San Angelo, Texas, savir and-loan case.

Mr. Williams read extensiv from testimony that Mr. Jac sen had given under oath to Watergate grand jury and to Senate Watergate committee.

In a grand-jury appearance Nov. 2, 1973, Mr. Jacobsen asked what he did with $10,000 that he had been gi by Associated Milk Produc Inc., for Mr. Connally's use.

"I kept it," Mr. Jacobsen said. "It is in my safe-depo box."

On direct examination Frid Mr. Jacobsen testified that he h clung to that story until finally decided to tell abo making the payoff to Mr. Co nally.

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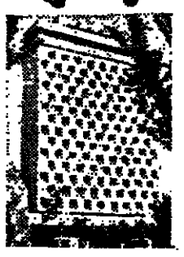
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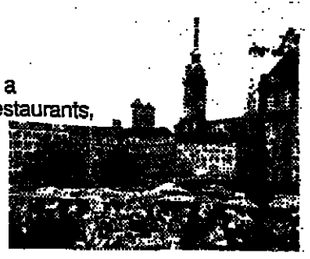
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Degradation Of Vitamin C Held Perilous

PHILADELPHIA, April 7 (A —Vitamin C tablets kept in kitchen or bathroom for a y degrade into harmful substan a biochemist told the Ameri Chemical Society today.

"Vitamin C is stable in pure state, when kept away fr moisture and oxygen," the searcher said. "However, once container has been opened a is used frequently, degradat sets in."

When exposed to air moisture for a year, the pote of vitamin C is halved and vitamin breaks down into seve chemical compounds, some s pected of forming kidney ston he said.

The report was given by I.J. Wilk, a biochemist at University of the Pacific, at 169th national meeting of chemical society.

"There is no question that ma sive doses of commercial vit min C tablets could be hazar ous," Dr. Wilk said.

"Most people keep a big bot of vitamin C tablets in the bat room or the kitchen for a ye or more. There the levels humidity and temperature high and the degradation of t vitamin is rapid."

Pauling Endorsement

Vitamin C has been recom mended for the common cold Dr. Linus Pauling, a Nobel Pri winner.

Dr. Wilk said that he analyz commercial vitamin C tabl with a potency of 100 milligram Vitamin C—ascorbic acid—mak up only a fourth of the tablet which weighed 400 milligram The remaining 300 milligrams i volved filler—a combination sugar, lactose, starch, dextrin, ta and magnesium stearate.

In the process of degrading, D Wilk said, vitamin C breaks dow into two sugar compounds. Wh these by-products and the sug in the filler, Dr. Wilk warne diabetics should not take lar quantities of vitamin C.

The ascorbic acid final degrades into a toxic substan called oxalic acid, something tha is thought to cause urinary infec tions and to accelerate the forma tion of kidney stones, Dr. Wil said.

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olby Urges ress to Keep Good Secrets'

IA Must Protect s Sources, He Says

From Wire Dispatches

NEW ORLEANS, April 7.—CIA ector William Colby said toy that the press had a responlity to protect the governnt's intelligence operations.

In a speech to the annual eting of the Associated Press re, Mr. Colby said: "Our intelence agency today and its serto our country are being jeoardized by its status as the nan's No. 1 sensational lead."

Mr. Colby told the assembled itors that the responsibility sts especially with you, with ur enormous power and freem under our Constitution to oose which subjects to call to blic attention and which ones ignore."

He urged the group to "conler carefully whether CIA uld really be the sensational d in any story in which it is ntioned even incidentally, and reby fan the fires of excitent about CIA and inevitably ecure the real nature of modern elligence and its contribution our country.

"I do not ask that 'bad secrets' suppressed," he continued. "In ct, I have exposed some of our ssteps in the past. I also beve that 'nonsecrets' should be posed. But I do make a plea at 'good secrets' be respected in e interests not of intelligence t of our nation."

Mr. Colby did not define what meant by "good secrets." His rds implied that "bad secrets" volved agency errors or misps and that "nonsecrets" were ts known to newsmen that ght be kept secret by a comant press.

"I do not ask that the healthy versary relationship between e press and government, and r government's intelligence ucture, should be abandoned," r. Colby said. "I only ask that Americans protect our nation's rces in the same way that a rnalist protects his."

Lawyers See CIA Threat

NEW YORK, April 7 (AP).—e New York City Bar Associaon says the CIA has committed learly unlawful" activities both home and abroad.

The lawyers warned that the ency's domestic activities posed serious threat to First Amendnt freedoms.

At a Senate hearing on Jan. 15, Colby admitted that CIA ratives had infiltrated antir and dissident domestic ups as part of a counterintelence program that resulted in e accumulation of dossiers on at st 10,000 American citizens.

This is unlawful, the associan found after examining the 47 National Security Act, which tablished the CIA.

. E. Bergmann, sraeli Scientist, s Dead at 71

JERUSALEM, April 7 (AP).—vid E. Bergmann, 71, one of ael's leading scientists and a mer chairman of the Israeli mic Energy Commission, died terday.

t his death, Mr. Bergmann, organic chemist, was vicesident of the Hebrew Unisity of Jerusalem. He had led Atomic Energy Commission seven yeas, from 1954 to 1960. born in Karlsruhe, Germany, immigrated to Palestine in 4 after teaching at Berlin iversity for eight years.

Krsto Hegedusic

AGREB, Yugoslavia, April 7 PI).—Krsto Hegedusic, 74, one the founders of Yugoslavia's ool of Naive Painters, died ay. His works have been exited in many European couns and North and South Amer-



Keystone

STREETCAR CAMPAIGN—Portuguese students display political banners from Lisbon tram during campaign for election of a national constituent assembly on April 25.

Pioneer Collective Farm in Portugal

By Stephens Broening

SANTIAGO DO CACEM, Portugal, April 7 (AP).—The people who used to work Henrique Barreira's cork plantation for $1 a day have taken it away from him and are running it themselves as Portugal's first collective farm.

Hunger and the Communist party pushed them into a kind of self-made agrarian reform here in the Alentejo region, where the patterns of life had not changed much since the Middle Ages.

Women who used to hate field work sing on the job now.

"With what we were paid in the old days, we could hardly live," the farm chief, Manuel Joaquim Zurrinho, 42, said.

He said that he and the 119 other persons working the Red Star collective farm will each net the equivalent of about $90 a week when the cork, rice, tomatoes and wheat are all sold. In the Alentejo, this jump in income is roughly equivalent to having the winning lottery ticket.

The way the collective is organized, all members—from Mr. Zurrinho to the women clearing an irrigation ditch—get the same wages, based on units of an eight-hour workday. Until the end of the year, when the workdays are counted up, members can borrow from a farm fund.

Outside Help

The cooperative has the government's blessing, a loan from the Agrarian Institute, technical help from the Romanians, East Germans and Russians and 5,231 acres of the region's best farmland.

Mr. Zurrinho's son Jose, 23, estimated that the income from the cork alone will be $400,000 a year. In addition, they are planting rice, tomatoes, potatoes, wheat and vineyards where before there was only dense underbrush good for hiding rabbits that were hunted twice a year by former President Americo Tomas.

Unlike most properties in the arid Alentejo, Red Star is irrigated, considerably raising its value. Jose Zurrinho said that the farm is probably worth millions of dollars.

"But Barreira is so rich he won't even miss it. He has 28 other farms almost as good," he said.

Efforts to reach Mr. Barreira in Lisbon by telephone produced a statement from his secretary that "Senhor Barreira has nothing to declare."

The experiment at Red Star has significant implications for future agricultural reform in a country with a long growing season and a shortage of farm output.

The Communist party, strongly implanted in the Alentejo, claims that big landowners like Mr. Barreira are not putting their farms to the best use. The party says that land ownership by "the people who work it" is a program that not only will reduce unemployment but also will help make Portugal agriculturally self-sufficient. Most properties in the region are like Mr. Barreira's.

The men who took over the plantation on Feb. 17 and got the government to nationalize it a week later say that the land was overgrown with weeds and they found nine cows and 20 calves that had starved.

Part of the work force is now removing underbrush among the hundreds of thousands of cork trees to sow wheat and forage for a planned herd of 3,500 cattle. "Within three years we will be exporting beef," Mr. Zurrinho forecast.

The younger Zurrinho said that there are no political qualifications for membership in the collective, but many in the work brigades wore Communist party badges, and Mr. Zurrinho's deputy on the administrative committee, a lawyer, is the Communist candidate for Santiago do Cacem in the April 25 elections.

Egyptian Gets Damages for Torture in Jail

By Henry Tanner

CAIRO, April 7 (NYT).—An Egyptian court has ruled that Gen. Mohammed Abdel Ghany Gamasy, in his position as minister of war, must pay the equivalent of $75,000 in damages to an Egyptian who was tortured in a military prison during the rule of President Gamal Abdel Nasser, Cairo newspapers have reported.

In the first verdict of its type known here, the court suggested that four former ministers of justice be tried on charges of having condoned torture and the degradation of Egyptian justice under President Nasser in the late 1960s, the papers said.

The court also asked President Anwar Sadat to order the demolition of the Cairo military prison as a monument to the humiliation of the Egyptian people. The tortures took place at this prison, according to the court.

Political Importance

The publication of the ruling by the government-controlled press was regarded as of more political importance than the ruling itself.

It is believed that by permitting —or ordering—the publication of the verdict, the Sadat government was giving a signal that it intended to continue the political liberalization that has been one of the main themes of its domestic policies.

There have been some fears that political liberalization might give way to a tougher line internally as a result of mounting tension in the area following the failure of Secretary of State Henry Kissinger's recent mediation efforts.

Egyptian newspapers, although freer than in the past, would not be able to print a news report of this kind without permission. Censorship has been abolished for foreign correspondents except on military matters, but the local papers, radio and television remain subject to close government guidance.

The beneficiary of the court ruling was Ali Greisha, who said he was tortured in the military prison in 1965 and 1966 before being sentenced to 12 years at hard labor for "anti-government activities."

Mr. Greisha was ordered released by President Sadat in 1970, shortly after Mr. Nasser's death, and he returned to his post on the State Council, Egypt's highest administrative tribunal. He had held the same post before his arrest.

In its appeal for the razing of the military prison, the court said that, unless it were razed, the building would continue to evoke "sad and hateful memories."

Uranium Plant Put Into Service In South Africa

CAPE TOWN, April 7 (Reuters).—South Africa's pilot plant for uranium enrichment has gone into operation, Prim Minister John Vorster told Parliament today.

Uranium enrichment is an important process in the production of fuel for nuclear power stations. South Africa has major deposits of uranium but exports it only in its nonenriched form.

Mr. Vorster said the success of the pilot plant at Palindaba, near Pretoria, "enables us to proceed with confidence with the erection of a large-scale plant with a view to the marketing of a large portion of our uranium supplies in enriched form for commercial purposes."

The country's first nuclear power station is being built near Cape Town at an estimated cost of 1 billion rand (about $1.5 billion) and is expected to start producing power by 1982.

Mr. Vorster said the pilot enrichment plant began operating on Saturday, a few weeks ahead of schedule.

French Destroy Wine Shipped From Italy

BORDEAUX, April 7 (Reuters).—Five carloads of Italian wine were emptied on the railroad tracks by angry wine producers at Sainte-Foy-la-Grande near here yesterday.

The town was the scene of a similar protest Friday when 100,000 liters (22,000 gallons) were spilled. Yesterday's demonstration was the latest by French producers against imports of cheap foreign wine.

U.S., Athens Hold New Bases Talks

ATHENS, April 7 (UPI).—Greek and American officials today opened the second phase of talks on the status of U.S. bases in Greece, an American spokesman said. A preliminary phase was held in February. The new round may last longer than a week, a U.S. spokesman said.

Greece decided to review the bases' status after withdrawing from the NATO military structure last August following Turkey's invasion of Cyprus. Greece said that it intended to abolish U.S. bases not directly serving Greek defense interests.

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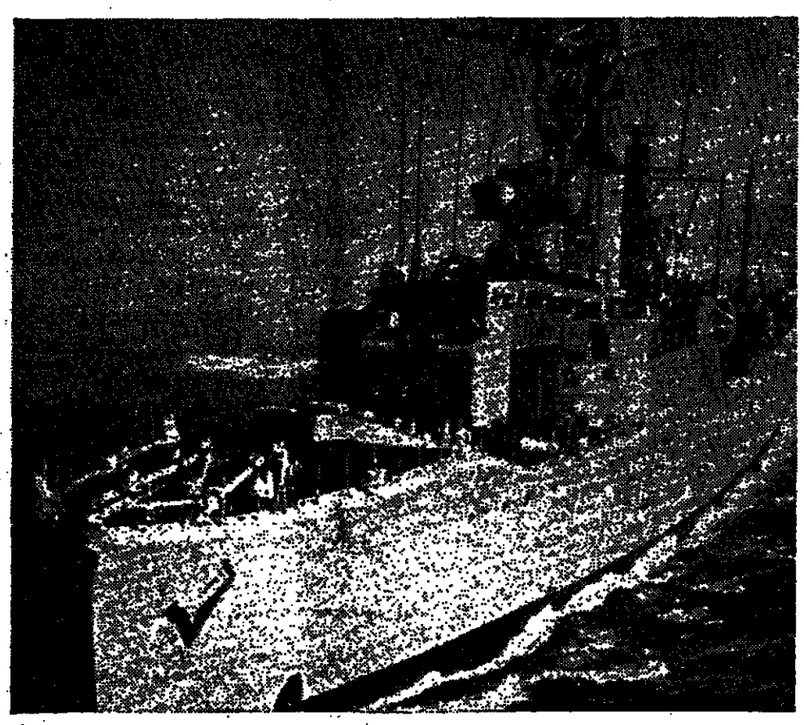
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Could an organisation like NATO have a base in Simonstown, South Africa?



The North Atlantic Treaty Organisation is the keeper of peace on behalf of the Western World, in the Northern Hemisphere.

But what about Western interests in the South?

Every month, an average of 2 270 ships pass the Cape of Good Hope. In addition to other vital supplies, they carry 20 million tons of oil—of which 90% is destined for Europe.

Since the closure of the Suez Canal, the number of ships passing the Southern tip of Africa has more than trebled.

Even with the canal reopened, its future is uncertain, and its use in this day of supertankers, limited.

Simonstown, near Cape Town, is the only adequately equipped naval base in the Southern Hemisphere between South America and Australia.

It has a highly sophisticated communications surveillance system covering an area with a radius of 5 000 sea miles.

In this way we are contributing to the protection of the vital Southern sea lanes.

But should we alone be responsible?

Further information about South Africa can be obtained from: The Director of Information, South African Embassy, South Africa House, Trafalgar Square, LONDON. WC2N 5DP.

Music in London: *Perry Como*

And Art of Disguising Art

By Henry Pleasants

ONDON, April 7 (IHT).—Perry Como's program for a packed house at Royal Festival Hall Saturday night was a memorable vindica- of the old adage that art is that which disguises art. Como sings well that few notice how well he sings.

It all seems so easy, so natural, so inevitable. And yet there it all 'or anyone who stops to think of such things: a lovely Italian itone with a close to two-octave range, a flawlessly even scale from to bottom, a masterly use of half-voice and head-voice, phrasing once fastidious and eloquent, shrewd exploitation of tempo rubato, immaculate, unobtrusive enunciation.

And all of this knowingly applied to a wide variety of material, terms both of type and time. He sang the old favorites, of course, itch a Falling Star," "I've Got You Under My Skin," "Without a g" and so on. But he sang newer songs with the same stylistic rity, notably Kris Kristofferson's "For the Good Times," Jim bb's "If," the Bacharach-David "Magic Moments" and, inevitably, s Impossible." No wonder that he alone among the singers of his eration is still riding high in the record charts.

He will be 63 next month. He has been singing for more than years. But a voice that has never been abused betrays no more lence of the passage of time and the exactions of hard work than s his person. He joked a lot about his age with an audience that w perfectly well how old he is. He can afford to.

He is, in fact, singing better than ever. The langourous quality t made him, as a contemporary of Bing Crosby and Frank Sinatra, ss exciting, if hardly a less pleasing, singer than they, has given to a new intensity especially telling in the newer songs. He can make an appealing show of not taking himself or a song too seriy, but then suddenly, with such a song as "For the Good Times," If," he is serious in spite of himself, and a very moving singer.

As coincidence would have it, while Como was repeating his gram at the Palladium last night, BBC-TV was showing a program singing teachers. They could have learned something from him.

INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post
Page 6— Tuesday, April 8, 1975

The Uprooted

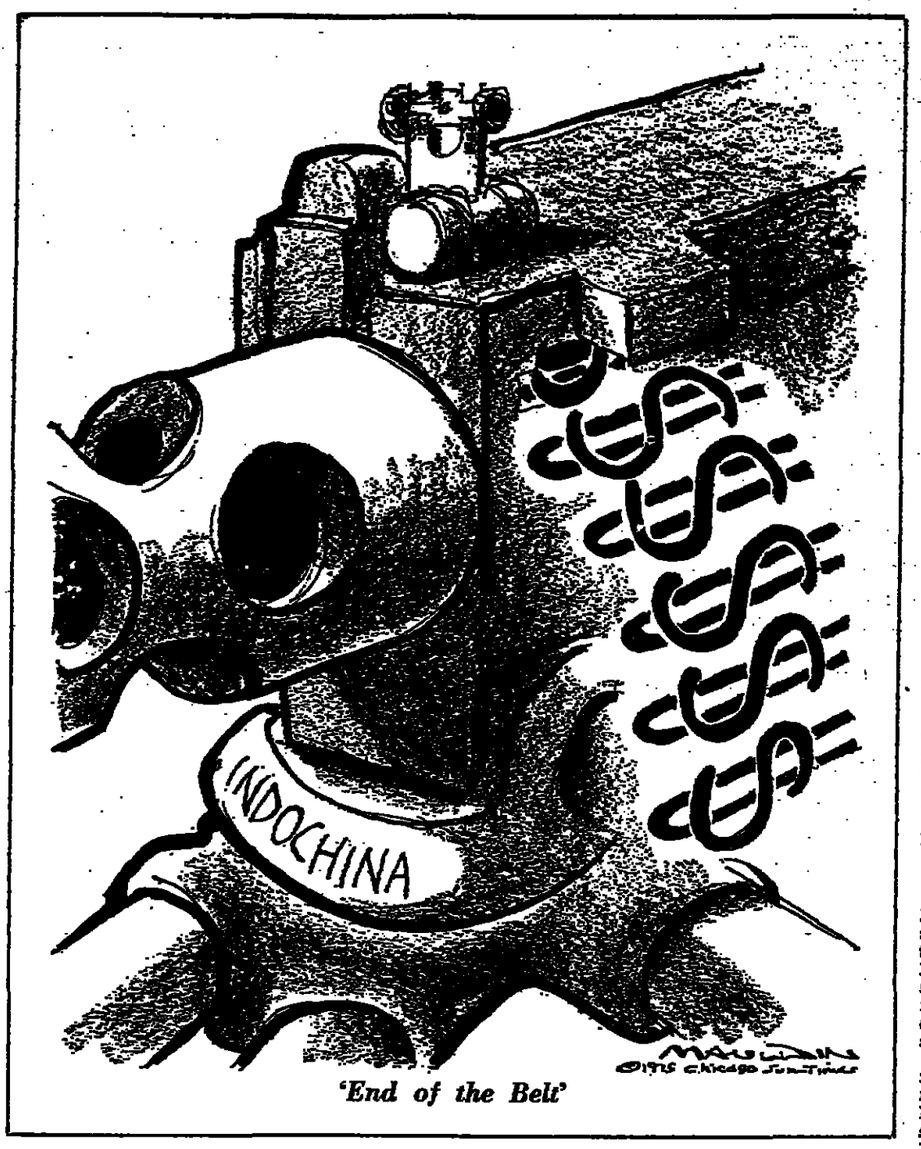
The world has seen the troubled faces and heard the cries of the little children airlifted from South Vietnam to new parents and new places. The impact has been profound; the conclusions drawn from the sights and sounds of these uprooted orphans complex. Now there will be at least a pause in the "childlift," as Saigon suspends its visas, but many effects will remain.

There have been charges in Saigon that the flight of the children was promoted for propaganda purposes, to awaken American sympathy for South Vietnam's plight. Some engaged in the project may have had that in mind, but it was certainly not the basic motive for it. The shriller protests from Hanoi can be dismissed out of hand; the children did bring home, in a very literal sense, something of the tragedy that has encompassed so many fleeing South Vietnamese, but to say, as the North Vietnamese Premier said, that it is a "criminal action," intended (in the words of the Hanoi paper Nhan Dan) to "make people throughout the world believe that many Vietnamese are anti-Communist" is a sordid form of nonsense. The bodies lifted from crowded barges, to say nothing of the long war itself, prove that.

There are more serious objections to the enormous shift of children from their homeland. There is the safety factor, for one thing; last Friday's crash of a C-5A, fatal to some 200 children and adults, as well as the illness of many of the orphans and the difficulties of the long flights, raise serious questions. But then, the horror tales from Danang and the voyages down the coast make the risks of transportation across the Pacific seem far less.

More important may be the issue of the actual deracination of the children, taking them from their native culture to one quite different, where even their names will be changed. The British Minister for Overseas Development, Judith Hart, has said that the "extended family system" of Southeast Asia indicates that sending a child back to a village would be best for it, but that also begs many questions at this time when so many villages have been destroyed and their families dispersed, and South Vietnam is in crisis. Americans have argued that the emotional appeal of adoption (which is mixed with pangs of conscience) has induced a number of families in the United States to take on responsibilities which they are not equipped to handle. But again, the risks of such errors are relative when compared with those the children face in the terrible confusion of their homeland.

The "childlift" is not an ideal solution. For one thing, it affects very few of the many, many thousands affected by the catastrophic turn of the war. But it does dramatize the plight of all those involved. That this will change American attitudes on further involvement in Southeast Asia is far from likely —rather it emphasizes the consequences of that involvement for the innocent, the youngest of the sufferers. And it also does, or at least should, point out the brutality of carrying politics to that final folly: war. Whoever may be responsible, to whatever degree, can look on those children's faces and ask that equally final and, if history is any measure, futile question: Why?



'End of the Belt'

Imbalance in Havana

Representatives of 17 Third World countries meeting in Havana recently indulged again in the kind of rhetorical excesses that so damaged UN credibility during the General Assembly last year and mock their claims to be "nonaligned" in world politics. The 17 nations constitute the steering committee for the Third World coalition of 70-odd nations; their "Havana declaration" was a first step in preparation for more mischief at the General Assembly next fall.

Working from a first draft conveniently furnished by their Cuban host, the delegates called for consideration of "broader" punitive actions against Israel, including sanctions and possible expulsion from the UN. Ignoring the huge North Vietnamese offensive, they accused the United States and South Vietnam of flagrantly violating the Paris pacts on Indochina.

They also blamed Washington for prolonging the Cambodian war, and for increasing air and naval forces off Indochina and in the Indian Ocean. They demanded withdrawal of American forces from South Korea as well as from Cuba's Guantanamo Bay.

The "Havana declaration" will be passed along to a higher-level ministerial meeting of all coalition members, scheduled for August in Peru. That session will prepare the final Third World position papers for the General Assembly. If the coalition governments have any desire to halt the erosion of the UN machinery and retain any credibility for their nonalignment claim, there will be much heavy editing and rewriting in Lima.

As is often the case with bodies such as the steering committee, the suspicion arises that some home governments were unaware of what their delegates were up to in Havana. Cuba's claim to nonalignment is, of course, a grim joke; and a double standard of behavior is to be expected from India. But it will be interesting to know how the draft declaration is being received by such even-handed leaders as Presidents Tolbert of Liberia, Senghor of Senegal and Mobutu of Zaire, all of whom had men presumably representing them in Havana.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

A New Star in Washington

It happened "molto presto." A few weeks ago, the world-renowned Soviet cellist Mstislav Rostropovich announced in Hamburg that he would not return to his homeland unless he were granted "unlimited artistic freedom" there. A few days ago, he announced in Philadelphia that henceforth he wanted most of all to be a conductor. And now he has been signed up as the next conductor-director of the National Symphony Orchestra in Washington. He begins his contract with the 1977-78 season.

Maestro Rostropovich conducted the National Symphony only once before he was asked to lead it. It was the cellist's conducting debut in the United States, and it says a lot about the triumph of his performance that the 48-year-old Russian was instantly offered a contract. It also says a good deal about a certain frenzy that has taken hold of concert music: there is developing an international star system with respect to the great performers of classical music that is comparable to the celebrity status bestowed upon the stars of popular music. Don't get us wrong. We are delighted to have this brilliant Russian musician leading our symphony, although we know nothing as yet about his program or how he will develop as his conducting expands. Perhaps, as David Lloyd Kreeger, president of the National Symphony Association, has said, he will indeed turn the National Symphony into one of the world's top two or three orchestras —although that takes more than a great conductor. If greatness is now in the realm of the thinkable—and it hardly was six years ago—it is due to the superb conductorship of Antal Dorati, who, in addition to conducting the London Royal Philharmonic Orchestra, has headed Washington's symphony since 1970. He has done wonders with it.

As we welcome Maestro Rostropovich, we also hope that Maestro Dorati, with his unlimited repertoire and his exceptionally solid musical direction, will continue to conduct the National Symphony as principal guest conductor for many years. We also hope that the symphony association will find ways to bring in gifted young Americans as co-conductors to give depth and continuity to the National Symphony as the great international stars jet hither and thither between famous podiums around the globe.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

International Opinion

Suez and U.S. Prestige

Even if the Suez Canal is reopened in June, the hopes placed by Western countries and Japan in a possible re-establishment of commercial shipping links along the traditional routes may be blighted if the ports and markets east of Suez come to be dominated by totalitarianism and the socialist form of economy. Trade alone will not suffice to restore a strategic balance which now seems to be slipping and which in the final analysis is dependent on determination and power. Yet the medium-sized countries whose security continues to depend on America's prestige, power and loyalty to its allies, do not seem to be doing much—apart from voicing cheap criticism—to help restore equilibrium.

—From the Neue Zuercher Zeitung (Zurich).

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

April 8, 1900

LONDON—Interest in the Queen's visit was as intense in Ireland yesterday as it was at the beginning of the week. The enthusiasm exhibited at the outset is not only fully maintained, but appears to grow in strength and volume everywhere. Dublin has certainly shown where it stands, one hears nothing but repeated expressions of loyalty. The Queen may pay a short visit to Belfast.

Fifty Years Ago

April 8, 1925

ROME—The opening of Pirandello's theater, the Teatro d'Arte, last night, was a brilliantly successful affair. It was attended by Mussolini and all the members of the Cabinet. Luigi Pirandello gave an emotional address in which he praised Mussolini for his initiative in patronizing and assisting this new art enterprise. Mussolini insisted on paying for his own ticket, as everyone else did.

هكذا من الأصل

Knocking Down the USIA

By Bruce Herschensohn

WASHINGTON—Men grow old, not gradually like the spilling of sand through an hourglass, but men grow old in inconsistent leaps after long stillnesses. Like watching a frog, there is no way to predict when the next jump will occur or how much distance the jump will cover.

There are a lot of old men in Washington this year. Last year the same men were young, but last year a lot of frogs started jumping and some of them took leaps that could have brought them from Pennsylvania Avenue to the other side of the Potomac. It was a good year for frogs and a bad year for men.

Among the White House, the CIA, the FBI and senior members of the Congress, no one is much the way we remember him just one year ago.

Gallows Up

The latest institution to have a gallows erected on its property is the U.S. Information Agency. Through motion pictures, television productions, radio shows, exhibits, books and pamphlets, citizens of other nations are given the means to see, hear and read about the soul and quality of the United States.

The USIA achieved its international credibility because of the four golden hours of its existence. The first golden hour occurred when President Eisenhower made it an independent agency, the second was when Edward R. Murrow became its director, the third was when Mr. Murrow brought in George Stevens jr., and the fourth was when Frank Shakespeare led the agency.

Though the heart of Mr. Murrow's and Mr. Shakespeare's administrations of the USIA were almost a decade apart, and though they had different philosophic views and partisanships, both men were artists and both also shared the dream that some day the conflict of ideas would be fought by the forces of creation rather than the forces of destruction.

The working code common to both men was not to bureaucratize the artist but to tell him the purpose of his project, to advise him and to leave him free to interpret the best of America, limited only by his own imagination. The results were creative achievements, by many artists, unparalleled by the rest of government, and for minuscule prices.

Metamorphosis

In less than a decade, the American form of propaganda made a metamorphosis much like an earlier metamorphosis of American music when George Gershwin brought "Rhapsody in Blue" to Aeolian Hall. They said he made a lady out of jazz. Behind the walls of 1776 Pennsylvania Avenue, Edward R. Murrow brought propaganda out of the back streets, and years later Frank Shakespeare made her into a lady.

But when things are good in a government agency, someone always forms a committee, and so at the suggestion of the Advisory Commission on International Education and Cultural Affairs and the President's Advisory Commission on Information, a new committee was financed by the Ford, Rockefeller and Ahmanson foundations along with the Lilly Endowment. Frank Stanton, former president of CBS, headed the new committee, which called itself the Panel on International Information, Education and Cultural Relations.

And so the committee put out its report with different-colored tabs pasted on three-holed bond paper in a black binder (which is the guaranteed government weapon to wipe out anything) and the report recommended that the USIA should be put under the State Department's protective, bureaucratic wings.

If the committee's recommendations are adopted, it is doubtful that future Murrows and Shakespeares will ever accept a position under the strangulation that the State Department is guaranteed to provide. It is equally far-fetched to imagine other creative talents of America knocking on the door of the State Department and accepting paltry sums of money for the experience of having their artistry vivisected in committee.

Creativity always dies a quick death in rooms that house conference tables. Still-wet canvases do not hold up well under the weight of a dozen attaché cases.

It's true that Frank Shakespeare made a lady out of propaganda, but he left the agency and then a committee got hold of her and if the recommendations in the black book with colored tabs are carried out the lady will be back on the streets and become a hooker again.

As far as I'm concerned, she can stand under a street lamp in Washington all night. There's nothing out there but very old men and frogs, anyway. She won't do any business.

Bruce Herschensohn, who was deputy special assistant to President Nixon, was director of motion pictures and of the USIA from 1968 to 1972. He wrote this article for The New York Times.

Letters

Israel Position

Anthony Lewis's article (IHT, March 28) is unique and important. I don't believe I've seen an article in recent years in the responsible Western press so cogent and valuable for making a contribution to understanding the corner into which the Israeli leaders have backed themselves.

Faced with an opportunity after the 1967 war of negotiating from some considerable position of strength with the leaders of the Arab world, the chance was thrown away to the detriment not only of the Israelis but also of the Arab leadership, and of course of the rest of us who are affected directly and indirectly.

The Israelis can negotiate now only from an increasing position of weakness. They've asked for it, as have successive American administrations who have been so slow to accept the realities of the situation.

J. A. CURRAN jr.

Geneva.

Saudi Photos

I think you made a mistake (IHT, March 27) in confusing the photos of two of the most powerful men in the world when you put the namelines of Saudi Arabia's new King Khaled and Crown Prince Fahd under the other's photo.

For people in the Middle East, this is like transposing the namelines under pictures of President Ford and Henry Ford.

I happen to be a personal friend of Prince Fahd, who I am sure is going to do a great job for the world.

PRINCE
ALFONSO HOHENLOHE.
Marbella, Spain.

We apologize for the error.—Ed.

Vietnam View

The whole world saw at what cost Hué and Danang were "liberated" by the Viet Cong and its northern allies. What would happen when and if government troops try to "liberate" these unfortunate cities again is not hard to imagine.

Further, it is now crystal clear that many people in South Vietnam are not in favor of Communism—and few have the will to fight it. It's high time that either side draw the obvious conclusion from this equivocal if understandable situation.

NGUYEN XUAN CHANH.

Clermont-Ferrand, France.

Time for Action

Helping the Vietnames

By Anthony Lewis

BOSTON—As World War II ended, millions of civilian lives were saved by emergency relief measures. The UN Relief and Rehabilitation Administration provided medicine, food and shelter without boundaries of place or politics, caring among others for 8 million displaced persons. Many countries contributed. But the crucial factor was the extraordinary generosity of the United States, which supplied more than half of UNRRA's resources.

The American instinct for generosity is making itself felt again now, in response to the human tragedy in Vietnam. The reactions of ordinary people, the telephone calls flooding relief agencies, the offer to adopt Vietnamese children—all these show an overwhelming desire to help the innocent victir- of the war.

But the goodwill has not, so far, produced much actual help for the people who need it. In Vietnam, American ships have picked up a few refugees—and taken them to other places of doubtful safety. In the United States, the impression is of chaos: Officials have given no clear view of what U.S. policy is or how the public can help.

Urgent Need

The problem is to join the mood here, the deep and genuine desire to help, with the need on the ground. The need is urgent. Millions of Vietnamese are separated from their homes, often from their families, living without adequate food or shelter or safe water. Help is required now.

President Ford has spoken more than once of sending humanitarian aid. Now the time has come for deeds. There are steps that Mr. Ford and the United States can take, at once, to relieve the misery of the Vietnamese.

1. The President should appoint a single person to coordinate all American relief efforts, and to carry on the necessary relationships with the United Nations and other countries. The appointee should be someone known and respected abroad and capable of attracting bipartisan support at home.

A single responsible head has always been essential to the success of large relief efforts. The American examples include Herbert Hoover after World War I and Herbert Lehman as chief of UNRRA after World War II. The UN has just chosen someone to coordinate all of its emergency Vietnam relief operations: Sir Robert Jackson, the eminent Australian who was deputy chief of UNRRA and has handled many international assignments since then.

2. Some Americans apparently believe that we can end the nightmare of the Vietnamese, and salve our own consciences, by flying people out of Vietnam. That is an illusion, and we shall have to get over it if we are going to deal with the problem in its true scale.

There is an obligation to those high Vietnamese officials n closely associated with the Un States over the years, whose l would be at risk if Saigon f There is also reason to bring children fathered by America they might never be accepted Vietnamese society, which is racially conscious as most. the numbers involved are mod

Even the flight of orphans, all the goodwill of the Am cans involved, is a dubious sy bol. A bitter South Vietnam Army lieutenant said in Sai the other day: "It is nice to you Americans taking home s venirs of our country-as you le —china, elephants and orpha

In any event, the real prob will remain after whatever evacuations take place: the m lions of Vietnamese who are going to leave. A few drama ed flights cannot dispose of concern for them.

3. We must be prepared to the helpless wherever t are. Whether a child gets Am can medicine or powdered m should not depend on where or her family was when Saigon army collapsed. Th are an estimated one mill refugees on the other side of line now, and there may be ma more in time. Their survi should not rest on our politics pride.

The French government has ready decided to send emergen aid to both sides in South Vi nam. The French consul rema ed in Danang when it fell, s he is arranging to fly supplies the airport there or in H Planes are also being loaded Denmark with vaccines, medici powdered milk and other em gency items for refugees who now on the other side of the li

Agencies Ready

American voluntary agenc have said they are ready to open their offices in the ar abandoned by Saigon if arran ments can be made with the P visional Revolutionary Gover ment. The PRG has indica that it is ready to accept aid p sonnel from the UN Childre Fund and possibly other intern tional bodies. It is through th agencies that relief will have go to the other side, with all a propriate safeguards.

Ford has a tremendous oppo tunity at this moment—a char to begin repairing this countr wounds in the act of helping heal Vietnam's. But he can so only if he focuses his though and ours on the humanitari cause, eschewing any further a tempts to assign blame to Co gress or to find "promises" military aid to Saigon where o ficials swore to Congress the were none.

Americans are ready to unite something in Vietnam at la Their hearts are open. Congr will surely approve any symp thetic relief program. It is to the President to put polit aside and lead us in meeting o responsibility to the people South Vietnam.

Aspects of Saigon's Retreat

By Robert Thompson

LONDON.—There are two fashionable myths about the current North Vietnamese offensive in South Vietnam—that the South has more men and more guns than the North, and that the North is more highly motivated than the South.

Not only are the Russian guns far better than the American guns, but because the South is defending known fixed positions, towns and installations, the North Vietnamese Army's artillery cannot miss. The South Vietnamese Army in reply can fire thousands of rounds without being certain of hitting anything.

Moreover, it is estimated that the North has 20 months' supply of ammunition at an intensive combat rate whereas, because of Congress, the South has enough for only a few weeks.

Reserves, Too

In addition to superior firepower, the North Vietnamese Army, by rapidly deploying six reserve divisions to the two northern regions, also achieved overwhelming numerical superiority at the point of attack.

The superior morale of the North Vietnamese Army stems not from motivation but from the fact that it holds the strategic initiative. Like all Soviet clients, Hanoi is in a can-win, can't-lose position and, since the Paris agreement, has not had to spend either manpower or resources on defense, whereas the South has had to string out its forces and its limited ammunition stocks down the whole length of the country and adopt a solely defensive posture.

Insofar as motivation is a factor, it is not the case that the other side got the Prussians while we got the Bavarians but rather that the South Vietnamese were unlucky enough to get the Americans while the North got the Russians!

Credibility

Blessed also are the excusemakers, for they have destroyed the credibility of the United States. It is, so they say, only a corrupt, repressive regime in Saigon. But in that case why are the poor people of Vietnam fleeing yet again from the Communists? Millions are voting with their feet. What has happened to all those lovely newspaper stories that the refugees fled only from American bombing? Who, as this great tragedy unfolds, will be outraged by the slaughter?

They also say that it would be wrong to pour good money after bad. That line has already cost us the 1973 Arab-Israeli war and the energy crisis. Now, for the sake of $1 billion or $2 billion it will cost the United States $50 billion to $100 billion more annually in defense costs if credibility is to be restored.

Incidentally, will many remember all those fascinating newspaper articles on what the $25 billion a year to be saved from the Vietnam war could be spent on? Where has it gone?

Israel, having been compelled, on the Soviet Union's demand, to accept a cease-fire, has been asked to make further concessions vital to its security in return for an American guarantee. But a guarantee has only one meaning —the willingness to spill blood. It is hardly surprising that Secretary of State Kissinger's attempts at a settlement have failed. Israel realizes that an American president's guarantee is worthless. After all, five of them, from Dwight D. Eisenhower to Gerald R. Ford, pledged support for Vietnam.

With the southern flank of NATO crumbling from the Bosporus to the Azores, both Europe and the moderate rulers of the Middle East are threatened. T madmen and extremists have be let loose and King Faisal h already gone.

Illusory Détente

Meanwhile, through an illusc détente, the Soviet Union h neutralized the United States. two certain future events: t death of Mao Tse-tung and t death of Marshal Tito. If eith China or Yugoslavia can be e erced back into the Moscow fol the Soviet Union will furth strengthen the security of its ba and the can-win, can't-lose stra tegic initiative both for itself a its allies.

The American retreat befo Moscow, like that of Napoleo is beginning to litter the roa with corpses. Henry A. Kissing has been vainly fighting a rea guard action with no army, n air force, no navy and no mone

The administration can n longer conduct a credible Amer can foreign policy. But, do n worry, a new foreign policy ha has already been laid down b Congress: If you surrender, fi killing will stop. It is a clea message to the world, of th abject surrender of the Unite States.

Sir Robert Thompson, the Brit ish expert on guerrilla warfar was an adviser to President Nixo on the war in Vietnam. He wrot this article for The New Yor Times.

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هكذا من الأصل

MUSIC

e Boldness La Scala's ew Work

y David Stevens

N (IHT).—The Milanese ss had to hark back s in the history of La o the first performance staff" by the venerated to find a suitable com- for the state of tension ticipated and surrounded ld premiere here Friday i Nono's "Al Gran Sole d'Amore."

of the high anticipation d from the boldness of la's new directors—*sovrin-* e Paolo Grassi, now- d artistic director Massimo kino, musical director Abbado—in plugging most tradition-laden opera into the contemporary circuit. Nono's new work first fruit of their policy missioning operas from members of Italy's post- ant-garde.

of the tension was frankly . The 51-year-old Vene- nposer is a leading figure Italian Communist party, works—almost all of them g voices and texts—have ailed to reflect his political s. Furthermore, the stage designer and choreog- for this production came e Soviet Union, and the of the new work was less than the historical of the working class.

theater made a major putting it on in the Teatro a barn-like hall of some ats a few blocks from the self—so that the enormous al apparatus and weeks of al would not obstruct or tructed by the theater's repertory obligations.

y boost in public interest eded, it came from weeks nics and promotional press nces preceding the pre- with the attacks being led municipal leader of the an Democrats, who ques- such an expenditure by a ally strapped theater on blatantly "political" under- The theater put the production cost at under).

stage would seem to have et for what theater people scandal, but nothing of the eveloped. The weeks of ation were reflected in a l performance and staging sh and precision. At the the performance, not a is heard, while the deter- applause of the faithful ed the curtain calls for all from composer to stage ists—for 20 minutes, until fely curtain was brought

The above-mentioned an Democratic leader, Mas- De Carolis, was not only id, but was quoted in the the next day as saying, ot enthusiastic, but it was work is not really an opera, scenic action in two parts," ed as what might be a scenic oratorio. The chosen and organized by



E. Piccagliani

A scene from Nono's "Al Gran Sole Carico d'Amore," at La Scala, Milan.

Nono, is drawn from a variety of sources—Brecht (mainly from "The Days of the Commune" and "The Mother," his version of Gorky's play of that name), Cesare Pavese, from Lenin, Marx, Guevara and Castro, and from feminine revolutionary figures of the Paris Commune, Cuba, Russia and Vietnam.

The first part dealt with the Paris Commune and the second part was a montage of various confrontations between the proletariat and repressive authority in various forms—Russia in 1905 and 1907, Cuba, Turin in 1943. It was not presented in a standard dramatic form, but in a series of vast scenic panoramas that generalized the specific content. The eight vocal soloists—five women and three men—did not portray specific roles, but shifted from one to another, types rather than personalities.

This could easily have degenerated into a kind of simplistic political poster art, and sometimes it came perilously close to that—as in the scene in which Thiers (played by a dwarf) gravely applauds the fall of the Commune to the accompaniment of a parody of romantic ballet. But it was saved from this by unity of purpose in the production and the composer's own artistic integrity.

Nono shaped his material to suit his own musical predilections. The pre-eminent role of women in the revolutionary struggle was reinforced by his addiction to, and felicitous writing for, soprano voices, which here had a purity and poise reminiscent not only of Nono's other vocal works but of early Italian polyphony. The other musical pole was represented by violent percussive outbursts—reinforced by the noises inherent in the staging—in which the Scala orchestra's virtuoso tympanist was the principal exponent.

According to a typical Nono practice, the texts themselves were fragmented and distributed among the cast and chorus to the point of being incomprehensible, which threw a heavy load on the stage director, Yuri Liubimov, and his designer David Borovsky—the leading figures of Moscow's Taganka Theater, where the staging of pieces formed of similar mixtures of literary texts is a specialty.

The Designs

The principal elements in Borovsky's designs were five vertically and horizontally mobile stage bridges to which live human bodies were bound—evidently intended to be constantly visible victims of oppression. These bridges were always on the move, shaping the playing area or taking an active role, as the victims of an execution with each bridge toppling over with a new salvo from the firing squad. The most striking elements in Liubimov's staging were mass movements reminiscent of Eisenstein's in "Alexander Nevsky," and the lighting—a wall of light served both as the curtain between scenes and as a symbol of police action. The choreography by the veteran Leonid Jacobson tended toward the heavy-handed, or heavy-footed.

"Al Gran Sole" may or may not indicate the opera of the future, but its undeniable success here doubtless means that La Scala can look forward to executing in style its other commissions to such composers as Bussotti and Berio.

The title, incidentally, comes from one of the texts used—Rimbaud's "Les Mains de Jeanne-Marie"—"elles ont pâli, merveilleuses/au grand soleil d'amour chargé/sur le bronze des mitrailleuses/à travers Paris insurgé!"

Entertainment In New York

NEW YORK, April 7 (IHT).—This is how The New York Times critics rate new films:

"Chac," directed by Rolando Klein; in the series New Films-New Directors at the Museum of Modern Art, is a "glossy" and "slick" look at Mayan cultire, Vincent Canby says. He did, however, like the director's ability to get simple and "unself-conscious" performances from his Indian actors, who are trying to produce rain with the help of a potentially evil hermit. What the film ultimately gives us, in Canby's opinion, is "a fairly posh, all-expenses-paid weekend in the primitive Yucatan."

"Pirosmani," directed by Georgian Georgy Shengelaya, "is a fine, firm, gentle consideration of the life and work of the Georgian primitive painter Niko Pirosmanashvili who . . . died in 1919, an alcoholism and poverty victim," Vincent Canby says. The film attempts to reconstruct the feelings of the artist as reflected in his works, and to capture their fastidious detail in the photography, he writes. The film "respects the mystery of the creative process and sidesteps melodrama" and the audience has to make its own connections between "things seen and actions taken." It is in the Museum of Modern Art series.

FRENCH FASHIONS

After the Revolution: Some Somber Thoughts

By Bernadine Morris

PARIS, April 7 (NYT).—A revolution as everyone knows is easier to start than to sustain. So the cheerful era of voluminous clothes and shiny boots that was inaugurated in Paris last fall has begun to look tired and run down. The thousands of visitors from all over the world here for the current round of ready-to-wear showings are finding little to buoy them.

The defiant tendency of six months ago to face disaster beautifully dressed has succumbed to fear and lassitude. Next fall's clothes are soberly colored and rather dreary in shape. Some of the lengths are shorter, but they don't look it, what with their heavy wool stockings in matching tones.

One of the few exceptions is the collection Karl Lagerfeld has prepared for Chloé. Not that it isn't as somber in effect as anything else.

The dominant color, for instance, is gray, followed by navy, plum, black and a little fatigue green.

Eliminating Linings

But Lagerfeld a year ago hit upon something that is probably as significant in the history of fashion as Vionnet's discovery of the bias cut 50 years ago: the elimination of all the linings, stiffening and even seams that have cluttered up clothes since the Middle Ages.

A masterful technician, Lagerfeld gets excited about such things as bypassing the seam that usually extends across the shoulders. He has found a way to do without it by inserting sleeves so they look glued in, he explained gleefully before the show. Balenciaga worked out something similar with sleeves 20 years ago, but his clothes were done by hand. Lagerfeld's are done by machine. That's the difference.

He loves his machines. He points out that his hemlines, which look unfinished, actually have been worked over by a machine that once was used for intricate beading and embroidery.

The hemlines won't ravel, but they won't have the bulk of turned-under effects either. And when you pile layer upon layer of clothes, you're better off without bulk.



AP.

A Karl Lagerfeld look.

Lagerfeld layers everything, even his dresses, which take the form of fairly slender tunics over underskirts of the same material. More extravagantly, to name the layers from the outside going in, there are knitted capes over three-quarter-length wool coats, over long bulky pullover sweaters and a skirt or possibly a dress.

Piling It On

The reason for all this is Lagerfeld dislikes heavy fabrics and prefers to use light ones. He doesn't at all mind piling things on.

The thousand or so people who fought for places at his show in the Palais des Congrès, one of the vast exposition halls taken over by the fashion manufacturers, could accept the layering, especially since the shapes were considerably pared down over the one proposed a year ago.

But they were a bit taken aback by the men's oxfords, loafers and saddle shoes the models wore over heavy wool stockings with the day clothes.

They were also nonplussed by the sling back stiletto heel sandals the models wore with their evening tunic dresses. So were the models. They had to stop frequently and push the straps back on their heels as they covered the vast parade grounds.

A lot of his evening dresses are in gray with murky pink flowers scattered about a *fin de siècle* way; others are printed with brilliant surrealist abstract motives which suggest Miró or Max Ernst.

The last model carried a bottle of Lagerfeld's new perfume, Chloé, just as the models have done for years at Adele Simpson's shows in New York.

Another New York theme that is turning up in the Paris shows is the appearance of men on the runway. Emanuel Ungaro's men wore nice, casual clothes, often in one color, such as the gray diagonal tweed coat with the gray flannel pants and gray knitted sweater-jacket. They complemented neatly his women's clothes, which ran to battle-jackets with pants or slender skirts and rather slim chemise dresses.

One young woman even appeared in a gray double-breasted mannish tailored suit with a striped silk shirt and tie.

Issey Miyake's men were even more casual. They wore knitted coats cut like kimonos. His women appeared in tunic dresses over pipe-stem pants tucked into chunky boots with gum soles. Some colorful outfits were taken at first for a Japanese peasant look, but the music revealed they were Peruvian. Ethnic, anyway.

But Miyake's finale was a bit unsettling. It involved pastel micro-mini dresses, shot with metallic glitter, worn over matching tights, with silver boots. Is it time to revive the 1960s already?

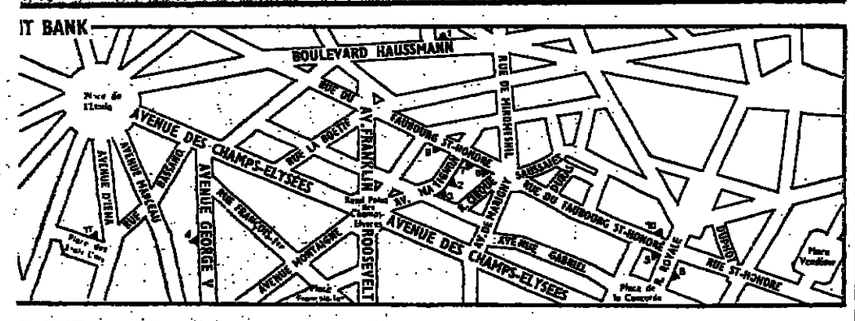
ARTS AGENDA

Joe Orton's three full-length plays will be presented together for the first time in a single season, beginning April 15 at the Royal Court Theatre in London. "Entertaining Mr. Sloane," with Beryl Reid and Malcolm McDowell, will open the series, followed May 28 by "Loot," directed by Albert Finney, and on July 9 by "What the Butler Saw," directed by Lindsay Anderson.

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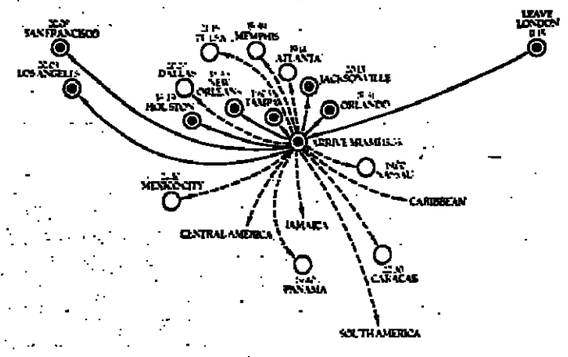
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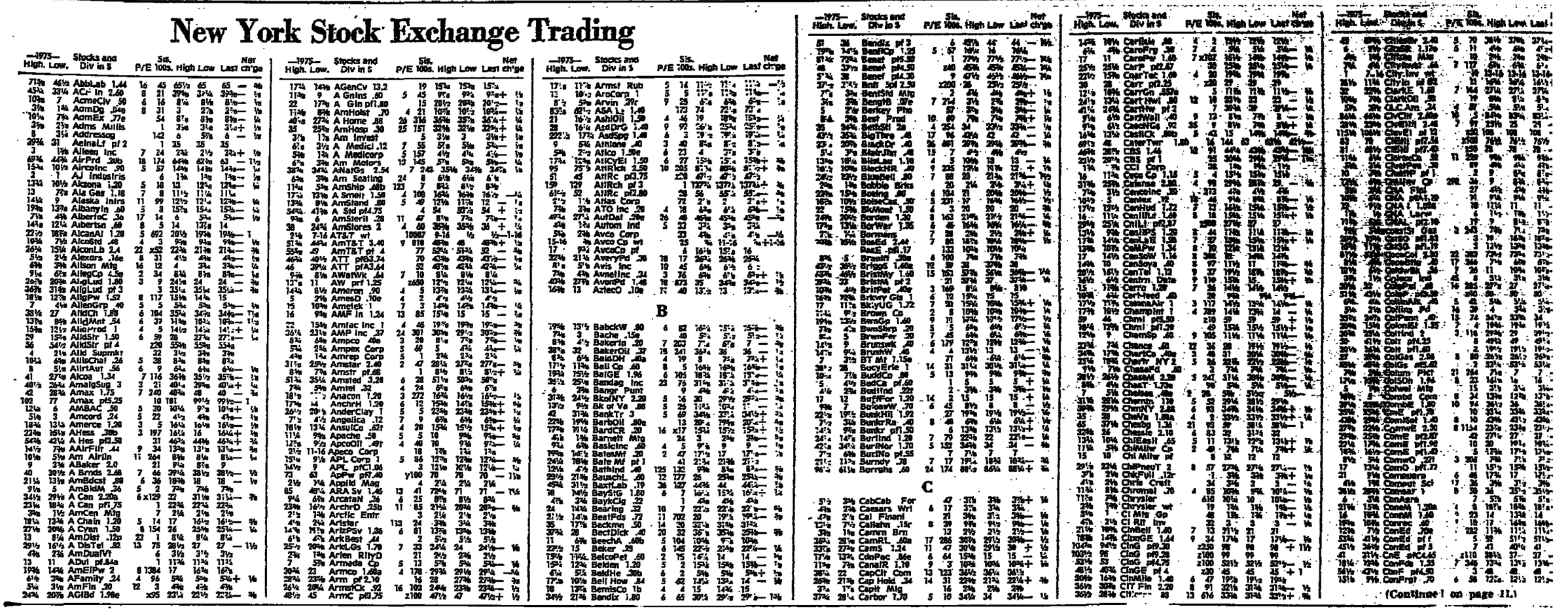
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U.S. Commodity Prices

NEW YORK, April 7 — *Cash prices in primary markets as registered today in New York were:*

Commodity and unit	Mon.	Year ago
FOODS		
Cocoa Accra, lb.	*.81¾	*1.02½
Coffee 4 Santos, lb.	*.68	*.74
TEXTILES		
Printcloth 64-60 38½, yd.	.25½	.43
METALS		
Steel billets (Pitts.), ton.	200	138
Iron 2, Pitts., Phila., ton.	213.82	82-88
Steel scrap No.1 hvy Pitts	83-84	128-130
Lead, spot, lb.	24½	19-21½
Copper elec., lb.	63½-65	68.16-68½
Tin (Straits), lb.	2.60	4.37½
Zinc, E St. L. basis, lb.	33½-35	34½-35
Silver N.Y., oz.	4.59	4.286
Gold N.Y., oz.	172.60	—
COMMODITY Indices		
Moody's index (base 100 Dec. 31, 1931)	741.3	715.8

* Nominal

NEW YORK FUTURES
April 4, 1975

SUGAR No. 11 (50 tons)

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev.
May	23.20	23.20	22.71	23.05	23.00
July	22.00	22.00	21.55	21.90	22.55
Sep	20.70	20.70	20.35	20.55	21.20
Oct	19.95	19.95	19.45	19.95	20.55
Mar	18.05	18.20	17.90	18.10	18.45
May	17.60	17.60	17.45	17.60	A18.00
July	17.20	17.20	16.95	N17.00	B17.45
Sep				N17.00	

Sales: 2,816.

WOOL (6,000 lbs)

May	113.00	113.00	113.00	B113.00	B112.00

Sales: 2.

COCOA (30,000 lbs)

May	63.00	63.40	62.80	62.85	62.45
July	60.00	60.35	59.75	59.79	59.50
Sep	58.50	58.75	58.35	58.35	58.00
Dec	57.50	57.60	57.15	57.15	56.80
March	56.65	56.65	56.10	56.20	56.00

Sales: 1,349.

COPPER (25,000 lbs)

April	59.10	59.40	59.00	59.40	58.90
May	59.30	59.80	58.30	59.80	59.20
July	60.20	60.90	59.90	60.90	60.30
Sep	61.50	62.00	61.00	62.00	61.40
Dec	62.20	63.20	62.20	63.20	63.10
Jan	63.80	64.10	63.30	64.10	63.80
March	64.40	65.10	64.40	65.10	64.80
May	65.70	66.10	65.70	66.10	65.60

Sales: 1,383.

POTATOES (50,000 lbs)

May	3.00	3.30	2.86	3.05	3.50
Nov.	4.60	4.71	4.57	4.62	4.40
Mar.	5.17	5.26	5.16	5.26	5.20
May	6.28	6.45	6.28	6.45	6.36

Sales: 2,629.

SILVER (5,000 troy ounces)

April	407.50	410.50	404.00	410.50	406.50
May	409.50	412.50	409.50	412.00	408.50
June	412.40	414.80	410.00	414.80	411.00
July	415.40	418.00	409.50	417.60	413.80
Sep	419.00	423.50	415.00	423.20	419.40
Dec	429.40	433.00	423.50	431.70	427.90
Jan	432.00	432.00	428.00	434.30	430.50
March	438.00	440.10	433.00	440.10	434.30
May	443.50	445.60	437.10	445.60	441.70
July	448.40	451.10	443.50	451.10	447.10

Sales: 6,539.

ORANGE JUICE (15,000 lbs)

May	47.90	47.90	47.40	B47.65	B47.70
July	49.30	49.30	48.70	49.25	49.20
Sep	50.80	50.80	50.35	B50.90	50.90
Nov	52.40	52.40	52.00	B52.50	B52.55
Jan	53.75	54.10	53.75	54.10	54.05
March	54.95	55.00	54.95	B55.20	55.15

Sales: 125.

COTTON No. 2 (50,000 lbs)

May	43.30	43.35	42.62	42.75	43.10
July	44.05	44.05	43.40	43.65	43.75
Oct	45.45	45.45	45.00	45.17	B45.30
Dec	46.20	46.25	45.70	45.90	45.90
March	46.60	46.60	46.34	B46.60	B46.65
May				B47.20	B47.20
July				B47.75	B47.85

Sales: 1,450.

GOLD (100 troy ounces)

Apr	174.50	172.50	171.20	172.40	172.10
May	174.50	172.50	172.50	172.10	172.80
Jun	174.50	174.70	173.00	174.10	173.80
Aug	176.80	176.80	175.40	176.40	176.10
Oct	179.00	179.00	177.40	178.60	178.30
Dec	181.00	181.00	179.60	180.90	180.60
Feb	183.20	183.20	181.90	183.20	182.90
Apr	184.00	185.00	183.50	185.00	185.20
Jun	187.20	187.80	186.50	188.00	187.70

Sales: 712.

CHICAGO FUTURES

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev. Close
WHEAT (5,000 bu)					
May	3.79	3.79	3.69	3.72	3.77½
Jul	3.66	3.66½	3.59	3.62	3.66½
Sep	3.71	3.71	3.65	3.68	3.71½
Dec	3.80	3.81	3.74	3.76	3.81½
Mar	3.85	3.86	3.80	3.81½	3.87½
CORN (5,000 bu)					
May	2.98	2.98½	2.94	2.96½	2.97½
Jul	2.97	2.97½	2.92½	2.94½	2.97
Sep	2.86	2.86	2.82½	2.84½	2.86
Dec	2.70	2.71½	2.68	2.69½	2.71
Mar	2.75¾	2.75¾	2.73	2.74½	2.75¾
May	—	—	—	2.78	2.79
SOYBEANS (5,000 bu)					
May	5.86	5.87½	5.70	5.74½	5.87
Jul	5.85	5.87	5.69	5.72	5.86
Aug	5.87	5.87	5.71	5.73	5.88
Sep	5.82	5.82	5.67	5.69½	5.80

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	Nov	5.77	5.77	5.62	5.65
	Jan	5.82	5.83	5.68½	5.71
	Mar	5.91	5.91	5.74½	5.77

SOYBEAN OIL (60,000 lbs)

May	28.65	28.65	27.55	27.55
Jul	27.30	27.30	26.20	26.35
Aug	26.45	26.45	25.30	25.70
Sep	25.60	25.60	24.65	25.00
Oct	24.60	24.60	23.75	24.15
Dec	23.75	23.75	22.85	23.25
Jan	23.05	23.05	22.35	22.80
Mar	22.60	22.60	22.00	22.35

SOYBEAN MEAL (100 tons)

May	124.50	125.50	122.50	125.00
Jul	129.00	131.00	127.00	131.00
Aug	132.00	134.50	130.50	134.50
Sep	134.00	136.00	132.00	136.00
Oct	134.50	137.50	133.00	137.50
Dec	140.50	141.50	139.50	141.50
Jan	144.00	144.50	142.00	144.50
Mar	146.00	146.00	144.00	146.00

SILVER (5,000 troy oz)

Apr	402.00	416.50	399.90	410.50
May	408.00	414.00	404.00	413.50
Jun	411.50	416.00	405.00	414.00
Aug	417.50	421.00	410.50	419.50
Oct	422.00	427.50	417.50	425.50
Dec	428.50	432.50	422.50	431.50
Feb	435.00	438.50	428.00	437.00
Apr	439.50	443.00	432.00	443.00
Jun	444.60	449.00	441.00	449.00

LIVE BEEF CATTLE (40,000 lb

Apr	41.90	41.90	41.30	41.65
Jun	41.45	41.75	41.05	41.55
Aug	39.79	39.90	39.35	39.70
Oct	38.72	38.92	38.25	38.70
Dec	38.35	38.75	38.00	38.45
Feb	38.30	38.95	38.40	38.65

Sales: April 1330; June 3376; Aug. Oct 208; Dec 108; Feb 36.
Open Interest: April 3886; June Aug 6872; Oct 1654; Dec 1782; Feb 5

LIVE HOGS (30,000 lbs)

Apr	41.35	41.90	41.10	41.15
Jun	45.30	45.50	44.75	45.15
Jul	46.15	46.95	45.85	45.95
Aug	45.00	45.30	44.60	45.10
Oct	44.15	44.25	43.80	44.05
Dec	44.30	44.50	43.90	44.30
Feb	44.20	44.30	43.65	44.05
Apr	42.50	42.70	42.50	b42.70

Sales: April 228; June 1870; Jul Aug 224; Oct 50; Dec 117; Feb 47; 18.
Open Interest: April 1208; June July 2507; Aug 1514; Oct 658; Dec Feb 383; April 142.

SHELL EGGS (22,500 doz)

Apr	39.50	39.95	39.50	39.75
May	40.30	41.05	40.30	40.90
Jun	42.80	43.25	42.75	a42.90
Jul	46.40	46.50	46.40	46.50
Aug	47.75	47.75	47.75	47.75
Sep	51.25	51.70	51.05	51.30

Sales: April 39; May 130; June 52 2; Aug 1; Sep 34.
Open Interest: April 221; May 753; 378; July 4; Aug 1; Sep 367.

FROZEN PORK BELLIES (36,0

May	70.00	70.50	68.70	69.10
Jul	70.75	71.10	69.22	69.65
Aug	69.60	70.00	68.05	68.50
Feb	67.20	67.75	66.02	66.25
Mar	67.20	67.20	65.55	b65.65
May	66.40	66.40	65.95	b66.00

Sales: May 2940; July 2510; Aug Feb 261; March 77; May 1.
Open Interest: May 4296; July Aug 1247; Feb 937; March 47; May
b—Bid; a—Asked; n—Nominal.

GOLD (100 troy ounces)

Apr				172.00
Jun	174.60	174.60	172.80	174.00
Sep	177.80	177.80	175.90	177.20
Dec	180.10	181.20	179.30	181.20
Mar	182.90	184.50	182.75	184.50
Jun	186.60	188.30	186.50	188.50
Sep				192.00

Sales: April 0; June 850; Sep Dec 44; March 16; June 12 Sep

London Commoditie

	High	Low	Close (bid-asked)	Prev Cl
SUGAR				
May	237	224½	225 -226	228 -
Aug.	222	211	211 -211.75	219 -
Oct.	209	196	196.50-196.95	205 -
Dec.	196	187½	187 -189	195½ -
Mar.	188	182	181.50-182	188 -
May	182	178	176 -178	182 -
Aug.	176	174	174 -175	180½ -

Lots 2,337.

COCOA

May	648½	638	641½ -642	632	-
Jul.	614	602	615 -615½	597	-
Sep.	588	575	583½ -586	572	-
Dec.	598	587	590½ -591	583	-
Mar.	586	580	582½ -583	576	-
May	585½	581	581 -584	573	-
Jul.	(N.T.)		580 -583	573	-

Lots 3,570.

COFFEE

May	427	424	426 -426½	422	-
Jul.	418	413	417 -417½	412.50	-
Sep.	417	413	416½ -417	411.50	-
Nov.	417	413½	416½ -416	412	-
Jan.	419	417	418½ -419	413	-
Mar.	420		419 -421	415	-
May	No Trade		420 -424	416	-

Lots 332.

London Metal Market

	Today ask-asked	Previo ask-as
Copper wire bars:		
spot	568 - 569	570.5 -
3 months	586.5 - 587	588.5 -
Cathodes: spot	557 - 558	561 -
3 months	576 - 576.50	579 -
Tin: spot	3030 - 3035	3035 -
3 months	3060 - 3065	3065 -
Lead: spot	193 - 194	195 -
3 months	195 - 196	203 -
Zinc: spot	339 - 340	338 -
3 months	337 - 338	335.5 -
Silver: spot	171.5 - 172.5	173.5 -
3 months	175 - 176.5	176 -

Paris Commodities

	High	Low	Close (bid-asked)
SUGAR			
May			2600
Aug.			2510
Oct.			2220
Dec.			1958
March			1859
May			1805
COCOA			
May	690	680	684 -684½
July	—	—	644 —
Sep.	648	640	640 -644
Dec.	6330	630	630 - 622
Mar.	—	—	588 - 610
May	—	—	595 - 605

Lots 380.

(Continued on page 11.)

INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

PARIS, TUESDAY, APRIL 8, 1975

...ow U.S. Investment ...een Curbing Output

By James L. Rowe Jr.

...HINGTON, April 7 (WP). ...growth in economic output ...oductivity is trailing that ... major industrial nations ... because the United States ... a much smaller share ... production to upgrading ...anding its manufacturing ...s, a Treasury Department ...oncludes.

...se of this disparity in in...t, the "absolute level of ...ity of U.S. productivity ...ly diminishing," the study

...ury Department econo... Herman Liebling and ...saakson, the authors, said ...e lag in U.S. investment ...fectively lowered rates of ... in living standards of ...erage consumer in the ... States, created shortages ... materials-producing in... during periods of econo...expansion, and added ...tially to the inflationary ...ences of high employ... recent years."

...ermore, the study said ...estment lag has "limited ...portunities in the sense ...ad the growth of plant ...ipment exceeded that of ...or force, more jobs would ...en required to utilize that ...d capacity."

...tment, Growth Relation

...iebling and Mr. Jaakson ...hat there is a strong cor... between the so-called ...ent ratio (the percentage ...ut a nation invests) and ...wth of output.

United States, with the investment ratio, ranked ...mong seven countries in ...ic growth. The study the individual investment ...tput performance of the States, Britain, Japan, ...ermany, France, Italy and

... residential construction ...nated, Japan's investment ...as 29 per cent a year ... 1960 and 1973. During ...riod the growth of output ...ds and services was 10.8 ...t a year.

Germany's investment ...as second, at 20 per cent, ... growth rate was third ...er cent. France's invest...atio was just behind Ger... at 18.2 per cent, but its ... rate was slightly higher ...e 13 years—6.9 per cent. United States, last in the ...ent ratio at 13.6 per cent, ...th in growth at 4.1 per

Only Britain, investing ...r cent of its output, but ...g a growth rate of 2.9 ...t between 1960 and 1973, ...ver.

Liebling-Jaakson study ...es output as gross domes... duct (GDP), which is the ...f goods and services pro... within a nation's boun... including foreign firms ...ng domestically but ex... the foreign production of ...ic firms.

...study says that "due in ...art to higher shares of ...ent, productivity in... of those other indus... countries surpassed that U.S. in recent years."

...measure of productivity ...utput of total goods and ... per employed civilian—"that productivity increases from 1960 to 1973 have exceeded that of the United States by an average annual rate of 6.7 percentage points in Japan, 3.2 percentage points in Italy and 2.4 percentage points in France."

U.S. productivity remains the best in the world, but the gap is closing fast. Japan's output per employed civilian was 18 per cent of America's in 1950. That climbed to 38 per cent in 1960 and 65 per cent in 1973.

"Italy has narrowed the gap from 30 per cent in 1950 to 41 per cent in 1960 and to 62 per cent in 1973," according to the Treasury study. France and West Germany have risen from 60 per cent in 1960 to 80 per cent in 1973.

Profit Rises At Mitsubishi During Year

TOKYO, April 7 (AP-DJ).—Net profits of Mitsubishi Corp., Japan's largest trading company, rose by 29.4 per cent to 33 billion yen (about $113 million) in the year ended Sept. 30, 1974, from 25.49 billion the previous year.

Total trading transactions were listed as 9.28 billion yen in fiscal 1974, up from 6.88 billion yen the previous year.

Gross trading profits jumped to 255.56 billion yen from 153.22 billion.

Bunichiro Tanabe, the president, said in the company's annual report that export and import transactions in the year ended September were more favorable than expected.

Net profits of Fuji Photo Film Co., manufacturers of photographic equipment, fell by 19.4 per cent to 10.66 billion yen, or 39.5 yen per share, in the year ended Oct. 20, 1974, from 13.23 billion yen, or 49.1 yen per share, the previous year.

Sales rose to 192.23 billion yen in 1974 from 157.68 billion yen the previous year.

Kusuo Hirata, the president, said in the company's annual report that domestic sales of amateur photographic equipment were brisk during the first half of the past fiscal year, but that consumption lagged in the second half of the year as a result of recessed business conditions and abnormally bad weather.

He attributed the company's profit decline to higher labor, raw material and interest costs that could not be fully offset by an increase in product prices.

Export sales totaled 30.53 billion yen in the year ended October, up 26.8 per cent from the previous year.

Bowater Corp.

LONDON, April 7 (AP-DJ).—Profits for Bowater Corp., the paper and packaging firm, rose slightly to £19.4 million from £18.9 million in 1974. The company declared dividends equivalent to 10.6 pence per share versus 9.27 in 1974.

EEC Probe Reported on Cable Cartel

Investigation Hinted After News Report

BRUSSELS, April 7 (AP-DJ).—Anti-trust experts of the Common Market Commission are reportedly investigating allegations that groups of cable makers in some 20 countries linked through International Cable Development Corp. (ICDC) are violating EEC regulations by collaborating to restrict their competition in world markets.

Sources close to the commission today hinted at an investigation of ICDC's activities and of the behavior of electric cable makers associated with ICDC after the Times of London published a lengthy report on the alleged international cartel.

Commission anti-trust officials declined comment on the Times report and refused to disclose whether the anti-trust authority is investigating.

But sources said investigations have been under way for some time and that they center especially on ICDC, which is based in Liechtenstein.

Fines Possible

These sources also said that it will take some time before the anti-trust officials would be able to decide whether competition laws have been violated. In case of such a violation, the companies involved could be fined by the commission. Such fines can be appealed at the European Court of Justice.

The Times report claimed that the international arrangements for restricting competition included the sharing out of export tenders, collective negotiation of guidelines for price quotations and agreed methods for undermining competitors who do not belong to ICDC.

The newspaper alleged that manufacturers in Austria, Britain, Belgium, Denmark, the Netherlands, Finland, France, West Germany, Greece, India, Israel, Italy, Japan, Norway, Portugal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and Yugoslavia were involved.

According to the report, subsidiaries of ITT Europe Inc., a unit of International Telephone & Telegraph Corp., resigned from ICDC fearing that the collaboration between manufacturers could run foul of European anti-trust authorities.

A spokesman for ITT Europe confirmed that ITT affiliates in Europe which once belonged to ICDC had withdrawn from that group in 1973.

Submarine Cables

Standard Telephones and Cable, a British ITT unit, is a large manufacturer and exporter of submarine cable systems.

Britain's Monopoly Commission is currently investigating the country's electric cable industry, including its export activities. The commission initiated a probe last July with instructions to report its findings within two years.

Britain's cable makers last month registered an intercompany agreement with the Office of Fair Trading concerning the supply of telephone cable. It provides for an exchange of price information and market sharing.

Unless the companies can prove the agreement works in the public interest, it can be banned by the Restrictive Trade Practices Court.

FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES

Deminex Increases North Sea Stake

Deminex, the West German oil company, has signed a preliminary contract to acquire Champlin Petroleum's 22.5-per-cent stake in the North Sea block number 211/18, which includes part of the Thistle oil field. A Deminex spokesman refused to comment on West German press reports of a $60-million to $70-million price, and could not set a date for the final deal, which is subject to approval by supervisory bodies on both sides and by the British government. In January, Deminex bought United Canso Oil & Gas, with its 17-per-cent share in the block. Reserves for the field are officially estimated at 130 million tons. Deminex's main shareholder is VEBA ag, the holding company in which the West German government has around a 43-per-cent share.

Lockheed Near to Deal With Banks

Lockheed Aircraft Corp. expects to make a deal this month with its lending banks for a major financial overhaul without benefit of a merger partner. This message was conveyed without emphasis in a public announcement by Lockheed that it has had to delay reporting of its 1974 financial results and postpone its annual meeting. After Lockheed was left at the altar Feb. 28 by one time potential partner Textron Inc., alternative routes to fiscal rehabilitation of the aerospace giant were discussed. One way was to seek another corporation that might infuse new capital into Lockheed in exchange for equity. Another was to ask the 24-bank team, which is owed some $600 million by Lockheed, to exchange a big chunk of their debt for preferred stock. Without explicitly saying so, Lockheed evidently has gone down the latter path in an effort to reach stability. Lockheed says that pending the outcome of the bank negotiations, it has been delayed in "finalizing its accounts." Consequently, the firm's auditor has been delayed in completing its audit of 1974 results. Lockheed says these delays also will necessitate deferring its annual shareholders meeting, "which would normally be held May 6". A new date has not yet been set.

Rolls-Royce Plans Rights Issue

Rolls Royce Motors Holdings Ltd. is turning to the capital market for fresh funds, voicing confidence in the market for its high-priced, luxury autos. The fund-raising totals £2.05 million and is to be achieved through an issue to shareholders of record April 2 of one new share for every seven currently held or for every £7 nominal value of the company's convertible bonds. The price of the new shares is 36 pence each. Rolls Royce shares closed at 46 1/2 pence, down 2. The 1975 high is 48 1/2 pence and the low 20. Part of the proceeds of the rights issue will be used to finance expansion of the company's auto production facilities. Demand for Rolls Royce cars continued to exceed factory capacity throughout 1974, when the sales reached an annul record of 2,902, up from 2,760 in 1973, the previous record. The company says it remains "reasonably confident" that world demand for the cars will be maintained throughout this year also.

Goodyear Forecasts Lower Net

Goodyear Tire & Rubber expects first-quarter profits to be down from a year ago, despite record sales for the 1975 period. But chairman Charles Pilliod adds, however, that the firm "anticipates a very respectable showing" in both sales and earnings for the whole year. The lower first-quarter profits reflect an inventory reduction program that resulted in "heavy charges for idle plants and layoffs," he notes. Profit improvement is anticipated in the second quarter as recent drops in auto production will be replaced by increases in daily car output in April, May and June. "While this may be slight at first, and only build up gradually, it will be a step in the right direction," the tire firm says.

Trade Unions Agree to Reduce Their Claims

Slump Cutting Into Japan Pay Increases

TOKYO, April 7 (AP-DJ).—Events are conspiring to push Japanese wage increases in the current spring labor offensive far below initial expectations as negotiations near a climax.

Last autumn, most labor unions set wage increase targets for the current year at rates in excess of 30 per cent, hoping to duplicate last year's average 32.9-per-cent gain in base pay. Until quite recently, economists were generally predicting settlements in excess of 30 per cent. Currently, however, it looks as though the average may be in the 15–17 per cent range, or even below, and a lot of workers may get substantially less than that.

A major break came over the weekend when employees of Kanebo Ltd., the nation's oldest textile concern and a leading manufacturer of fibers and fabrics, cosmetics and foodstuffs, agreed to a pay freeze for the current year. Workers will receive only the average 2,000 yen (about $6.25) per month increase, or about 2.2 per cent provided for under the company's automatic seniority system, a device common to almost all Japanese concerns.

Kanebo's union had originally requested an average monthly increase of 26,935 yen per month, or 29.3 per cent.

The workers settled for virtually nothing because Kanebo, which has had to close several production facilities as a result of a severe recession, has not laid off any employees or sought "voluntary retirements." Surplus textile workers have been transferred to other divisions and, barring economic disaster, the weekend settlement assured that this procedure will be continued.

Attention now is focusing on the steel industry, which is expected to make its first formal offer April 9. Pressure on the steel producers to hold down the rate of increase, and on the steelworkers union to hold out for a large settlement, have been intense. Steel is traditionally the first major industry to settle its pay levels each spring, providing a benchmark for most other sectors.

This industry, sliding into recession after a boom year, claims it needs to raise prices about 21 per cent in the domestic market even before the effects of this year's wage gains are taken into consideration, just to cover raw material cost increases. Shipbuilders, auto producers and electric appliance makers have all told the steel companies that a low wage benchmark is essential to smooth the way for price increase negotiations.

Steel industry executives said recently that they plan to offer less than 15 per cent.

Last year there were about 1.4 job offers for every applicant when the spring negotiations took place. This year, however, over one million people are believed to be out of work and there are around 1.35 job seekers for every position being offered.

Depression Forcing Asians To Search for New Markets

By William D. Hartley

HONG KONG, April 7 (AP-DJ).—Asian companies have been forced to change their ways of doing business as the world economic recession tightens.

In the old days, companies were deluged with orders. The booming economies of the West demanded more and more of the light consumer items that are the main products of Asia.

Today, because of a world recession, many companies in this part of the world are studying their organization, their management, their products and their efficiency.

Among the changes:

• Cost-cutting measures: It used to be acceptable to waste money because it was replaced so quickly by profit. But every penny counts these days, so the old disregard for expenses is out.

For example, Far Eastern Textile Ltd., a Taiwan group comprising a department store, a cement company and a chemical business along with the textiles, has set up a single purchasing department. Formerly, the group let each unit do its own purchasing, a practice that often led to costly duplication.

• Research and development: Some companies have stopped letting buyers dictate what they make and are developing new products on their own. Promotors Ltd. of Hong Kong recently started selling a combination desk calculator and digital clock that was in part locally designed.

• Finding customers: Too many companies became accustomed to the easy and lucrative U.S. market and just sat around waiting for orders. With American purchases off sharply, they are reaching elsewhere. Most countries are sending more trade missions to countries they had scarcely heard of a year ago.

P. Y. Hwang, deputy chairman of Singapore's Economic Development Board, says, "We are looking from the Middle East to Fiji." And more companies want to participate in these trade missions. "Last year they weren't eager to go because they had good business," says an organizer of such missions, "but the lesson they've learned now is that it isn't safe to depend on just one market like America."

Trading Drops in N.Y. As Dow Falls 4 Points

NEW YORK, April 7 (IHT).—New York Stock Exchange prices closed lower today after quiet trading.

The Dow Jones industrial average dropped 4.38 points to 742.88. The index fell from the beginning and remained lower the entire session. Declining issues outnumbered advancers by about 1,015 to 380.

Volume totaled 13.86 million shares compared with 14.17 million shares traded Friday.

Brokers said trading continued the trend of last week, when institutional money went to the sidelines after end-of-the-quarter adjustments. As a result, they say there is a "wait-and-see" attitude in the absence of encouraging news.

Pasco gained 2 1/2 to 21 3/4. Standard Oil of Indiana has made an offer of $220 million in cash for Pasco's oil-producing properties in Wyoming. Indiana Standard slipped 7/8 to 37 5/8. Studebaker Worthington, which owns 55 per cent of Pasco, climbed 2 to 27 3/4.

Moore McCormack rose 4 1/4 to 58 1/2. Earlier in the day the company said it knew of no reason for Friday's activity, when the company's stock gained 5 3/8 on volume of 44,300 shares.

Reliance Group dropped 7/8 to 5 5/8. The company said it may be forced to omit its dividend in the second quarter and possibly in other quarters. Also, the company's auditors qualified their opinion of the 1974 financial statement.

Superior Oil lost 5 1/2 to 168, Getty Oil 1 to 144, Sedco 1 to 25 3/8, Bristol Meyers 1 1/4 to 56 5/4, Coca-Cola 1 1/4 to 73 1/2, R.J. Reynolds 1 to 52 5/8 and Weyerhaeuser 1 1/8 to 31 3/8.

The American Stock Exchange index closed down 0.3 to 78.71.

Most active was Syntex, which fell 1 1/4 to 37 on 122,400 shares traded.

On the over-the-counter market the NASDAQ industrial average fell 0.19 to 76.29.

Treasury bill yields closed sharply higher, while federal funds closed little changed in the 5.25 to 5.375-per-cent range after touching 5.5 per cent in early trading.

Dealers said there was widespread pressure on the bill market as investors moved to realign bill portfolios following last week's late upsurge in other short-term interest rates.

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Company Reports

Del Monte

Third Quarter	1975	1974
Revenue (millions)	301.1	263.2
Profits (millions)	9.3	9.1
Per Share	0.75	0.72
Nine Months		
Revenue (millions)	920.2	778.5
Profits (millions)	34.7	26.5
Per Share	2.76	2.21

Citicorp

First Quarter	1975	1974
Profits (millions)	a86.3	a73.2
Per Share	a0.70	a0.60
Profits (millions)	b88.6	b73.2
Per Share	b0.72	b0.60

a—Before securities transactions.
b—After securities transactions.

Buying Men In U.S. Cut Inventories

By Michael C. Jensen

NEW YORK, April 7 (NYT).—Purchasing agents reported over the weekend that they had continued to reduce their inventories of purchased materials last month.

Many of them also reported that they had not yet completed the process.

The report was considered significant because such inventory reduction often takes place during downward swings of the business cycle, and replacement of depleted inventories usually accompanies an economic upturn.

The monthly business survey report of the National Association of Purchasing Management said declining production rates over the last several months had made it difficult for purchasing agents to reduce inventories as quickly as they desired.

Forty-nine per cent of the buyers responding said they reduced inventories in March, while only 14 per cent said they added to their inventories. Half the buyers said they expected to continue to liquidate inventories.

About two-thirds of the purchasing agents said they were "concerned" or "worried" about the economic outlook for the next 12 months. One-third said they were "optimistic" or "satisfied."

More than half of the buyers said the first quarter of 1974 had not measured up to their expectations, and only 7 per cent said it had exceeded them.

Only in pricing were the purchasing agents optimistic. Some reported that business was so slow they were easily able to turn back attempts to raise prices. Others said many of their suppliers were eliminating price escalator clauses when pressed to do so.

Although the outlook was generally gloomy, the survey indicated that there was a "very modest improvement in confidence [which] carries with it members' expectations that general belt-tightening will take them through to a second-half upturn, spurred by improvement in the auto market, housing and construction."

...lkswagen Raises Prices, ...nies It Plans Big Layoffs

...EBURG, W. Germany, ... (UPI).—In an apparent ... to make up for a slump ...fit as a result of low ...ic and foreign sales, the Volkswagen company has raised prices of most models by an average 4.3 per cent.

The price increase, announced yesterday, is the second this year. On Jan. 1, prices went up an average 3.5 per cent.

Exempted from the new increase was VW's newest model, the Polo.

In a related development, Toni Schmuecker, VW's chief executive, described in a newspaper interview yesterday as "grossly exaggerated" reports claiming that the ailing auto giant was considering dismissing a total 34,300 workers of its 135,000 labor force.

But Mr. Schmuecker, a former manager at Ford who assumed his VW post in January succeeding Rudolf Leiding, acknowledged that "personnel adjustment measures are unavoidable."

Mr. Schmuecker's statement came one day after Hans Edgar Jahn, a provincial leader of the opposition Christian Democrats, told a party rally in Peine that VW was planning to fire 16,300 workers in the course of this year.

Mr. Jahn also urged the government of Social Democrat Helmut Schmidt to subsidize VW to help secure jobs.

Both the Finance Ministry in Bonn and Lower Saxony State Economics Minister Erich Kuepker, a VW board member, described Mr. Jahn's figures as "incorrect."

Mr. Kuepker, however, said there would be extensive personnel cuts in line with the company's rationalization drive.

On Friday, 10,200 workers at VW's Neckarsulm plant staged a three-hour strike, seeking greater job security.

The workers walked off their jobs following unconfirmed reports that VW considering shutting down the Neckarsulm works, which is turning out Audi cars.

...F Tightens Up ...Facility Rules ...Borrowing

...HINGTON, April 7 (Reu...The International Mone... Fund announced today ... standards for members ...rrow money from its so... "oil facility."

... country that wants to ... from the facility must ...tate what it is doing to ...ts problems in paying its ...tional bills and the IMF ...e satisfied that the poli... adequate.

... new rules also require a ...er to describe how it is ...g to conserve oil or ... alternative sources of ...

...est rates on loans from ...nd will range from 7 5/8 ...t for three years to 7 7/8 ...nt for up to seven years.

IMF itself can borrow up ...billion from oil exporting ...ies to make available to ...embers through the oil ..., paying the lenders 7 1/4 ...nt a year interest. Less ...alf this amount has been ...ed, but negotiations with ...ctive lenders are under ...he IMF said.

...er the new procedures, a ...r may borrow up to 125 ...nt of its contributions to ...nd or enough to finance ... cent of the increase in ... import costs—whichever ...t is lower.

West Is Urged To Start Gearing For New Boom

GENEVA, April 7 (NYT).—United Nations researchers today urged the Western industrialized world to start expanding its production capacity to avoid bottlenecks and more inflation in the new boom that could come in one or two years.

Much of the pressure on the production capacity of the Western industrialized nations will come from the demand for investment goods of the oil-exporting countries, according to the experts of the UN Economic Commission for Europe.

The researchers noted in their annual economic survey that as demand accelerates, production bottlenecks, which developed during the 1973 boom, could recur.

While the Western world is now going through its worst postwar recession, the survey found there was a "fairly good chance that conditions will improve by the end of 1975."

CRANE VENTURE

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an international bank with a wide range of activities specialising in Euro-currency Finance

Share, Loan Capital & Reserve U.S. $43.3 million
Loans U.S. $308.0 million
Total Assets U.S. $680.0 million
(Equivalent of £ Sterling as at 28th February 1974)

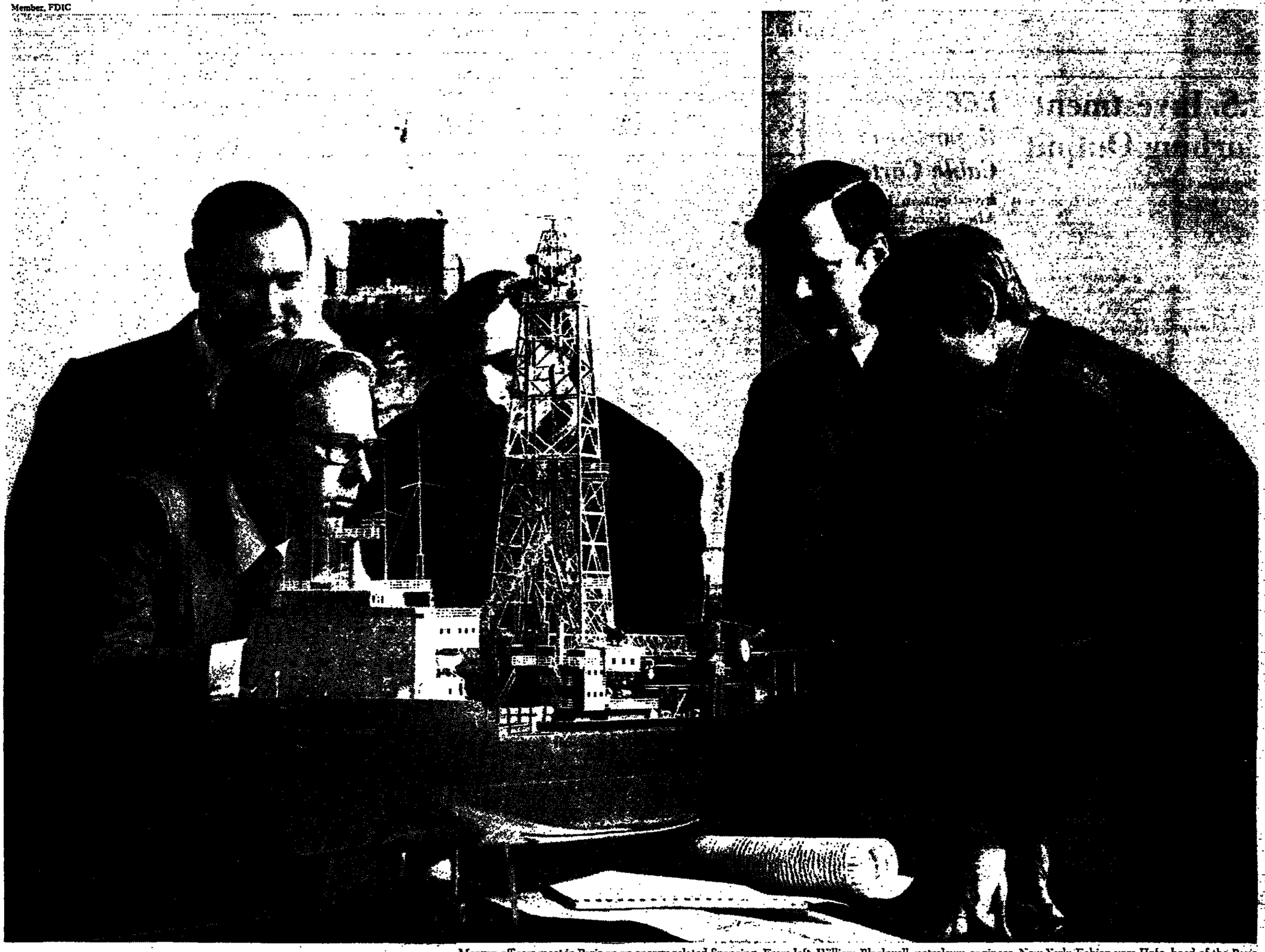
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Associated Japanese Bank (International) Limited

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Jointly owned by
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Morgan officers meet in Paris on an energy-related financing. From left, William Blackwell, petroleum engineer, New York; Fabian vom Hofe, head of the Paris office; David Band, Euro-currency banking head, London; William Barrett, energy-projects finance manager, New York; Michel Girard, general banking, Paris.

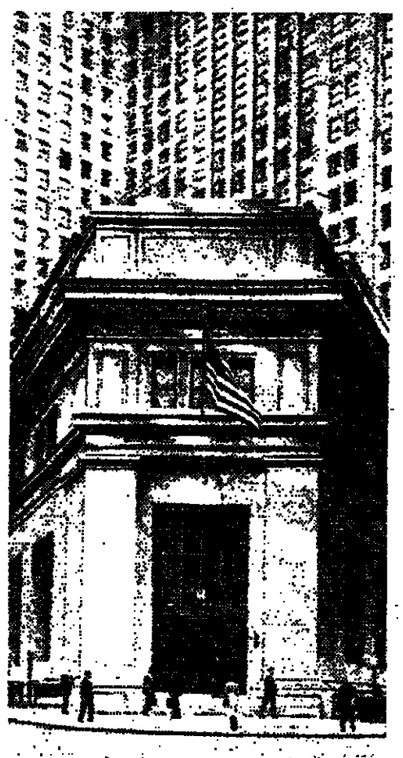
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The capital requirements facing an executive in the energy industry are both immense and complicated. That's the case whether you're developing an oil field or coal mine, building a refinery, or constructing an energy transportation system. Today the complexity of such energy-related investments is often magnified by the existence of multicompany and multicountry partnerships.

You need bankers thoroughly experienced in the unique financial aspects of natural-resource exploitation, power generation, and energy distribution. Morgan Guaranty's energy group, staffed by specialists with this kind of expertise, is ready to consult with you.

These bankers devote full time to serving our energy customers around the world. They've worked on energy-related projects from Argentina to the Middle East, on financing field development from the North Sea to Australia. They can assess both complex technical questions and the economics of a project in relation to financial risk.

Because of their knowledge and experience, this international group can tailor a financial programme to fit your special requirements—whether it's issuing letters of credit for crude in transit, or forming a group of banks to raise hundreds of millions of dollars for a development project. Our energy specialists travel extensively to world petroleum centres from Morgan offices in New York, London, Paris, Beirut, Houston, and elsewhere. To get in touch with them about your needs, you can call any Morgan office, worldwide.



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Morgan Guaranty - the corporate bank

هكذا من الأصل

هكذا من الأصل

New York Stock Exchange Trading

(Continued from Page 8.)

1975 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
21⅞	ConNGs 2.18	7	20	23⅜	23½	23½+	⅛
9⅞	ConsuPow 2	11	178	14⅞	14⅜	14⅜—	⅛
55	CnPw pf7.76		z500	63¾	63	63	
52	CnPw pf7.72		z100	63	62	62 —	1½
51¼	CnPw pf7.45		z60	60	60	60	
49	CnPw pf 6		2	58¼	58¼	58¼—	¼
31½	CnPw pf4.50		z170	37	37	37	
3½	Cont Air Lin	9	84	5⅞	5¼	5¼	
24⅝	ConCan 1.80	6	159	25¾	24¾	25 —	½
7½	ContCop .80	2	40	9¼	9	9¼+	⅛
32¼	ContCp 2.40	10	165	36¼	35⅞	36¼+	¼
36⅝	CtIC pfA2.50		8	39⅝	39	39⅝	
26⅞	ContlCp 2.20	5	62	30⅝	30	30½+	½
6¾	ContlP 1.37e		52	9⅛	8⅞	8⅞—	¼
1⅝	Contll Rlty		17	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
40⅝	ContlOil 2	7	192	44⅛	43⅝	44 —	⅛
10	ContTele 1	7	243	11½	11⅛	11⅛—	⅜
10⅛	Control Dat	167	206	15	14⅝	15	
19⅝	Conwood 2	8	5	25½	25	25½+	¼
1¼	CookUn .26r		20	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜+	⅛
23⅝	CoopInd 1.44	7	15	35¼	35	35 —	⅝
4⅞	Cooper Lab		519	6	5¼	5⅛—	⅝
5¼	CoopTR .40		1	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
10½	CopT pf1.25		1	11½	11½	11½	
7⅛	Copeind .40	9	1	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	
17½	CoppRg .50a	3	68	26⅞	26½	26¾+	½
19⅛	CopwCp 1.80	4	32	27¼	26⅝	27	
1⅛	Cordura Cp		35	1¾	1½	1½—	¼
23⅞	CornG 1.12a	23	147	43¾	42¼	43⅝+	½
1¼	Cousins Mtg		26	2⅝	2⅛	2⅛—	⅛
10¼	CoxBdct .40	9	24	19⅛	18⅞	19 —	⅛
32⅝	CPC Intl 2	10	162	39⅝	39⅛	39⅛—	⅜
25½	Crane 1.60	4	44	40½	40	40¼+	⅛
4⅜	CreditF .42	11	11	5¼	5¼	5¼	
14⅞	CrockN 1.64	9	99	22⅞	22¼	22¼—	⅝
7	CrompK .88	5	7	10¼	10	10¼+	¼
2½	CrouHin .70	7	5	16⅝	16½	16½—	⅛
4⅛	Crown Cork	9	73	19⅞	19¼	19⅝—	⅛
4⅛	CrwZll 1.80a	6	328	32¼	31¾	32	
7⅝	CTS Cp .50	7	28	13	12⅞	13 +	⅛
5½	Culligan .40	6	11	6¾	6½	6⅝+	⅛
5⅝	CumEng 1a	6	6	19¾	19½	19½	
3⅝	CunnDrg .20	14	2	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝—	⅛
0¼	CurInc 1.06e		15	10¾	10⅛	10⅜—	⅛
5½	CurtisW .40a	8	55	9⅝	9⅛	9 —	¼
5⅝	CurtisWrA 2		1	20½	20½	20½	
3	CutlerH 1.60	5	33	23	22½	22½—	⅞
3⅛	Cyclop 1.40a	3	20	21⅛	20⅝	20⅝—	⅝
2	Cyprus 1.40	5	15	27	26½	26¾+	¼

D

1975 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
9⅝	Damon .20	12	103	12⅝	12⅜	12⅜	
4¼	DanRiv .10p	5	11	5⅝	5⅜	5⅜—	⅛
5½	DanaCp 1.36	6	39	24⅞	24¾	24⅞—	⅝
2¼	DartInd .60b	8	89	22⅞	21⅜	21⅜—	⅝
0½	DartInd pf 2		12	26⅝	26¼	26¼+	½
8⅝	Data Genl	18	465	26¼	25⅛	26¼—	⅛
0⅝	DaycoCp .50	4	10	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛—	¼
6½	DaytHud .60	8	25	12⅝	12	12 —	¼
2	DaytPL 1.66	7	62	14⅝	13⅞	14	
2	DPL pf 12.50		z100	106	106	106 —	½
5⅜	DeanWit .50	11	85	9⅝	8⅞	8⅞—	¾
4½	Deere 1.80		178	38⅞	38⅜	38⅞+	⅜
9	DelmaP 1.20	6	92	10⅝	10½	10⅝	
0⅝	DeWton 1.30	6	21	23¼	22⅝	22⅝—	⅝
5⅝	DeltaAir .60	8	131	36½	35⅞	36⅛+	½
1⅞	Deltec. Intl		13	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝—	⅛
3½	Deltona Crp		38	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝ —	⅜
2⅞	DennMfg 1	5	8	17⅝	17⅛	17⅛—	⅜
6⅝	Dennys .20	0	106	13⅝	13¼	13⅜—	⅛
3	Dentsply .80	6	137	34⅝	33¼	34⅝+	1⅛
5⅝	Deseret .25	6	83	11	10⅝	11 —	⅛
5⅝	DeSotoln .40	60	3	6	6	6	
8⅝	DetEdis 1.45	7	226	10⅝	10⅛	10⅝+	⅛
5	Det E pf9.32		z40	77½	77½	77½—	1½
3	Det E pf7.68		z130	62	60½	60½—	1½
0½	Det E pf7.45		z130	60	60	60	
0	Det E pf7.36		z150	59	59	59	
2⅝	Det E pf5.50		2	49	48⅝	49	
6⅝	Dial Finl .54	7	16	9⅝	9½	9½—	¼
4⅜	Diamint 2	6	55	28⅝	28	28⅝—	⅛
1⅞	DiamSh 1.40	5	290	30⅞	30¼	30½—	½
7	Dia Sh pfC 2		20	38	37¼	37½—	¾
4	Dia pf D1.20		11	17⅝	17⅛	17⅛—	¼
6½	DickAB .40	6	1	8½	8½	8½	
6⅝	Dictaphn .60	6	27	8⅞	8⅝	8⅞+	⅛
2½	Diebold .40b	9	53	16⅛	15¼	15¼—	1½
3⅝	DiGiorg .08p		3	4	4	4	
5⅝	Digital Eqpt	23	280	88⅝	87	87⅝+	⅛
4⅞	Dillngm .48	5	22	7	6⅞	7 +	⅛
4	Dillon 1.20b	3	18	32⅝	32¼	32¼—	⅝
1¼	Disney .12b	30	905	50⅞	49½	50⅞+	⅜
5¼	Dission .12	6	121	8⅛	8	8 —	⅛
1⅝	Diversfd In	17	16	2⅜	2¼	2¼—	⅛
1	DivMtg .88e		22	2⅛	2	2	
7	DrPeppr .30	23	96	11¾	11⅜	11⅜+	⅜
1⅝	DomeM .80g	14	236	50	48⅝	48⅝—	1¼
7¼	Donnelly .56	4	16	22	21⅝	22 +	¼
8¼	DoricCp .20	4	14	11⅞	11⅜	11⅜—	⅛
6¼	DorOilv .10e	6	17	10⅛	9⅝	9⅝—	⅛
3⅝	Dorsey .10	8	6	5½	5½	5½	
5⅜	Dover 1.20	8	1	37⅝	37⅝	37⅝—	⅛
3⅜	DowCh 1.40	11	543	72⅞	72	72⅝	
3	DPF Inc		3	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
6⅝	Dravo 1.60	7	4	30⅝	30⅛	30⅝ —	½
8⅞	Dresser 1.40	9	46	47	46¼	46¼—	⅝
0⅝	Dres pf 2.20		55	49	48	48¼—	⅛
6½	Drssr pfB 2		12	44	42¾	43½—	½
4½	DrexBd 1.44		22	16⅝	16⅛	16⅛	
3⅛	Dreyfus .55e	3	20	6⅝	6⅜	6⅝	
0⅜	Duk Pw 1.40	7	190	13⅝	13¼	13⅝—	⅛
4	Duke pf8.70		z30	81⅛	81⅛	81⅛—	⅞
7⅝	Duke pf6.75		1	68⅛	68⅛	68⅛—	⅝
1	Duke pf2.69		[illegible]	25	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
8⅞	DunBrad .96	16	1160	25	24⅛	24⅝—	⅛
1¼	Duplan Cp		3	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛+	⅛
7⅞	duPont 5.50a	12	221	101	100	101	
7	duPnt pf4.50		2	60½	60¼	60¼	
4	duPnt pf3.50		2	47½	47	47 +	¼
2⅞	DuqLt 1.72	6	58	15⅞	15½	15½—	⅛
8	Duqn pf7.20		z10	74½	74½	74½—	1½
0¼	Dq 4.1pf2.05		z20	22	22	22	
4	DuqL pf2.75		z220	26½	26¼	26¼	
5½	Dymoln .40	4	x8	7⅝	7¼	7¼—	⅛

E

1975 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
14⅞	EagIP 1.04b	6	9	21⅝	21½	21⅝+	⅛
7¼	EascoCp .50	5	16	11⅝	11¼	11¼—	⅛
3¼	EastAir Lin	14	165	5⅞	5¼	5¼—	¼
4	EastGasF 1	7	68	31⅝	31¼	31⅛	
8⅝	EastUtil 1.50	8	7	12½	12⅛	12⅛	
3	EasKd 1.56a	23	514	89⅝	87⅝	89½+	⅞
19⅝	Eaton 1.80	5	61	27⅝	26⅞	27⅛+	⅜
18⅝	Echlin .42	16	11	25½	25	25 —	⅛
14⅝	EckrdJk .38	20	327	24⅝	23½	24¼—	⅛
6⅝	Eckd NC .28	8	2	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛+	⅛
17⅝	EdisBro 1.48	7	8	27⅝	27½	27½—	½
10	EG&G .12	4	121	13⅛	13	13⅛—	⅛
1⅛	Elect Assoc	10	18	2¼	2⅛	2⅛—	⅛
11¼	EDS .55e	14	19	16⅝	16⅛	16⅛—	⅛
1⅛	El Mem Mg	5	72	2	1¾	1¾—	⅛
7⅞	Elgin Natl	12	2	8⅝	8⅜	8⅝+	⅛
10¼	ElPaso 1.10	5	91	12½	11⅞	12 —	¼
19⅝	EltraCp 1.60	5	16	25⅝	25⅛	25⅝	
23⅛	EmerEl .75	7	328	29⅝	29	29¼—	¼
26⅝	EmeryA .96	27	47	44¼	43⅝	44¼—	½
9⅛	Emeryin .40	6	8	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝—	⅛
15⅝	Emhart 1.30	5	62	18⅛	18	18⅛—	⅛
1⅞	EMI Lt .19e	8	166	2⅝	2½	2⅝+	⅛
10⅞	EmpDE 1.28	9	13	13	12⅝	12⅞—	⅛
13	Empire Fnl	4	60	14⅝	14⅜	14⅜—	⅛
5	Empire Gas	4	34	8	7⅞	8 +	⅛
14⅞	EnglhM .60a	4	263	16⅛	15⅞	16 —	¼
4⅞	EnnisB .32a	4	37	6⅝	6¼	6¼—	¼
14½	Entex 1.20	5	5	17¾	17½	17½—	½
8⅞	Envirotech		24	17⅝	17	17¼—	⅝
8½	Equimrk .88	5	12	10½	10¼	10½+	⅛
21½	EquitGs 2.40	6	7	26½	26¼	26½—	⅛
11½	EquLf 1.89e	9	57	17¼	17	17 —	¼
25¼	Esmark 1.40	4	231	25¾	25⅜	25⅜—	⅜

1975 High	1975 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
5¼	3⅜	Esquire .32	3	13	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜—	⅛
5½	3⅛	Esterline .30	8	x4	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝	
33⅜	23⅝	Ethyl 1.20a	4	41	32¼	32	32 —	⅛
45½	34⅛	Ethyl pf2.40		3	43½	43¼	43½+	½
6	2⅝	Evans Prod		296	5¼	5	5 —	⅛
13⅝	10	ExCell 1	6	43	13⅝	13⅜	13⅛—	⅛
20⅛	16⅛	Exclsr 1.68a		x4	17½	17½	17⅛—	⅛
79⅝	65	Exxon 5.15e	5	594	71⅞	70⅛	70⅝—	⅝

F

1975 High	1975 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
7⅝	4½	Fabrge .48	6	30	5½	5⅜	5½—	⅛
41⅝	17	FairCam .80	8	613	40⅝	38⅝	39½—	1⅛
7⅝	4⅞	Fairind .30	5	65	6⅝	6	6 —	⅛
9⅝	8	FairmtF .60	7	4	9½	9¼	9¼—	¼
3⅝	1⅝	Falstaf Brw		114	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	
6⅝	4¼	FarWst Fnl		9	5⅝	5¼	5¼—	⅛
5⅞	3⅝	Farah Mfg		4	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝	
6⅞	2⅞	Fedders Cp		199	5⅝	5⅜	5⅛—	⅜
12⅝	9¼	FederalCo 1	7	14	12⅝	12½	12⅝+	⅜
19⅞	13⅞	FedMog 1.80	9	33	17¾	17	17¼+	⅛
19⅞	15¼	FedNMt .68	7	788	15⅝	14⅞	15 —	⅛
25⅛	15¼	FedPap 1.50	3	14	22½	22⅛	22⅛—	⅛
16½	12⅞	FPap pf1.20		1	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝—	⅜
6⅞	3⅝	FedSign .30	4	10	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜—	⅛
42⅝	25⅞	FedDSt 1.16	16	281	42⅝	41¾	42⅛+	¼
29½	15¼	FerroCp 1	6	47	26⅞	26	26 —	½
14¼	10⅛	Fibrebrd .60	35	19	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛	
4⅛	2⅝	Fidelity Fin	6	3	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
30½	25¼	FidelUn 2.40	6	5	29½	29¼	29½+	¼
10⅝	7⅝	FieldcrMil 1	23	12	9⅞	9⅛	9⅛—	⅛
12	6⅝	FiltrolCp .60	5	2	10⅝	10¼	10⅛—	⅛
12	7½	FinlFed .52t	4	64	9⅝	9½	9⅝—	⅛
18⅛	13⅝	Firestn 1.10	6	69	17⅛	17	17⅛	
12⅞	9½	FstChar .27t	6	257	10⅝	10¼	10⅛—	⅛
22⅝	17	FstChic .90	6	76	17	16⅝	16⅞—	⅛
43⅝	35¼	FstInBn 1.10	13	28	39⅝	39	39⅝+	⅜
19¼	12¼	FstMiss .24	4	208	18	17⅝	18 +	⅛
2⅛	⅝	FstMtg Inv		45	1⅝	1⅝	1½	
30⅝	24⅝	FstNBo 1.88	6	32	28⅝	27½	28⅛+	⅜
23⅛	18⅝	FstNStBn 2	6	4	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜	
20	13⅝	FstPa 1.32	6	39	17	16½	16½—	¼
5½	2⅝	FPaMt 1.4e7	7	23	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝—	⅛
9½	6⅝	FstUnR .96b	10	1	9¼	9¼	9¼	
6	4⅝	FstVaB .45e	8	56	5¼	5	5⅛—	⅛
16½	11⅞	FWisCp 1.76	14	8	14⅜	14⅛	14⅜+	⅛
34	19¼	FischM 1.10	9	3	31⅝	30⅞	30⅞—	⅝
15⅛	9⅝	FischFds .40	7	20	14⅛	14	14 —	⅛
8⅝	4⅝	FishrSci .20	8	11	7⅝	7⅜	7⅝+	¼
13⅝	7⅝	FleetEnt .24	28	85	12⅛	11⅝	11¾—	⅜
13½	10⅛	Fleming .70	7	14	12⅝	12¼	12¼	
12⅛	7⅛	Flexvan .62t	5	41	11¼	10⅞	11⅛	
17	11	Flintkot 1.16	7	9	15½	15¼	15½+	⅛
26⅝	15⅝	FlaE Coast	7	6	23¼	22⅞	22⅞—	¼
11⅞	8½	FlaGas .80	4	35	10⅞	10⅜	10⅜—	⅛
21⅜	13⅝	FlaPow 1.95	8	40	19¼	18⅞	19¼+	⅛
23⅜	15⅝	FlaPwL 1.36	8	263	21⅝	21⅛	21⅛—	⅜
22⅛	18	FlaStl 1.50	3	9	21⅞	21½	21⅜	
29½	15	FluorCp .40	13	283	28⅛	27⅝	27⅝—	⅜
15⅞	10⅝	FMC .92	6	41	14½	14¼	14⅝—	⅛
29½	25	FMC pf2.25		4	28⅝	28¼	28¼—	⅛
6¼	4¼	Fd Fair .20	7	13	5	4⅞	5 +	⅛
8¼	5½	FooteCB .80	6	2	8½	8⅝	8½+	⅛
38½	32⅝	FordM 3.20	9	337	35	34½	34⅝—	½
14⅝	10⅛	ForMcK .88	4	131	13⅝	13¼	13¼—	⅛
25⅝	19¼	FMK pf1.80		9	25	24⅝	24⅝+	¼
16	13⅝	FtDea 1.24a		11	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	
22¼	13⅝	FtHowP .48	14	51	21¼	21	21⅛	+⅛
24⅝	15⅝	FosterWhl 1	7	21	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛—	⅛
32	23	Foxboro .60	14	8	28⅛	27⅝	27⅝—	⅜
20¼	13⅛	FrnklnM .40	12	777	19⅝	18½	19	
27½	22⅝	FreepM 1.60	5	65	27	26⅝	27 +	⅜
19¼	14	Fruehf 1.80	8	175	15⅝	15¼	15⅝+	⅜
6⅝	3⅝	Fuqua Ind	5	71	5⅝	5⅜	5⅜	

G

1975 High	1975 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
6½	2⅝	Gablelnd 11	4	2	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
2⅛	15-16	GAC Corp	7	22	1⅞	1¾	1⅞	
11⅝	7⅛	GAF Cp .52	4	90	9⅝	9¼	9½+	¼
16⅝	13	GAF pf 1.20		14	15⅝	15⅜	15⅜—	⅜
25¼	19¼	GamSk 1.40	4	19	23⅞	23½	23⅞—	⅛
24½	19¼	GamS pf1.75		2	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝+	⅝
34⅝	23	Gannett .52	20	31	32¼	31⅝	32	
24	17⅝	GardDen .76	16	19	23⅝	22⅝	23¼+	⅛
13	6⅝	Garfinkl .96	7	9	12⅝	12½	12½—	½
17	14½	Garlock .88	6	2	16½	16¼	16¼	
12	8⅝	Gas Svc 1.12	7	23	11⅛	10⅞	11⅛+	⅜
3⅝	1¼	Gateway In		1	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝+	⅛
5⅝	2⅝	GCA Corp	5	27	4⅝	4⅜	4⅝—	⅛
9¼	5⅝	Gemini Cap.		10	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝—	⅛
12⅝	11	Geminiln 1a		1	12½	12½	12½—	⅛
9⅞	7⅝	GnAInv .24e		18	9	8⅞	8⅞	
43⅝	31⅛	GnAOil .80b	7	37	32	31⅝	31⅝—	⅝
35⅝	26⅝	GATran 1.80	7	24	31½	31	31⅛—	⅝
11½	7⅞	GenBanc .80	5	18	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
10⅝	7⅛	GnCable .72	5	82	10	9⅝	9⅞+	⅛
14	10⅛	GenCig 1.20	7	6	13½	13⅛	13⅜+	⅛
19½	7½	G Cinma .44	9	145	17⅝	15¼	17 —	⅜
6½	2⅝	Gen Develpt	5	14	5½	5⅝	5⅝—	⅛
33½	19	Gen Dynam	7	300	34⅝	33⅝	34⅛+	⅜
49½	32⅝	GenEl 1.60	13	515	44⅝	44⅝	45⅛—	⅛
26	18⅝	GenFood 1.40	9	148	22⅞	22⅛	22⅝—	⅛
17⅝	12½	GnGth 1.14e	17	30	17⅝	16⅝	16⅝—	⅝
9⅝	4⅞	GnHost .40e	1	9	8	7⅝	7⅞	
11⅝	5	GenInst .27t	6	219	11⅛	11	11⅛—	⅛
11½	6⅛	GenMed .14a	9	24	10⅞	10⅝	10⅞—	⅛
45⅞	40⅝	GenMill 1.20	13	39	45⅝	45⅛	45⅛—	⅛
45⅝	31⅛	GnMot 3.15e	12	742	40⅝	39⅝	39⅝—	⅝
51¾	45⅝	GMot pf3.75		3	49⅝	49⅛	49⅛—	⅝
8⅝	4⅝	GenPort .80	25	69	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝—	⅛
14⅝	10⅝	GPubUt 1.68	6	190	13⅝	13⅜	13⅜—	⅛
10⅛	5⅝	G Reira .20e	4	24	10	9⅝	9⅞—	⅛
37	23⅞	GnSignal .76	13	7	35½	35½	35½—	¼
4⅞	2⅝	Gen Steel	5	8	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝—	⅛
23⅞	16⅞	G Te:El 1.80	9	435	20⅝	19⅞	20 —	⅝
32⅞	25⅛	GTEI pf2.50		1	30⅝	30⅞	30⅞	
15⅛	10⅛	G Tire 1.10b	4	139	13	12⅝	13 —	⅛
4⅝	2⅝	Genesco Inc	15	24	3½	3⅛	3⅛—	⅛
35⅛	23⅜	GenuPts .64	22	87	34⅝	34	34⅝—	⅝
41⅛	25¼	GaPac .80b	13	319	38⅛	36½	38 —	½
67½	58	GaPw pf7.80		z330	64½	64½	64½+	1
67⅛	58	GaPw pf7.72		z50	64⅝	64⅝	64⅝—	⅛
18	12⅛	GerberPd 1	9	93	16⅝	16	16	
153⅛	127⅛	GettyO 1.50e	10	53	145	144	144 —	1
18	17	GettO pf1.20		7	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	
5⅝	4⅝	GF Bus .32a	4	11	5⅝	5½	5½—	⅛
14⅛	10	GianPCem 1	7	5	12½	12⅝	12⅝—	⅛
11⅝	7½	Gib Finl .73t	5	54	9⅝	9⅝	9½—	⅛
7¼	3	GidLw .20e	5	46	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝—	⅛
33⅛	21¼	Gillette 1.50	10	87	30½	29⅞	30⅛—	⅛
8½	4⅝	Ginos Inc	9	14	6⅝	6½	6⅝+	⅛
8	4⅝	Gleason Wk		54	6	5⅞	5⅞—	⅛
15⅛	10⅝	Global Mar	9	102	11¼	10⅞	11⅛—	⅛
16½	13½	GlobeUn 1	4	13	14⅝	14⅛	14⅝+	⅛
10⅝	9½	GoldWt Fin	6	35	10⅝	10¼	10¼—	⅛
17⅛	13⅝	Goodrh 1.12	4	40	16⅝	16½	16½	
17½	12⅛	Goodyr 1.10	8	348	17⅛	16⅝	16⅞—	¼
12⅞	6⅝	GorJwlA .32	6	7	12⅝	12⅛	12⅛—	⅜
21	16	Gouldin 1.20	5	78	19⅝	19⅛	19⅝+	⅛
17⅝	13⅝	Gould pf1.35		12	16	15⅝	15⅝—	⅛
26⅝	22⅛	Grace 1.60	6	81	25⅛	24⅞	24⅞—	⅜
15⅝	7⅝	GrandUn .80	30	106	15⅛	14⅞	14⅞—	⅜
18⅛	13⅛	Granitv 1.50	3	2	17⅛	17	17⅛+	⅛
7⅞	1⅝	Grant WT		84	4⅝	4½	4⅝	
10⅛	6⅛	GrayDrg .50	4	19	9½	9⅛	9½	
10⅝	7½	GtAtlPac	7	38	9⅝	9⅛	9⅛+	⅛
17½	10⅝	GtLkDr 1.20	10	3	16⅛	16	16	
12⅝	10⅛	GtNoIr 1.10e	12	4	11⅝	11½	11⅝—	⅛
38	28⅛	GtNorN 1.80	4	45	38⅛	32⅝	32⅝—	⅝
22	18⅝	GNN pf1.60		3	21	20⅝	21 +	⅛
17⅝	14⅛	GtWnFin .44	7	391	14⅞	14½	14⅝—	⅛
28⅞	20⅛	GrtWU 2.92a	1	34	25⅝	25⅛	25⅛+	⅛
16⅝	15	GrWn pf1.88		8	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	
19⅝	12⅛	GrGiant 1.08	6	10	18⅝	18⅛	18⅛—	¼
13⅝	10½	Greyhd 1.04	8	129	11⅝	11½	11½—	⅛
2⅛	1⅝	Greyhnd wt		64	1⅞	1⅝	1⅝	
3⅝	1	Grolier Inc		27	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
15⅝	10	Grumm .60	5	56	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝+	⅜
12	6½	Guarin .20e	8	11	11	10⅞	10⅞—	¼
4⅝	2⅝	Guard Mtg		49	3⅛	3	3	
8¼	6½	GlfLfHld .50	5	79	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	
4	1⅝	GulfMtg Rlt		3	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞—	¼
22	17⅝	GulfOil 1.70	4	519	19⅝	19¼	19½+	⅛
15⅝	14⅝	GlfRes .50e	2	36	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝—	⅝
19⅝	15⅝	GfR pfB1.30		1	18	18	18 —	¼
13⅝	10⅝	GlfStUt 1.12	7	900	12⅛	11⅝	11⅝—	½
32½	23½	GlfWnInd 1a	4	349	32⅛	30⅝	32⅛+	1⅛
5⅛	3⅝	GlfWind wt		42	4½	4⅛	4½+	⅛
59½	45	GlfW pf 3.87		7	57⅝	55⅝	57⅝+	1⅝
3⅞	1⅝	Gulton Ind	14	13	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	

H

1975 High	1975 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
28⅝	20½	HackW 2.48	11	3	26⅞	26⅞	26⅞—	⅛
16⅛	10⅛	HallFB .50	13	15	15	14⅝	15 +	⅛
148⅝	115	Hallibtn 1.32	18	186	138⅛	135⅞	137⅝—	1⅛
16⅝	12⅛	HamrIP 1.20	3	54	15⅛	15	15	
5⅛	3⅝	Hammond	7	8	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
6⅛	3⅛	Handlmn .40	14	71	5⅝	5⅛	5⅝—	⅛
25⅛	20⅛	HandyH .80	4	4	23⅝	23½	23½—	⅛
8⅝	6⅛	HanesCp .68		10	8½	8⅝	8⅝—	⅛
40	24½	Hanna 1.35	15	5	34½	34½	34½—	⅛
24⅛	14⅝	HarBrJ 1.20	7	303	23⅛	23⅛	23⅝—	⅛
5⅝	3	Hardees	18	6	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
33½	25⅝	Harnisf 1.60	4	15	33	32⅛	32¼—	⅜
16⅛	8	Harrahs .22	10	12	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝—	⅛
21⅞	14½	Harris 1.20		37	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛—	⅛
14	10	Harsco 1b	5	10	13⅛	13	13⅛+	⅛
8⅝	5½	HartSMx .40	7	30	8⅛	7½	8⅛+	⅜
13⅞	6¼	HarteHk .20	8	34	12	11⅞	12	
17⅛	14⅝	HattSe 1.44a		10	16½	16⅛	16⅝	
20⅝	16½	HawllEl 1.68	7	27	19½	19	19⅛—	⅛
10⅝	7½	HayesAlb 1	6	11	9⅝	9½	9⅝+	⅛
4⅝	2⅛	Hazeltine		4	3½	3⅝	3½	
9⅝	5⅛	HCA M .50e	3	7	7⅝	7½	7½—	⅛
11	5½	Hecks .12	6	23	9⅝	9	9⅝+	⅛
20⅛	13½	HeclaM .50t	13	64	16⅝	15⅞	16⅛—	⅛
7⅝	6⅝	Heilem .48a	6	16	7⅝	7⅜	7⅜—	⅛
49½	38½	HeinzH 1.28	11	30	45⅝	45⅛	45½—	½
4⅝	2⅛	Helene Curt	6	6	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
30½	24	HellerInt .84	10	49	25⅝	24	24⅛—	¼
11⅝	5⅝	HelmeP .60		64	11⅝	11⅛	11⅛	
35⅝	26	HelmrhP .30	8	42	28	26⅝	27⅝—	⅛
1⅝	1⅛	Hemisph Cp		3	1⅝	1⅛	1⅛—	⅛
29⅝	21½	Hercules .80	10	346	22⅛	21⅝	22⅛—	⅛
19⅛	10⅝	HershFd .80	11	69	18⅝	18⅛	18⅝+	⅛
27	20⅝	Hesston .40	5	8	22⅛	21⅝	21⅝—	⅛
40	20½	Heubln 1.10	13	163	35⅝	34⅝	34⅝—	1¼
93⅝	56⅝	HewltPk .20	27	405	88½	86⅛	87 —	1⅛
7	3⅝	High Voltg	10	13	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝—	⅛
23⅝	18⅛	Hilton Htl 1	10	131	21⅝	21⅛	21⅛—	½
3⅛	2⅛	HMW Ind	4	6	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞—	⅛
19	11½	Hobart .80	10	14	17⅝	17⅝	17⅛+	⅛
13⅝	8⅛	HoernW .72	5	21	12⅝	12⅛	12⅛—	⅛
5⅛	3⅛	Hoff Elctrn		15	4⅝	4⅛	4⅛	
12	5⅛	Holiday .35	10	237	10⅝	10¼	10⅝—	¼
33⅝	22⅛	HollySug 3a	2	40	28⅝	28	28⅛—	⅛
49	34½	Homestk 1e	15	491	44⅝	43⅛	44⅛+	⅛
35⅛	20⅝	Honywll 1.40	7	233	28	27½	27⅝—	½
15⅝	12⅝	HoovBll 1.28	6	4	14½	14⅛	14½+	⅛
4½	1⅛	Horizon Cp	4	9	2⅝	2½	2⅝+	⅛
14⅝	7⅝	HospAff .37t	8	6	12¼	12⅛	12¼—	⅛
20	8⅝	HospCpA .20	11	123	18⅞	18⅛	18⅞+	⅜
10⅝	5⅝	HostIntl .36	6	53	8⅛	7⅝	7⅝—	⅛
9⅝	7⅛	Houdall .80a	4	42	9	8⅝	8⅝—	⅛
10⅞	6	HougMif .60	6	1	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝—	⅛
9¼	3⅛	HouFab .10e	9	52	7⅝	7⅛	7⅛—	⅛
1⅝	1⅛	oHseFin 1	6	205	15⅛	14	14⅛—	⅛
32⅛	25½	HouF pf2.50		38	30⅝	30	30 —	1⅛
42	26⅛	HouF pf2.37		12	35	32⅛	33 —	2
25⅝	20⅛	HousLP 1.56	8	28	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	
40	29⅛	HouNGs .80	10	41	33⅞	33⅝	33⅝—	⅜
79½	59	HouG pf2.50		1	67	67	67 —	½
11⅛	4⅝	HowJohn .20	13	327	10⅝	10	10½—	⅛
14⅝	10⅛	Howmet 1	5	4	12½	12¼	12¼—	⅛
14⅝	9⅝	Hubbrd 1.60	7	45	12⅝	12	12 —	⅜
18	13⅝	HudsA 1.60	5	1	18	18	18	
17½	13⅝	HudsB 1.60e	5	1	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛+	⅜
5	3	HughHat .40	16	2	4⅝	4¼	4¼	
78½	61⅝	Hughs Tl .50	19	85	75⅝	74⅝	75 —	⅛
10	4⅝	Humana	7	67	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝—	⅛
17⅝	11⅝	HuntCh .24	12	8	13⅝	13⅛	13⅛—	⅝
15⅝	6⅝	HuttnEF .48	10	48	13⅝	12⅛	12⅝—	1
19⅛	14⅝	Huyck .40	13	16	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛—	⅛
7⅝	4½	Hydromt .24	4	13	6½	6¼	6¼—	¼

I

1975 High	1975 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
4⅝	1⅝	ICN Pharm		113	3⅝	3	3	
29	23⅝	IdahoP 1.96	8	32	25⅝	25¼	25½+	¼
17⅝	11⅛	IdealBasic 1	7	25	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝—	⅛
75¼	51	Ideal pf4.75		1	67⅝	67⅝	67⅝—	⅛
5⅝	2⅝	IdeaToy .10t	4	27	4⅝	4½	4½—	⅛
17¼	10	IDS Rl 3.22e	4	54	11⅝	11⅛	11⅛—	⅛
15⅛	10⅛	IllCent 1.30	4	115	13⅝	13⅛	13½+	¼
73	62⅝	IllCent pfA6		6	62⅝	62	62⅝	
35⅝	27⅛	IlCen pf3.50		9	33⅝	33⅛	33⅝	
23⅛	17½	IllPowr 2.20	9	47	21⅞	20⅝	20⅞—	⅝
28	23½	IlPow pf2.35		z100	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝—	½
24½	22	IlPow pf2.13		z40	22	22	22 —	1⅛
24	21⅛	IlPow pf2.10		z40	22½	22½	22½+	⅜
23½	17	IllToolW .50	12	7	23⅝	23⅛	23½+	½
10¼	7½	ImpCpAm	5	285	8⅝	8⅛	8¼—	⅛
33⅛	28⅛	INA Cp 2.10	8	322	32⅝	32⅛	32½—	½
18⅛	14⅝	INA Inv 1.59		12	16⅝	16⅛	16⅛—	⅛
4⅝	2⅛	Income Cap		14	4¼	4⅛	4⅛—	⅛
19⅛	14⅝	IndianGas 2	8	7	18⅝	18⅛	18⅝+	½
20⅛	13	IndpIPL 1.82	10	100	18⅝	18	18⅝+	⅛
82	63	In PL pf6.25		1	77	77	77 +	1
15⅝	10	IndlNat 1.20	20	27	14⅞	14⅛	14½+	½
8	5⅝	Inexco Oil	75	60	6⅝	6	6	
78⅝	64⅝	IngerR 2.48	13	90	74	73½	73½—	1
49	38	IngR pf2.25		25	46⅝	45¼	45⅛	
41⅛	32⅛	IndStl 2.40a	5	165	39⅝	39⅛	39⅛—	½
7⅝	5⅛	Inmont .40	4	14	6⅝	6⅝	6½	
8	5⅝	Inslico .70	5	40	7⅛	7⅝	7⅝	
13	10½	Insll pfA1.25		5	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛—	⅛
40½	27½	InsplrCop 2	10	43	38⅝	38	38	
3⅝	1¼	Instlf InvTr	3	1	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝+	⅛
7½	4⅛	Integon .28	7	12	7	6⅝	7 +	⅛
34	18⅛	Interco 1.46	7	45	31	30⅛	30⅝—	⅛
2⅝	1⅝	Intrcnil Div	5	14	2	1⅝	1⅞—	⅛
32½	21	Interlake 2a	3	21	30	29⅝	29⅝—	⅛
224⅝	157⅛	IBM 6	16	418	198⅛	195⅛	197⅝—	⅛
32⅛	23⅝	IntFlav .29r	33	248	28⅝	28	28⅛+	⅛
27	19⅛	IntHarv 1.70	4	199	24⅞	24⅛	24½—	⅛
10⅝	6⅛	IntHold .68e		27	10⅛	10	10⅛+	⅛
43⅛	30⅞	IntMinl 1.28	6	462	44	42⅝	43⅞+	⅛
11⅞	6⅝	IntMng 1t	4	28	8½	8⅛	8⅛—	¼
25⅛	17⅛	IntMultl 1.36	6	8	24⅝	24⅛	24⅛	
25⅝	21⅝	InNick 1.40a	6	134	24⅝	24⅛	24⅛	
44⅝	34⅝	IntPaper 2	7	95	42⅝	41⅛	41⅞—	⅛
6½	3⅝	IntRect .12e	5	9	5½	5⅛	5⅛—	⅛
23⅛	14⅛	IntTT 1.52	5	790	19⅝	19⅛	19½—	⅛
45	32⅛	IntTT pfH4		2	42	42	42 —	⅛
47⅛	34⅛	ITT pf14.50		5	45	45	45	
43	31⅞	IntTT pfJ4		29	40	39	39 —	1
43½	32½	IntTT pfK4		12	40¼	40	40 —	½
28½	21	ITT pfN2.25		90	25⅛	25⅛	25⅝—	⅛
53	37⅝	IntTT pfO5		10	48	47⅝	47⅝—	⅛
16⅝	10⅝	Intrpce 1.20	6	7	16⅝	16⅛	16⅛	
15	8⅝	IntrpubGp 1	5	7	14½	13⅞	13⅞—	⅝
10½	5	IntrBrd .05e	8	68	9⅝	9	9 —	⅛
15⅝	11⅛	IntrsPw 1.40	8	10	14⅝	13⅞	14⅛+	⅛
5	3	IntrstUn .24	4	23	4⅛	4	4⅛+	⅛
20	12¼	IaBeef 2.07t	3	25	19	18⅛	18⅛	
12¼	8½	Iowa El 1.30	18	61	10⅝	10	10¼—	⅛
16⅞	10⅞	IowaIlG 1.56	8	24	15⅝	15	15⅛+	⅛
20⅛	16⅛	IowaPw 1.84	7	147	19⅛	18¼	18⅝—	1⅛
17¼	14⅛	IowaPS 1.52	8	25	16⅝	15⅝	16 +	¼
5⅝	2⅝	Tpco Hosp	9	123	4⅝	4⅛	4⅝	
18⅝	13⅛	ITE Imp .72	7	16	17½	17⅝	17½+	⅛
13⅛	5⅛	Itek Corp		59	10⅛	10½	10⅛	
12⅝	8½	IU Intl .85	4	45	11⅛	11⅛	11¼—	⅛
32	22½	IU Int A		10	29⅝	29¼	29¼—	⅜
20	13⅝	IU Int pfl.25		5	18¾	18¾	18¾+	⅛

J-K

1975 High	1975 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
13½	8	JamesF .68	9	37	12	11¾	12	
14⅝	9½	Janlzen .70	4	2	12½	12½	12½	
10⅝	5⅝	JapanF .90e		89	9⅝	8⅞	9 —	⅛
34½	28⅛	JeffPilot .60	13	123	32¼	31½	32¼+	½
105¼	104	JeC pf 13.50		z10	103¾	103¼	103¼+	1⅝
87	71	JerCe pf9.36		z80	79½	79½	79½—	½
25⅞	17½	JewelC 1.20	9	26	23½	22⅞	23⅛—	⅛
5	2⅛	Jewelcor	3	133	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝—	⅛
34⅞	22⅝	JimWalt .80	8	143	32⅝	32⅛	32¼—	⅛
39	28	JimW pf1.60		10	36½	36⅝	35⅞	
17⅞	14	JHanS 1.52e		42	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝—	⅛
21⅛	18	JHanI 1.88e		7	20⅝	20⅛	20½+	⅛
24¼	19⅝	JhnMan 1.20	7	90	20⅛	19⅝	19⅝—	⅝
93⅝	72⅛	JohnJn .80a	31	468	88¼	87	87⅝—	½
11½	8	JohnCon .80	11	13	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛—	¼
12⅝	5	JonLogn .40	9	52	11⅛	10⅞	11⅛+	⅛
55	50¼	JonLau pf 5		z230	52	51	51 —	1
29¼	24⅝	Jorgen 1.50b	4	4	28⅞	28⅝	28⅞	
18⅝	11½	Jostens .90	7	24	18¼	17⅝	17⅝—	⅛
52⅝	42⅝	JoyMfg 1.60	11	x100	48½	48	48¼—	¼
5⅛	3⅛	Justice Mtg	14	28	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝—	⅛
23⅝	12⅝	KaisrAl 1.20	4	129	23	22⅝	23	
52⅝	42⅝	Kai S9pf4.75		1	49⅛	49⅛	49⅛—	⅝
7⅝	4⅝	KaisCem .50	7	23	6⅝	6	6⅝+	⅜
14	11	Ka'Ce pf1.37		2	12⅞	12¾	12	
14⅝	9⅝	KaneMill .20	3	7	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛+	¼
24⅞	18⅞	KCtyPL 2.20	8	28	23⅝	23¼	23⅝+	⅛
15⅛	10⅛	KC Souln 1r	4	11	15½	15	15½+	⅜
17	15	KanNe 1.32b	7	5	15⅝	15⅛	15⅛—	⅛
18⅝	15⅝	KanPLt 1.52	8	45	16⅝	16⅛	15⅞—	⅜
4⅝	2⅝	Katy Ind	4	5	3½	3½	3½	
14⅝	9⅝	Kty pfB 1.46		4	13¾	13½	13⅝+	⅛
9¼	3	KaufBrd .16		535	7⅝	7¼	7⅝—	⅛
17	9⅝	Kauf pf1.50		2	15	15	15 —	⅛
11⅞	8⅝	Kawecki .40	4	24	9½	9⅝	9½—	⅛
15	9⅝	KayserR .60	13	11	12⅝	12	12⅝+	⅜
6	3⅝	KeeneCp .20	5	19	5⅝	5¼	5¼—	⅛
8¼	4⅝	Keller .50	5	7	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞—	⅛
17½	14	Kellogg .60	16	43	16⅛	16	16 —	¼
9⅝	6⅝	Kellwood .80	4	5	8	8	8 —	⅛
34	27	Kennmt 1.40	6	3	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝	
37⅝	31⅛	Kennect 2.60	7	154	35½	35	35⅛—	⅛
18½	13⅝	KyUtil 1.74	10	10	16⅝	16	16½—	⅛
78⅝	60	KerrMcGe 1	17	120	77⅛	75⅝	77⅛+	1
18	15	KeystCon 1a	2	2	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	
19⅛	9⅝	Kidde .80	4	32	17½	17⅛	17⅛—	⅛
40	25	Kid pf A2.20		3	38	38	38 +	1½
31⅞	24⅛	KimbCl 1.60	7	209	30⅞	30	30⅛—	⅛
9¼	5½	KingDSt .40	7	42	8¼	8⅛	8⅛—	⅛
16⅝	11¼	KirschCo .90	7	5	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	
25½	15¼	KLM Airlin		1	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛—	¼
28½	14¼	KnigtRld .54	13	96	28	27⅝	27⅝—	⅛
9⅝	4⅝	Koehrg .30p	6	19	7⅝	7	7⅛+	¼
50	36½	Koppers 2.40	6	22	49	48⅛	48⅛—	⅜
51	42½	Kopr pf 4		z10	49	49	49 +	1
41⅝	34⅛	Krafico 1.92	11	72	39⅞	38⅝	38⅝—	⅛
27¼	20⅛	KresgeS .22	29	472	25⅛	24⅛	25⅛+	⅛
12⅝	8⅛	Kroehler Mf	19	12	11½	11½	11½	
24	15¼	Kroger 1.36	6	68	21⅝	21	21 —	¼
7⅝	4½	Kysor .40	4	24	6⅞	6	6⅞+	¼

L

1975 High	1975 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
17½	12⅝	LacGas 1.56	8	12	15⅞	15⅝	15¾	
18⅝	14⅝	LamSess 1b	3	23	14¼	14	14 —	¼
12½	8¼	LaneBry .72	7	6	11¼	11⅛	11¼—	⅛
15	6¼	LatrobS .10r	6	11	14⅞	14⅝	14⅝—	⅛
6⅝	3½	LearSieg .28	5	29	6	5⅝	5⅞—	⅛
23¼	17⅝	LearS pf2.25		2	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝—	⅛
25¼	12⅝	Leaswy .60b	10	15	24½	24	24⅛—	⅛
13⅛	8½	LeedsN .50	7	13	11½	11	11⅞	
12¼	7¼	Leesona .60	3	5	10¼	10¼	10¼—	¼
13⅛	9	LehPCt .80	5	63	11⅝	11¼	11⅜—	⅛
1⅝	⅝	LehVal Ind	8	22	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
12⅛	8½	Lehmn .72e		35	10	9¼	10 +	⅛
8½	2⅝	Lennar Crp	13	11	6⅝	6½	6½—	⅛
17⅝	11⅛	Lenox .72	9	62	17¼	16¾	17 —	¼
6⅝	4⅛	LevFd Cap		3	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛—	⅛
12½	11	LevFin .75a		6	11½	11½	11½—	⅛
26¼	13	LeviStra .48	7	76	24⅛	23⅝	24 —	⅛
4⅝	1⅝	Levit Furn	16	232	3⅝	3⅞	3⅝+	⅛
4⅝	2⅛	LFE Cp	7	4	4⅛	4	4 —	⅛
22¼	13⅝	LOF 1.60	7	65	18¼	17⅝	17⅝—	⅝
55½	48½	LOF pf4.75		1	54	54	54 +	½
5⅞	3⅝	LibbMcNL	4	4	5¼	5¼	5¼	
11½	7⅛	LibrtyCp .40	5	24	10	10	10	
5⅛	1⅛	Librty Loan		6	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
31⅝	25⅝	LiggMy 2.50	9	46	29⅛	28⅝	28⅞—	⅝
79⅛	57⅛	LillyEli 1.10	26	334	67⅝	65⅛	67⅛+	1
33½	24	LincNat 1.60	9	100	27⅝	27⅛	27⅝—	⅛
65	49	LincNt pf 3		5	55	54½	54½—	1½
18½	13½	LincPl 1.74a		17	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞+	⅛
2⅛	1⅛	Lionel Corp	10	10	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
7⅝	3⅛	Littonln .13t		233	6½	6⅛	6⅜	
9⅞	4⅞	Litton pfc pf		11	8½	8⅛	8⅛+	⅛
3¼	1¼	LMI Inv		26	2⅝	2⅛	2⅛—	⅛
7⅝	3⅝	Lockhd Airc	4	155	6⅛	5⅞	6 —	⅛
21⅝	14½	Loews 1.20	6	174	20	19½	19⅞	
7½	4¼	LomaFin .36		107	6½	6	6 —	⅛
20½	15⅝	LomM 3.39e	5	37	17⅞	17½	17⅝—	⅛
9⅛	5⅝	Lon ont .40e	4	1	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛+	⅛

(Continued on next page.)

Market Summary

April 7, 1975

Most Actives—New York

	Sales	Close	N.C.
Polaroid	220,400	26¾	+1
Travelers	158,500	21⅛	— ½
AmEl Pw	138,400	16⅞	
Pasco Inc	126,300	21¾	+2½
Nat Semicn	116,800	32⅝	
Dun Bradst	116,000	24⅝	— ⅛
Comw Edis	115,400	23½	— ¼
Warn Lamb	99,800	29⅝	— ⅝
Ryder Sys	97,100	5⅝	— ⅜
Disney W	90,500	50⅞	+ ⅜
Gulf StaUt	90,000	11½	— ½
McDonald	88,800	49	+1¼
Avon Prod	87,300	34⅝	— ½
Sony Corp	83,500	9⅝	— ¼
Va ElPow	81,800	10¾	

	Today	Prev. day
Volume (in millions)	13.86	14.17
Advances	378	492
Declines	1015	821
Unchanged	403	459
Total issues	1796	1772
New 1975 highs	23	25
New 1975 lows	22	14

Most Actives—American

	Sales	Close	N.C.
Syntex Corp	122,400	37	—1¼
Champ Ho	74,600	3⅞	— ⅛
Hanovr Petr	38,000	11	+ ⅝
US Filter	37,800	7⅝	— ⅝
Geon Ind	32,600	2¾	+ ⅝
HoustOil M	25,600	22⅛	
Int Couriers	20,600	10½	— ⅜
Goldfield Cp	18,900	1¼	
Intl Bnknot	18,000	11-16	— ⅛
Armin Cp	15,200	17	+ ⅜

Approx total stock sales	1,610,000
Stock sales year ago	1,858,440

American Stock Index:

High	Low	Close	N.C.
79.06	78.58	78.71	—0.30

Dow Jones Averages

	Open	High	Low	Close	Net
30 Ind	744.60	749.84	736.62	742.88—	4.08
20 Trn	161.30	161.87	158.84	159.58—	2.05
15 Utl	76.21	76.59	75.19	75.50—	0.68
65 Stk	233.84	235.21	230.97	232.57—	1.87

Standard & Poor's

	High	Low	Close	N.C.
425 Industrial	90.90	89.27	90.07	—0.57
20 Railroads	37.38	36.71	36.86	—0.46
55 Utilities	38.30	37.55	37.83	—0.31
500 Stocks	81.11	79.66	80.35	—0.53

NYSE Index

	High	Low	Close	N.C.
Comp.	42.75	42.65	42.49	—0.29
Inds	46.90	46.84	46.88	—0.33
Trans.	30.60	30.44	30.44	—0.29
Utils.	29.86	29.76	29.77	—0.16
Finance	45.56	45.41	45.47	—0.31

Odd-Lot Trading in N.Y.

	Shares Buy	Sales	*Short
April 4	195,075	316,390	3,314
April 3	180,902	309,341	1,944
April 2	207,676	342,531	3,054
April 1	214,108	365,480	3,390
Mar. 31	248,000	430,607	3,526
Mar 26	197,431	404,278	4,452

*These totals are included in the sales figures.

European Gold Markets

April 7, 1975

	Open	Close	N.C.
London	173.25	172.60	—1.05
Zurich	173.25	172.75	+0.25
Paris (12.5 kilo)	176.89	176.88	—0.28

U.S. dollars per ounce.

Eurocurrency Interest Rates

	Dollar	German marks	Swiss francs	£
7 D.	5⅝- 6⅛	1½- 2	3⅝- 4⅛	10 -11
1 M.	6⅝- 7⅛	3¼- 3⅝	3⅞- 4⅛	10⅝-11⅛
3 M.	7⅛- 7⅝	4⅛- 4⅝	5 - 5½	12⅝-12⅝
6 M.	7⅝- 8⅛	5 - 5½	5⅞- 6⅝	12⅝-13⅛
1 Y.	7⅞- 8½	5⅝- 6⅛	6¼- 6¾	13⅛-13⅞



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THE DREYFUS INTERCONTINENTAL INVESTMENT FUND N.V.

Notice of Annual General Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of The Dreyfus Intercontinental Investment Fund N.V. ("The Fund") has been called by the Management and will take place at Handelskade 8, Willemstad, Curaçao, Netherlands Antilles, on April 28, 1975, at 11:00.

AGENDA

1. Approval or disapproval of an Investment Advisory Agreement between the Fund and Dreyfus Management, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of The Dreyfus Corporation.
This agreement is in substance the same as the Fund's present investment advisory agreement. The Board recommends approval of this agreement.
2. Election of a Director of the Fund.
3. Consideration of a dividend.
4. Approval of Balance Sheet and Statement of Income and Expenses for the fiscal year ended August 31, 1974.
5. Related Business.

The foregoing items may be approved by a majority of the shares cast on each item. Copies of the Annual Report of the Fund containing the Balance Sheet and Statement of Income and Expenses for the fiscal year ended August 31, 1974, and form of proxy—available in English or German without cost to the Shareholder—may be obtained from the principal office of The Dreyfus Intercontinental Investment Fund N.V., Post Office Box N3712, Nassau, N.P., Bahama Islands, from the offices of the banks listed below, or from:

Dreyfus Management International GmbH
Maximilianstrasse 21,
8 Munich 22, West Germany.
Tel.: 089/220702. Telex: 5/29392.

Holders of bearer shares will be admitted to the Meeting on presentation of their Certificates or presentation of a voucher which may be obtained from any of the banks listed below.

Holders of bearer shares may vote by proxy by mailing a form of proxy and a voucher obtained from one of the banks listed below to Messrs. W. van Bokhorst and E.G. Koopmans, The Dreyfus Intercontinental Investment Fund N.V., c/o Curaçao International Trust Company N.V., P.O. Box 812, Willemstad, Curaçao, Netherlands Antilles. The form of proxy and voucher must be received by Messrs. van Bokhorst and Koopmans by April 24, 1975, to be voted at the meeting.

BOWLING GREEN COMPANY LIMITED
MANAGING DIRECTOR
By Michael A. Glass
Vice President

PAYING AGENTS FOR THE DREYFUS INTERCONTINENTAL INVESTMENT FUND N.V

Montreal Trust Company
15 King Street West,
Toronto, Canada.

Deutsche Bank AG
Grosse Gallusstrasse 10-14
6 Frankfurt/Main
West Germany

Morgan Grenfell & Co. Ltd.
23 Great Winchester Street
London, England

Banque Internationale à Luxembourg
2 Boulevard Royal
Luxembourg-Ville, Luxembourg

The Royal Bank of Canada (France)
3 Rue Scribe
Paris, France

Montreal Trust Company,
15 King Street West,
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Highlights of Banco de Bilbao

Capital & Reserves *(million dollars)* ______ 346
Deposits *(million dollars)* ______ 5793

1 $ USA=56,027 Pesetas (31-12-1974)

Number of Branches in Spain 507
Number of Branches in France 12
Number of Branches in England 7
First Spanish Bank in Paris 1902
First Spanish Bank in London 1918
First Spanish Bank Agency in the United States ... *World's Fair* 1965
First Spanish Commercial Bank in the United States .. *First April* 1975

BANCO DE BILBAO

Arab Unit Plans To Set Up Own Gasoline Stations

[…]DON, April 7 (AP).—A […] of Arab investors plans to […] its own cut-price gasoline […]s in Western Europe to […] Arabian oil directly to […]ers, the London Observer […]d yesterday.

[…] of the men behind the […] the Observer said, is […]med Mahdi al-Tajir, am[…]or to Britain for the Unit[…]ab Emirates, a union of […]doms in the Persian Gulf.

[…] Observer quoted the am[…]or as saying:

[…] want to see the consumer […] oil as cheaply as possible […]e only way to do that is […] to create our own mar[…] I personally am in the […] for filling stations."

[…] newspaper said that the […]roup feels that major oil […]nies are overcharging the […] for gasoline and that it […] to set up its own market[…]ganization in the next few […]s.

Vehicle Registrations Increase in Japan

[…]YO, April 7 (AP-DJ).—[…]hicle registrations in Japan […] 405,156 in March, up 39 […]t from a year earlier, the […] Automobile Dealers As[…]on has reported.

[…] statistics exclude vehicles […]n engine capacity of 360 […] centimeters or less.

[…] total included 273,266 pas[…] cars, up 62.7 per cent, […] trucks, up 7.5 per cent, […] 154 buses, down 13 per cent […]year-ago figures.

[…]rted cars totaled 4,523 in […], up 2.8 per cent from a […]arlier.

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

RCA
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Orion Banking Group

Provided by
Orion Bank Limited
Chase Manhattan Limited RBC Finance B.V.
Mitsubishi Bank (Europe) S.A.
WestLB International S.A., Luxembourg

ORION

New York Stock Exchange Trading

(Continued from preceding page.)

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
15	9⅝	LoneStInd 1	6	82	12¾	12¼	12¾+	¼
28	24	LoneSG 1.60	7	22	25	24¾	24⅞—	⅛
14⅝	10⅜	LngIsLt 1.50	7	111	14⅛	13¾	13¾—	⅛
67¼	51¼	LIL pf 5.75		1	63	63	63	
116	106¾	LIL pfN 13		z140	109	108¼	108¼—	¾
70	44	LongDrg .68	29	9	66¼	66	66 —	¼
7¼	2¼	Loral Corp	8	15	6	5⅞	6	
27¾	21½	LaLand 1.12	8	127	22⅝	22¼	22⅝+	⅛
15⅝	8⅝	LaPacif .20	6	201	13⅝	12¾	13 —	¼
22	17¼	LouisGs 1.84	10	48	19⅞	19½	19⅞+	¼
13¼	8⅞	Lowenst .40	4	10	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝—	⅛
16½	9	LTV Corp	2	224	15⅛	14⅝	14⅞—	⅛
25	12	LTV Cp AA		9	22½	22	22½+	¼
62⅝	48	LTVCp pf 5		19	57½	57	57 —	1¼
51	35¼	Lubrizol 1	18	49	45⅛	44⅝	44⅝—	½
14¼	8	LuckyStr .64	12	103	13¾	13½	13½—	⅛
11⅞	8¼	Ludlow 1.08	6	52	9⅝	9½	9⅝+	⅛
29¼	22½	LukenSt 1.40	6	29	26	25	26 +	¾
17½	13½	LykYng .75e	1	70	15⅝	15⅛	15¼—	⅛
33⅝	26⅝	Lykes pf2.50		37	29⅝	29¼	29½—	¼
5⅝	3½	LyncCSy .40	7	55	4⅝	4¼	4⅝—	⅛
M								
8⅞	6¼	MacAF .60b	5	11	7⅝	7½	7½—	⅛
2⅝	1¼	MacDonal	17	6	2¼	2¼	2¼	
5	2⅝	Macke .30	6	7	3⅞	3¾	3¾	
6⅝	3⅝	Macmill .25	5	101	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝—	⅛
21⅜	12⅝	Macy 1.10	7	308	20	19⅞	19½—	½
49½	43	Macy pf 4.25		z30	47¼	47¼	47¼+	¼
9⅝	7⅛	MadFd .60e		55	8¼	8	8⅛	
6¼	3¼	MadSq Gar		2	5⅛	5	5 —	⅛
5⅝	3¼	MagicCf .32	22	7	4¼	4⅛	4¼	
7⅞	3⅞	Magvox .15p		4	6⅛	6⅛	6¼+	⅛
17	11½	Mallory 1	7	8	15¼	14⅞	14⅞—	⅝
25¼	16½	MalHyd .44b	14	8	24¾	24¼	24½	
3½	2	Manhat Ind		9	3⅜	3⅛	3⅜+	¼
12½	9	Manpwr .88	4	4	11⅞	11⅝	11⅝	
33½	25¼	MfrHan 1.72	7	76	31⅛	30⅜	30⅜—	⅝
35	27¼	MAPCO .70	15	146	33½	33	33 —	⅜
11⅛	9⅝	Marathn Mf	5	54	9¼	8⅞	8⅞—	¼
38	31⅛	MaraO 1.80a	6	210	32½	32	32¼	
22¼	13⅞	Marcor 1	6	262	21⅞	21½	21⅝+	⅜
44	28½	Marcr pf A2		7	43¼	42½	42¾—	¼
13⅜	8¼	Maremt .40	13	102	11⅞	11½	11½—	½
18¾	14¼	MarMid 1.80	6	53	17⅞	17⅝	17¾+	⅛
24¼	16¾	MarionL .48	15	167	22⅝	22	22⅛—	¼
54	4	Marlen 1.60	20	80	51⅞	51¼	51½—	½
29	13⅞	Marley .60	11	10	27⅛	26¾	26¾—	⅛
10	6⅞	Marqtt .50e	4	4	8¾	8⅝	8⅝	
17	6½	Marriot .37t	18	185	14⅞	14⅛	14⅛—	⅝
26⅞	15⅝	MrshF 1.24	11	100	25⅞	24¾	24¾—	1⅛
16⅞	13⅛	MartMa 1.30	4	48	15⅞	15⅝	15¾	
16⅝	11⅝	MridCup .54	7	17	14½	14	14⅛—	¼
45¼	30	MascoCp .32	9	208	40⅞	40½	40¾+	⅛
25½	16½	Masoniet .54	36	123	23	22½	22⅝—	⅜
17¼	13⅝	MassyFer 1	4	25	15¼	14⅞	15⅛—	¼
11¾	7¾	MasMt 1.37e	7	23	10⅝	10½	10½—	⅛
16¼	11¾	MasCp 1.58e		13	15½	15⅛	15⅛—	⅛
12⅞	10⅛	MasInc 1.02		53	10⅝	10¼	10½—	¼
18⅝	12	MatsuE .29e	10	25	18	17¾	8	
34½	22¼	MayDSt .60	11	613	33½	33	33 —	½
18¾	14⅝	MayerOs .92	6	13	18	17¾	17¾—	¼
5⅝	3⅝	MaysJW .28	8	11	4¼	4	4⅛—	⅛
28½	19⅝	Maytg 1.30a	16	83	26⅝	25¾	26	
8⅝	5¾	MBPXL .20e	4	3	7¾	7¾	7¾—	⅛
51⅛	27¾	MCA Inc 1	7	131	49¾	48½	49⅝+	1⅛
12¾	7¾	McCord .96	5	6	11¼	11¼	11¼	
4½	2⅛	McCror .90p		5	3⅝	3½	3⅝+	⅛
84¾	59¾	McDer 1.20	8	71	72⅞	72	72⅝+	¾
47¾	26¾	McDonalds	29	888	49	47⅛	49 +	1⅜
12⅝	8⅛	McDonD .40	4	61	10⅝	10½	10½—	⅛
15⅝	11½	McGEd 1.50	12	92	13⅛	12⅞	12⅞—	¼
11¾	6	McGrwH .56	8	66	10½	10⅛	10⅛—	⅜
19¼	13	M GH pf1.20		2	17¾	17¾	17¾—	⅛
2⅝	1⅛	McGrg Don		7	2⅛	2	2 —	⅛
46⅞	29⅞	McIntyre	11	2420	41⅞	41¼	41½	
21½	10⅝	McKee .80a	6	71	19⅞	18½	19⅞+	1⅛
27⅜	16	McLean .72	6	97	25⅝	25	25 —	½
17½	13¼	McLout 1.60	4	114	15⅝	15⅛	15⅜—	⅛
17¼	13⅜	MeadCp 1.20	3	23	15⅞	15½	15½—	⅜
34⅝	28½	Mea pfB2.80		1	34	34	34 —	½
20	13	Medusa 1.40	8	13	18⅜	18	18 —	⅜
2⅞	1⅛	MEI Cp	7	14	2½	2⅜	2⅜—	⅛
14⅝	6⅝	MelvilSh .48	13	291	14	13⅛	13⅝—	½
7½	2½	Menasc .12t	13	25	6⅞	6¼	6¾—	¼
50⅛	28½	MercStr .80	14	16	50⅜	50	50⅜+	⅜
80	57½	Merck 1.40	25	660	70⅝	69	70 —	⅛
11⅞	8⅛	Meredith .70	4	10	10¼	10¼	10¼	
17	10⅛	MerrLyn .56	14	408	15⅝	14¾	14⅞—	⅜
26⅛	18⅛	MesaPet .05	47	339	19⅝	18¼	18⅝+	¼
10¼	7	Mesabi 1.04e	9	87	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝—	⅛
16⅛	12¼	MGM 1	7	276	15⅝	14⅝	15⅝+	½
9⅝	5⅛	Metrom .50	9	89	9	8¾	9 +	¼
76½	63	MetE pf8.12		z100	72¼	72¼	72¼ —	¾
14⅞	9⅛	MGIC In .10		402	12⅞	11¾	11⅝—	½
12⅞	8½	MichGs 1.10	8	2	11¼	11⅛	11⅛	
16¾	14⅝	MhTube 1.20	4	9	15½	15½	15½	
12¼	8¾	Microdot .60	4	7	10¼	10¼	10¼	
17¼	9⅞	Micrw .79t	9	27	17	16½	16⅝—	½
14	10⅝	MidC Tl 1.04	7	52	12½	12	12 —	⅛
15⅛	12⅝	MidSUt 1.26	6	401	13⅝	13⅛	13¼—	¼
3⅝	2⅛	Midind Mtg	8	8	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜—	⅛
16⅝	10¾	MidldRoss 1	4	21	15½	15⅛	15¼ —	⅛
24⅞	17½	MilesLb 1.28	7	41	22¼	22	22 —	¼
8⅞	4⅞	MillBrd .36a	7	14	6⅞	6¾	6⅞+	⅛
50⅜	43	MinMM 1.35	18	633	47⅞	46½	47⅝—	⅜
16½	13⅝	MinnPL 1.46	9	3	16	16	16 —	⅛
13⅛	9¼	MissnEq .28	6	10	10	9⅞	9⅞—	⅛
20½	16⅛	MissRiv 1.20	4	36	19⅝	19½	19½ —	⅛
14⅞	10⅝	MoPac pf 1		11	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	
20	14	MoPICe 1.60	6	1	18	18	18 +	⅛
11¼	8	MoPSv .84b	6	18	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝ —	¼
43½	34⅛	MobilOil 3.40	4	515	37⅝	37⅛	37⅜ —	⅛
4⅞	1½	Mobil Home		51	3⅜	3¼	3⅜+	⅛
14⅞	8½	Mohas 1.20	14	59	12⅞	12½	12⅝+	⅛
2⅞	1⅛	Mohk Data		117	1⅞	1⅝	1⅝—	⅛
12¼	8⅝	MohkRub 1	9	5	10⅝	10½	10½—	⅛
22¼	14⅞	Molycrp .40	4	84	19⅞	18⅝	19 +	¼
15⅝	9	MonarchM 1	5	3	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝+	⅛
8⅝	5⅞	Mongrm Ind	3	24	7⅝	7⅝	7¾ —	⅛
11¾	7	MonrEq .44	9	83	10⅝	9⅞	10¼	
57¾	41	Monsan 2.40	6	197	55⅛	54⅜	55⅛—	⅛
30	25⅝	MonDU 2.88	7	18	26	25⅝	25⅝—	⅜
25⅝	22¼	MonPw 1.80	8	30	22⅞	22⅝	22⅝ —	⅛
23	19⅞	MonSt 1.80a		35	20½	20½	20½	
7½	4⅝	MONY .72s	10	33	6⅞	6¾	6¾—	⅛
54⅝	27⅞	MoorMc 1.40	5	793	59¼	55¼	58½+	4¼
64⅝	51⅝	Morgan 1.80	13	174	56⅝	56⅛	56¼+	⅜
18⅞	18½	MorrsKn .88	5	23	16⅛	15⅝	15⅞—	1⅛
3	1½	MorseEl Pd		28	2⅛	2	2⅛	
4⅞	2¼	MorseS .61e	7	10	4¼	4⅛	4¼+	⅛
4½	1¾	MtgeTr Am		8	3⅜	3½	3⅜+	⅛
14⅞	11½	MorNor .88	7	535	12⅞	12	12¼—	⅛
53⅞	33¼	Motorola .70	19	133	49⅜	47⅝	48⅛—	⅞
32⅝	25⅞	MtFuel 1.20	13	89	29¼	28¾	28¾—	⅜
19⅞	16¼	MtStTel 1.32	9	12	18¾	18⅝	18⅝—	⅛
7¾	4½	Munford .36	4	7	6⅞	6½	6½	
5⅞	3½	Munfd pf.40		2	5¼	5⅛	5¼	
14¾	11	Munsng 1.08	59	9	12⅝	12½	12½	
14½	10¼	MurphC 1.20	6	7	13¾	13⅝	13⅝	
21⅛	15½	MurpOil .60	3	44	18¼	17¾	18⅛+	⅛
16½	12	MurryOh 1	4	2	14⅞	14⅝	14⅞+	¼
15⅞	12⅞	MutlOm 1.32		13	15¼	15	15 —	¼
7⅝	4	MyersL .60	7	16	6⅝	6¼	6¼—	⅛
N								
35½	22¼	Nabisco 2.30	11	118	32¾	31⅞	31⅞—	1⅛
30⅛	17	NalcoCh .60	19	193	26⅝	26½	26½—	⅛
9⅛	4⅝	NarcoScl .60	7	22	8	7⅝	7⅝ —	⅛
22⅛	15	NashuaC .68	6	15	16⅞	16⅝	16⅝	
13⅝	7⅛	NatAirl .50	4	53	10⅞	10⅛	10⅛+	⅛
12⅞	7⅝	N Avle .49e		12	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛—	⅛
13⅝	9½	NatCan .53	5	69	11⅞	11⅝	11⅝+	⅛
24⅛	19¼	N Can pf1.50		9	22⅛	22¼	22¼—	⅛
42¼	29¾	N Chem .28	28	22	39¾	39½	39½ —	½
8½	5⅝	NatCityL .90		20	7⅛	7	7 —	⅛
37¾	29⅝	NatDst 2.52	5	9	34⅝	34	34⅛ —	⅝
16⅝	13⅝	NatDist 1.20	4	96	15¼	14⅞	14⅞	
22½	18⅛	NatFuelG 2	6	7	20¼	20	20⅛	
14¼	8¾	NatGyp 1.05	7	43	12⅜	12	12⅛	
5	1⅞	Nat Homes		44	4⅛	4	4 —	⅛
5⅝	3¼	NatInd .25	3	45	5⅛	5	5	
11⅞	9½	Nfind pf1.25		7	11⅝	11⅛	11⅛—	⅛
2⅞	⅞	NatMtge Fd		19	2	1⅞	1⅞—	⅛
29¾	20¼	N Pres 1.10e	5	6	27⅝	27½	27½ —	⅝
33¼	9¼	Nat Semicn	23	1168	32⅝	32⅛	32⅝	
9¾	6⅝	N Svcind .72	6	28	8⅛	8¼	8¼—	⅛
16½	11⅝	N Stand .90	4	15	14⅝	13⅞	13⅞—	½
44¼	30½	N Starch .80	14	14	41⅞	40⅜	40⅜—	1⅛
42¼	32¾	NatSll 2.58a	4	57	38¼	37⅞	38¼	
7¼	2⅛	Nat Tea		26	7	6⅞	6⅞	
45⅞	30⅞	Natoma 1.20	3	453	43¼	41½	43⅛+	1⅝
27¼	14½	NCR Cp .72	7	263	26⅜	25½	26⅛—	⅛
11⅞	6⅝	Neptune .40	6	7	10	9¾	9¾ —	⅛
18½	15¾	NevPw 1.50	5	x15	17⅞	17¼	17¼+	¼
22¾	20¾	NevP pf2.30		z600	21½	21	21	
18⅝	13	NEngEl 1.78	7	103	16⅛	16	16	
13½	8⅞	NEnGE 1.28	6	20	11	10⅝	10⅝—	⅜
27⅝	23¼	N EngT 2.36	10	x48	24⅝	23⅝	23⅝—	¼
7-32	3-16	NEngTT rt		243	7-32	⅛	⅛—	1-16
10⅝	8⅝	Newhall .36	8	7	8⅝	8½	8½	
22⅞	18¼	Newmt 1.60	5	59	21⅛	21⅛	21¼ —	⅛
72½	63¾	Nwmt pf4.50		19	68¼	67	68 —	1
22⅝	16⅝	NYSEG 2.20	6	36	20⅞	20⅝	20⅝	
91	79½	NYSE pf8.80		z330	79	79	79 —	1
23½	19½	NYSE pf2.12		4	19⅝	19½	19½ —	⅜
11⅝	8⅛	NiaMP 1.18	6	359	10⅝	10⅛	10¼	
52½	41½	NiaM pf 5.25		z40	53	53	53 +	½
37	29	NiaM pf 3.60		z90	36	35	35 —	1¼
13	11	NiaShr 1.03e		6	12⅝	12	12 —	½
14⅞	11¾	NL Ind 1	4	129	14	13⅝	13¾—	⅛
18½	13¾	NLT Cp .60	6	116	14⅞	14¼	14½—	⅛
69⅝	59⅞	NorflkWn 5	6	49	64⅝	64¼	64⅝+	⅜
15⅝	12⅝	Norlin 1.25	3	17	14⅝	14¼	14½—	⅜
16⅝	10⅞	Norris 1.12	6	44	15⅝	15¼	15½—	⅛
33	24¼	NoACoal .80	9	24	27¾	27½	27⅝ —	⅜
18⅞	8⅛	NoAMt 2.01e	5	136	9⅛	8¾	8⅞ —	⅜
19¼	12⅞	NoAPhl 1.20	7	44	18⅝	18⅛	18⅛	
3⅝	2⅝	NoCAir .10e	5	39	3¼	3	3⅛—	⅛
1⅝	13-16	NoCaAir wt		27	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
9	6⅝	NoestUt 1.02	6	166	8	7⅞	8 +	¼
23¼	17⅞	NorIllGas 2	7	34	20⅞	20¼	20¼—	⅛
24½	19½	NoIlG pf1.90		10	22⅛	21½	21½—	⅜
16¾	13½	NIndPS 1.36	8	22	14¾	14½	14⅝	
60½	51½	NNGs 3.16a	5	38	56	55⅝	55⅝—	½
93⅝	91	NoNG pf8.48		z30	94	93½	94 +	½
22⅞	15⅝	NoStPw 1.84	9	47	21¼	21	21¼+	⅛
87	82	NSPw pf7.84		z50	82	82	82	
4⅝	2⅞	Northgt .50e	6	7	4	3⅞	3⅞—	¼
29⅝	20¼	Northrp 1.60	5	15	27¼	26⅝	26⅝—	⅜
30	23⅛	Nrthp pf1.45		5	27	26⅝	26⅝—	⅜
19⅞	11⅝	NwstAirl .45	6	220	18¼	17⅞	18⅛	
40¼	34	NwtBnc 1.60	9	85	37¼	36¾	37⅛—	⅜
19⅛	13⅛	NwE ctf.20e	4	17	16¼	18	18⅛	
28½	18⅞	Nwind 1.20	3	55	25⅝	25½	25½	
14	8⅛	Nwstind wt		8	12½	12½	12½—	¼
84½	59	Nwind pfA5		1	76⅛	76⅛	76⅛—	1⅝
85	60	Nwind pfC5		1	77	77	77 —	2
64	49½	Nwtin pf4.20		16	58	56⅞	57 —	1½
12⅞	9	NwNL 1.31e	6	17	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝+	⅛
46	34⅛	NwtStl 2.40a	9	5	43½	43¼	43½	
26½	20½	Norton 1.70	5	9	24⅝	24	24¼—	¼
19¾	10⅞	NortSim .40	10	143	17½	17⅛	17¼—	⅛
44	25¾	NortS pf1.60		314	38	37¼	38 —	½
18½	10⅞	NucorCp .28	3	8	15¾	15⅝	15¾	
26	16½	NVF 5.40t	1	87	23⅝	23	23⅝ —	⅛
O								
9⅝	5⅛	Oak Ind .40	3	4	8⅛	8	8⅛+	⅛
15⅝	12⅛	OcciPet .50e	3	235	13⅝	13⅛	13⅜	¼
49⅝	40⅝	OcciP pf3.60		5	43⅛	43	43 —	⅜
20½	13½	OgdenCp 1	4	67	17⅝	17	17 —	½
31	23	Ogdn pf1.87		2	29	29	29 —	½
16⅛	13⅛	OhioEd 1.66	8	124	13⅝	13½	13⅝	
106	100½	OhE pf 10.76		z40	102	102	102	
112	109	OhPw pf 14		z250	109	109	109	
13⅝	10⅝	OKC Cp .80	3	30	12¼	11¾	12 —	⅛
22⅝	18⅛	OklaGE 1.40	10	390	19⅛	18½	18½—	1
23½	17⅞	OklaNG 1.60	8	18	21⅞	21⅛	20⅞+	⅛
21⅛	14⅝	OlinCp 1.20	4	37	18⅝	18⅛	18¼—	½
16⅝	13⅝	Olinkraft 1	4	23	16	15⅝	15⅝—	½
10⅛	7¼	Oneida .76	4	2	8¾	8⅝	8⅝—	⅛
12⅝	10	Opelika 1	6	5	10⅛	10	10⅛	
11¼	7⅛	OrangR 1.20	9	26	10⅝	10⅛	10⅝	
8⅛	3⅝	Orange .12	9	16	6⅝	6⅛	6¼+	⅛
33	24¼	OtisElv 2.20	6	11	30⅝	30½	30½—	¼
20¼	11	OutMar 1.20	9	44	18	17⅝	18 +	⅜
11¾	8	OutletCo .75	4	4	11⅝	11⅞	11½—	½
14¼	9	OvernitT .80	5	15	12⅞	12¾	12¾	
12⅛	8¼	OverShip .15	3	13	9¾	9⅝	9⅝—	⅛
39⅝	25¾	OwenCn .88	14	51	32⅞	33½	33⅛+	⅜
40⅞	32	OwenIll 1.72	7	65	39	38¼	38½—	½
73	62½	OwnIl pf4.75		4	68	67½	68 —	½
11	7¼	Oxfrdind .60	3	2	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
P - Q								
14	11½	PacAS 1.20a		31	12⅝	12½	12⅝—	¼
23½	19⅝	PacGas 1.88	6	165	19⅞	19½	19⅝—	⅜
19	14⅞	PacLtg 1.68	8	15	17⅞	17⅝	17¾	
21	16⅞	PacPetrl .75	8	42	17⅝	16⅞	16⅞—	½
18¾	14⅝	PacPw 1.60	8	84	17¼	16⅞	16⅞—	⅜
15½	12⅜	PacTT 1.20	8	13	13⅝	13⅜	13⅝—	⅛
6⅝	2⅝	Paine Webb		64	5⅝	5	5⅛—	⅛
13	8½	PaiW pf1.30		5	12⅝	12¼	12⅝+	¼
4	2⅞	PalmBc .25	4	5	3⅞	3¾	3¾	
9¼	3	Pamida Inc	12	128	8⅛	8⅛	8½—	¼
5¼	2	PanAm Air		287	4⅛	4	4	
33⅝	27¼	PanhEP 2	6	45	30⅛	28⅞	28⅞—	1½
9⅛	6⅞	Paprcft .60b	5	84	8	7¾	7¾+	⅛
12¼	8⅝	Pargas .98	6	7	11½	11⅝	11½—	⅛
13⅞	13¼	ParHan 1.12	5	13	16⅛	15¼	16½+	⅛
22¼	12¾	ParkPen .64	7	12	21	20⅝	21 +	½
11⅛	11¼	ParkPen wi		1	11	11	11 —	⅛
20½	14	Pasco Inc	8	1253	23⅝	20⅜	21¼+	2½
12½	6½	Payl nw .30	6	10	10⅝	10½	10½—	¼
18⅝	8	PeabGa .08r	11	21	17⅝	16⅝	17⅛+	¼
2⅜	1⅛	Penn Cent		61	2	1⅞	1⅞	
7⅝	3⅝	PennDix .24	5	23	6⅝	6¼	6¼—	¼
3⅝	1⅛	Penn Fruit		2	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	
60¼	36½	Penney 1.16	24	308	52½	50¼	51½—	1¼
20	15⅝	PaPwLt 1.80	6	79	18	18	18	
120	105	PaPLt pf 13		z30	113	113	113 —	½
92	79	PaPL pf8.70		z170	85	85	85	
89	73	PaPL pf8.40		z30	84	84	84 —	½
52	44⅛	PaPL pf4.50		z20	48½	48½	48½	
50½	41½	PaPL pf4.40		z200	47½	47½	47½+	1
24½	17⅝	Pennwlt 1.36	8	x51	23⅛	23¼	23½—	⅛
23½	31	Penwl pf2.50		x4	38⅛	38¼	38¼+	⅜
22	18⅛	Penwl pf1.60		x5	19½	19	19 —	¼
21⅝	17	Pennzol 1.20	5	387	18	17⅝	17⅝—	⅜
80	68½	Pennz pfB 8		11	75	75	75 —	1
27¼	22	Pennz pf1.33		3	22	22	22 —	1½
6⅞	3⅝	PeopDrg .20	11	14	6⅛	5⅞	5⅞—	⅛
36	30⅛	PeopGs 2.68	6	35	33¼	32⅞	33—	⅜
61¼	40⅞	PepsiCo 1.40	15	704	57¾	56	56½—	1⅛
28⅞	14	PerkElm .28	27	138	27½	26½	26⅞—	⅛
23⅞	16⅝	Petinc 1.40	7	3	22	22	22 —	¾
14½	11	Petinc pf 1		1	14	14	14	
11⅝	6¼	PeterPl .80	20	2	10	10	10 +	⅛
60	34	PetrieStr .80	20	5	58⅝	57⅞	58⅛+	⅜
17⅝	8⅝	Petrolan .44	7	24	15⅝	14¾	14⅞—	⅛
33	18⅝	Petrol pf1.37		1	33	33	33	
19⅞	16⅝	Petrim 2.01e		10	17⅛	16⅞	16⅞—	⅛
35⅞	24	Pfizer .76e	16	233	31⅞	30½	31¼	
33⅞	29	PhelpD 2.20	7	48	37⅛	37¼	37⅝	
14⅝	11⅛	PhilaEl 1.64	7	196	12⅞	12⅛	12⅛—	⅛
93	74	PhilE pf9.50		z120	81½	81½	81½—	1½
84	67	PhilE pf8.75		z100	73	72	73 —	⅛
75	57½	PhilE pf7.80		z40	65½	65½	65½—	1
44	35	PhilE pf4.40		z60	38	38	38	
44	33½	PhilE pf4.30		z90	37½	37½	37⅞	
39	32½	PhilE pf3.80		z10	34	34	34	
21⅞	14⅞	PhilSub 1.20	7	18	20½	19¼	19¼—	⅜
50⅝	40⅞	PhilMorr .90	15	333	47½	46½	46⅝—	1⅛
5	2	Philips Ind		6	4⅝	4	4 —	⅛
9⅝	5¼	Phil Ind pf 1		4	8	8	8	
45⅞	37	PhillPet 1.60	7	150	39⅝	38	38½+	½
15⅝	7⅝	Pickwk 1.29t	6	40	14¼	14	14 —	⅛
14½	9¼	PiedNG 1.28	5	14	12⅝	12	12⅝—	⅜
4⅝	2⅞	Pier 1 Imprt	13	21	4½	4⅜	4⅜	
57½	36	Pillsbry 1.80	9	351	50	48½	48⅞—	2½
23⅝	19⅝	PlonNG 1.20	8	61	20⅝	20	20 —	½
16⅝	14⅛	PitneyB .60	8	159	15⅛	15½	15⅛—	½
15	13½	PitFrg .80b	20	15	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞+	⅛
50⅝	36⅝	Pittston .80a	8	210	49	48⅝	48⅞—	½
25¼	12⅝	Pizza Hut	11	30	22¼	21⅞	22¼+	⅜
4⅝	1⅞	Plan Resrch	8	51	3½	3⅛	3⅛—	⅛
4⅝	2⅛	Playboy .12	7	2	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛—	⅛
15⅝	6⅝	Plessey .93e	6	94	16	15¼	16 +	1⅛
7⅝	3⅝	PNB M .96e	6	15	5⅞	5¼	5⅛—	¼
26⅝	15	Polaroid .32	31	2204	25⅝	25½	25⅞+	1
10⅝	3⅞	Ponderosa	15	145	8⅛	8	8⅛—	½
14⅝	8⅞	PopeTa .60b	5	15	13⅝	13	13⅜—	⅛
18½	13⅛	Portec 1b	4	5	17½	17⅛	17⅛—	⅛
17⅝	12⅞	PortGE 1.58	7	23	15½	15¼	15⅜+	⅛
32¼	23⅞	Potlath 1.40	5	49	32½	31¾	32⅛+	⅜
13¼	10	PotmEl 1.16	6	106	10½	10½	10⅝—	⅛
47¾	41	PotEl pf4.50		z160	44½	43¼	43¼—	2¼
45	35½	PotEl pf4.04		z300	42½	42	42 —	½
34¼	26⅝	PotEl pf2.44		1	30	30	30	
29⅞	24⅝	PPGInd 1.70	6	95	26½	25½	25⅞+	¼
9⅛	6	Premier .32	6	6	8⅝	8⅝	8½	
13⅝	10	Premr pf.90		5	13¼	13¼	13¼	
93⅞	78½	ProctGam 2	22	182	92	90½	91½+	½
8⅝	6½	ProdRsh .30	4	6	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞—	⅛
29⅝	18⅝	Proler 1.40	2	138	27¼	25¼	25½—	½
6	4	PSA Inc	9	8	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝+	⅛
15⅛	12¼	PSvCol 1.20	8	177	13⅝	13¼	13½—	⅛
16⅞	12	PSvEG 1.72	6	188	14⅞	14½	14⅝—	¼
107½	104	PSE pf 12.25		z240	107¼	106½	106½—	1
99	82	PSEG pf9.62		z70	94	94	94	
75⅝	64½	PSEG pf7.80		z10	71	71	71 —	2
78	65	PSEG pf7.70		z73	73½	73	73 —	½
75	61	PSEG pf7.52		z100	71½	71½	71½—	½
77	61	PSEG pf7.40		z10	70	70	70 +	1½
15⅛	12¼	PSEG pf1.40		1	14	14	14	
34⅝	29⅞	PSvInd 2.56	9	34	34	33½	33½+	⅛
13½	11⅛	PSInd pf1.08		z200	11½	11	11 —	1¼
13	11	PSInd pf1.04		z400	12½	12¼	12½+	½
16	11½	PSvNH 1.64	6	109	15	14⅝	15 +	⅛
16⅝	11⅝	PSvNM 1.20	8	33	16⅝	16¼	16¼—	¼
9½	3	Pubickr .19t	10	159	8¼	6⅞	8¼+	1¼
3⅝	2⅝	Puebloin .30	8	34	3⅜	3¼	3¼—	⅛
4½	2⅝	PR Cem .12		1	4¼	4¼	4¼	
24¾	18⅞	PugSdP 2.16	6	20	24⅛	24⅛	24⅝—	⅛
49⅝	38	Pullmn 1.70	8	51	45	44⅛	44⅛—	1
12½	7⅛	PurexCp .88	7	76	11	10⅛	10⅝—	⅜
19	14¼	Purex pf1.35		4	19	19	19	
3	1⅛	Purltn Fash		13	2⅛	2½	2⅝	
28⅞	17⅝	Purolatr .96	9	40	27	26⅝	26⅝—	⅛
19½	12⅝	QuakOat .80	9	259	15½	15	15 —	¾
20	15	QuakStO .64	10	61	17¼	16¾	16¾—	¼
6¼	4	Questor		6	5⅝	5½	5½—	¼
17¾	14⅝	Questr pfA 2		2	17	17	17 +	¾
R								
43¾	36	RalstonP .90	14	108	39¾	38⅝	38⅝—	1⅛
5⅞	2⅝	Ramada .12	13	262	4⅝	4½	4½	
10	7⅞	Rancoin .92	6	6	9¾	9⅝	9⅝—	⅛
8¼	5¼	RapidAm 1	9	10	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛+	⅛
24⅝	17¼	Raybest 1.50	4	10	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛—	⅛
11⅝	7¼	Raymint .40	6	10	10⅝	10¼	10½+	⅛
34⅝	25¼	Raytheon 1	9	371	34⅛	33¼	34 +	⅜
19	18⅝	RCA 1	11	306	15½	15¼	15½	
52½	39	RCA cvpf 4		9	48½	47¼	47¼—	½
42½	33½	RCA pf 3.50		z30	40	40	40	
3⅝	1⅛	vjReadg 1pf		1	2½	2½	2½+	⅛
3⅝	1	vjReadg 2pf		1	2½	2½	2½—	½
20⅝	15⅛	RdgBate .35	6	52	17⅞	17⅛	17½—	⅜
4½	1⅝	Redman Ind		140	3½	3⅛	3⅛—	⅛
11	7⅛	ReeceCp .74	9	24	10½	10⅛	10⅛—	⅛
20⅞	16¼	Reed Tool	11	59	20	19½	20	
18⅞	15⅞	Reeves 1.80	4	1	18½	18½	18½—	⅛
14	10¼	ReichCh .60	4	58	12⅞	12⅛	12⅞—	⅛
15⅞	10⅝	ReliancEl .90	5	9	14½	14¼	14¼—	¼
45	35	Relian pf 3		1	43¾	43¾	43¾+	¼
8	4⅝	RellaGrp .48		107	6¼	5⅞	5⅞—	⅛
16⅝	13	ReG pfC2.60		174	14⅞	13	13¼—	¼
18⅝	13¼	ReG pfB2.20		39	16	15⅛	15⅛—	⅛
3⅝	1⅛	Republic Cp	5	151	2½	2⅜	2⅜—	⅛
12	8⅝	RepFinS .80	5	1	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛—	⅛
32½	22⅞	RepStl 1.60a	3	164	31⅞	31⅛	31½—	⅛
8⅝	4⅝	ResrvOil .12	8	272	8⅝	7⅞	8⅛—	⅛
18⅞	13⅝	RetailCred 2	8	3	17⅝	17¼	17¼—	¼
30½	17⅝	RevcoDS .32	15	103	30	28⅝	30 +	1½
9⅝	6¼	RevCop .25e	3	44	9⅛	8⅞	8⅞—	¼
70⅛	47⅜	Revlon 1.20	17	19	63⅞	63½	63½—	⅜
3⅝	2⅝	Rexham .20	4	14	3⅝	3½	3½—	⅛
18½	12⅞	Rexnrd 1.12	6	16	18⅝	18	18⅝+	½
30	22¾	Rexn pf2.36		2	30	29⅝	29⅝—	⅛
56⅛	49½	ReyInd 2.88	8	408	53½	52½	52⅝—	1
63	52½	Reyln pf2.25		6	57¾	57⅝	57⅝—	⅛
20¼	14⅝	ReynMet 1a	3	61	18¼	18⅛	18⅛	
53	44½	ReyM pf4.50		4	50	50	50 +	⅜
12½	5½	ReySec .50a	15	24	10⅞	10⅝	10¾—	⅛
12¼	10¼	Richardsn 1	4	12	10½	10½	10½—	⅛
22⅞	13⅞	RichMer .64	10	108	19¼	18⅞	18⅞—	⅜
14¾	10⅝	Richmnd .80	6	89	11½	11	11½+	⅛
12½	10⅝	RiegelT 1.20	4	14	11⅞	11¾	11⅞+	⅛
13¼	8	RioGran .60	4	6	11⅛	11⅜	11⅜—	⅛
9¼	7½	R'oGr pf.80		12	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	
9¼	4⅞	RiteAid .12	15	507	9	8⅝	8⅞—	¼
20	11½	RivianF .90	10	6	19½	19¼	19⅜—	⅛
14½	9	Robshaw .90	8	33	11⅝	11	11 —	1
16⅛	13⅛	Robrtsn 1.30	6	2	15	15	15 —	¼
15⅝	10⅝	Robins .24a	12	225	12	11½	11⅞—	¼
15⅝	10⅝	RochG 1.24b	8	25	13⅝	13⅛	13⅝—	⅛
12⅛	10⅛	RochTel .76	8	79	10⅞	10½	10⅝	
7⅝	4⅛	Rockowr .44	10	27	7⅝	7⅛	7⅛	
24	18⅛	Rockwllnt 2	5	106	19⅝	19½	19⅝	
21	17	RkInt pf1.35		1	17½	17½	17½+	½
70⅛	46½	RohmH 1.28	10	11	60½	60	60 —	¾
10⅝	7⅝	RohrInd .40	6	30	8½	8	8⅛+	⅛
19½	11⅛	RollnsIn .25	14	35	18⅝	17⅞	17⅞—	⅝
7⅛	4⅛	Ronson .28	9	x12	7	6⅞	7 +	⅛
12⅛	9⅞	Roper 1.18		9	11¼	11⅛	11⅛—	⅛
25⅛	18	RorerA .90	12	79	23⅝	22¾	23 —	⅝
46⅝	27⅝	Rosario .40b	15	297	37½	36½	37 —	1
12⅛	8⅛	RoyCCol .64	11	125	11⅛	10⅝	10⅝—	⅛
38⅛	24½	RoyID 2.71e	3	92	34⅝	33⅝	33⅞—	1⅛
5⅛	3⅛	Roylind .45t	9	17	4⅛	4	4	
5⅝	3¼	RTE Cp .16	6	1	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛—	⅛
19⅛	14	Rubbrm .36	21	67	17¼	17⅛	17⅛—	⅜
15⅝	11	Rucker .20	7	90	15⅝	14⅞	15¼+	⅛
9⅛	5⅛	RussTog .76	13	6	8½	8⅛	8⅛—	⅛
7⅛	3⅝	Ryder Sys		971	6⅛	5⅝	5⅝—	⅛
S								
30½	25⅝	SabineR .56	8	1	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝+	⅛
2⅛	1½	Safegrd Ind	25	6	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
45¼	34⅛	Safewy 1.80	14	103	42⅞	42⅝	42⅝—	⅝
7⅛	3	Saga Corp	4	12	6⅛	6⅝	6⅝—	⅛
50½	34½	StJoeM 2.20	5	211	49⅝	47½	47⅝—	1⅛
12⅛	8⅛	StJoLtP 1.12	10	1	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝—	⅛
27¼	22¼	StLSaF 2.50	5	6	25⅝	25½	25½—	½
11⅛	9⅛	StPaulS .96a		18	11⅛	11	11⅛+	⅛
25½	19½	StRegP 1.40	5	50	22⅝	22	22 —	⅝
5	3½	Salant .24b	4	72	4⅛	4	4⅛—	¼
12⅛	10⅛	SanDGs 1.20	6	38	12	11⅞	11⅞	
5⅛	2⅛	Sandrs Asso		165	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
14½	8⅛	Sangamo .70	5	46	11½	10⅞	11½+	⅛
9½	5⅞	SJuanR .80t	5	3	7⅝	7½	7⅝	
30⅛	25½	SFeInd 1.80	6	283	26⅛	25⅝	26 —	⅛
8⅞	7½	SFeInd pf.50		9	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	
24⅛	18⅛	SanFeInt .39	9	60	22⅝	22	22⅛	
8⅝	5⅛	SargWel .40	7	34	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛—	⅛
5⅛	3⅛	Saul REst	6	32	3⅝	3½	3½—	⅛
8⅝	6⅝	SavanE .66r	5	8	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	
11⅛	9	SavnEA 1.34		1	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝+	⅛
3⅛	1⅛	Sav A Stop		1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
5	3	SavODr .15e	8	28	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
7	1⅞	SavinB Mch	26	117	5⅝	5⅛	5⅝+	½
4⅞	2⅛	Saxon Ind	10	74	3⅝	3⅛	3½	
3⅝	2⅛	SCA Svc	6	25	2⅝	2½	2½	
5⅝	2⅝	Schaefer Cp	14	9	4⅞	4⅝	4⅞—	
67¼	44½	SchergPl .80	25	184	59⅛	58½	58⅞—	1½
27⅛	15⅛	SchlitzBr .68	13	368	22⅝	20⅞	21½—	1⅛
116⅝	91	Schlumb .90	27	1	107	105⅝	107 +	⅝
78	69	Schlumb wi		9	72⅝	71	71⅛—	1⅜
14½	9	SCM Cp .50	3	147	12½	12⅛	12⅛—	⅜
7⅛	4⅝	SCOAInd .60	5	16	7	6⅝	6⅝—	⅜
15⅝	8⅛	ScottFd .64	4	7	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛—	⅛
15⅛	9⅛	ScottFetz 1	8	134	14⅝	14	14 —	½
11⅝	8⅛	ScottFor .68	5	10	11⅝	11⅛	11⅛—	⅜
18	12⅛	ScottPap .68	8	753	16⅝	16⅛	16½	
11½	5	Scottys .10	12	17	10½	10⅛	10½	
14⅛	8⅝	ScovilMfg 1	7	38	11⅞	11⅝	11⅞	
6	4	ScudDuoVt		51	5	4⅞	4⅞—	¼
8½	7⅛	Scud pf.82k		13	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
15⅝	10⅝	SeaCont .20	4	67	15½	15	15 —	¼
31½	25⅝	SeabCL 2.20	4	229	27	26	26 —	1
5½	2½	SeabWA .14t	10	35	4⅝	4⅝	4½—	⅛
37	29⅝	Seagram .80	13	22	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝—	⅛
6½	3	Seagrv .25p	8	6	5⅛	5	5 —	⅛
10	7	SealdPw .72	6	4	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛—	⅛
22¾	13⅞	SearleG .46	14	730	19⅝	19	19½—	⅜
69¼	48⅞	Sears 1.60a	19	509	62⅞	62	62½—	⅞
2⅝	1⅛	Seatrain Lin		34	2	1⅞	1⅞	
29⅞	21½	Sedcoinc .13	8	184	26	25¼	25⅝—	1
6⅛	3¼	SvcCpInt .10	4	x80	5⅛	5	5⅛—	⅛
9⅛	5½	Servomt .60	4	7	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
5¼	3⅝	Shakspre .28	7	7	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛—	
12⅞	5½	Shapell .10	6	15	10⅝	10	10 —	⅛
48¼	39⅛	ShellOil 2.40	4	80	41	40⅛	40⅝—	⅝
24½	11⅛	ShellT 1.16e	3	9	22	22	22 +	⅛
8	4⅛	ShellrGl .56	4	27	7⅛	7	7 —	⅛
16	10½	ShllGl pf1.35		2	14⅛	14	14⅛+	⅛
45½	34⅛	SherwW 2.20	6	15	42½	42⅛	42½+	⅛
72⅞	56⅛	Shr W pf4.40		z50	69	68⅛	68⅛—	2½
10½	8⅛	SierrPac .92	6	44	10	9⅞	9⅞—	⅛
17⅝	14⅝	SignalCo .90	2	51	15⅞	15⅝	15⅝—	⅛
33½	25½	SignodeCp 1	10	229	32	31½	31½—	½
5½	2½	SimPrec .12	8	15	4⅝	4½	4	
19	12	Simm .88a	9	9	16⅝	16⅛	16⅝+	⅛
14½	8½	SimpPat .33	20	89	12	11⅛	12	
13⅝	9½	SingerCo .40		158	11⅛	11	11⅛+	⅛
35	27½	Singr pf3.50		11	31½	31¼	31¼—	⅛
20½	10⅛	SkaggCo .60	9	66	18⅛	18	18 —	½
58⅛	53½	Skelly 1.20a	6	6	57	57	57 —	½
11⅛	6⅞	Skil Corp	27	5	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞+	⅛
19⅝	14⅝	Skyline .24	53	122	18⅝	18	18⅛+	⅜
9⅝	7½	SmithAO .78	86	11	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝	
23⅛	15⅝	SmithInt .24	12	71	21⅞	21⅛	21⅛+	⅛
56⅝	43⅛	Smithkline 2	14	57	54⅞	53⅝	53⅝—	1
12½	7⅛	SmithTr .45	5	19	11½	11	11 —	1
15⅝	10⅞	Smucker .80	9	2	15½	15⅛	15⅛+	½
9⅛	7⅛	SolaBas .60	4	8	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	
2⅞	1⅛	Sonesta Int	6	6	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝—	⅛
10½	5	SonyCp .02h	25	835	9½	9⅞	9⅞—	⅛
36	29⅛	SooLin 4.50e	6	4	33⅝	33⅛	33⅛—	⅜
7½	4½	SOS Con .34	5	7	7	6⅞	7	
14½	9⅝	SCarEG 1.48	9	88	14	13⅝	13⅝—	⅝
13⅛	8	Southdown	3	8	10½	10⅛	10⅛	
24⅛	17⅝	Sdwn pf1.80		1	20	20	20	
14⅛	9⅝	SoestBkg .80	7	29	11⅝	11⅝	11⅛—	⅛
8½	5⅝	SoealPS .96r	4	4	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝+	⅛
19⅝	17	SoCalE 1.68	4	157	17⅝	17	17¼+	⅛
11	8⅝	SouthCo 1.40	7	759	10⅛	10	10⅛+	⅛
26⅝	23⅝	SoInGE 2.28	7	19	26⅝	25⅝	26⅛+	⅛
53⅝	41	SoNRes 1.65	8	419	46⅝	44	45 —	2⅛
34	28⅝	SoNETl 2.84	8	12	32	31⅝	31⅝—	⅛
54½	52	SoNE pf4.62		z230	51⅝	51	51 —	1
31⅞	26⅝	Sou Pac 2.24	7	50	28⅛	27⅝	28⅛—	⅛
49⅝	40	Sou Ry 2.12	8	54	49⅛	48½	48½—	⅛
52½	44	SouRy pfA 3		34	51⅛	50⅝	51⅛+	⅛
6½	5⅝	Sou Ry pf.50		10	6	6	6	
27½	19½	SouUGs 1.60	8	44	27¼	26⅝	26¾—	½
24½	15⅛	Southld .40b	14	13	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	
6⅝	4⅛	SwstFor .20	4	7	6⅛	6½	6½—	⅛
18⅝	12¼	SwstFl pf1.50		4	16½	16½	16½—	⅛
11⅞	8⅛	SwstPSv .90	8	75	10⅝	10	10	
8⅝	5	Sparton .24	4	14	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛—	⅛
9⅛	6⅞	SperryHut 1	7	6	9	9	9	
36⅝	25⅝	SperryR .76	9	197	34⅛	33⅛	33½—	⅛
12⅛	8⅝	Sprague El	4	144	11⅛	10⅝	10⅝—	⅛
10⅝	8⅝	Spring M .75	6	25	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝—	⅛
19½	14⅝	SquarD 1.10	11	269	17⅝	17¼	17⅝—	¼
47½	24⅝	Squibb .84	18	105	36¼	35	35 —	1⅛
75½	40	StaleyMfg 2	8	68	70	69⅝	69⅝—	⅛
23⅝	19⅝	StPoor 1.92a		36	22⅝	21⅝	22⅛	
67⅝	52½	StdBrands 2	15	77	60⅝	58⅝	60⅛+	¼
46⅛	28⅛	StdBPaint .22	30	156	45⅝	44⅝	44¾—	½
27⅝	22⅝	StdOilCal 2	4	493	23⅝	23⅛	23½	
45⅝	36	StdOilInd 2	5	272	38⅝	37⅝	37⅝—	⅝
62	44½	StdOilOh 1.36	16	189	57⅝	56⅝	56⅝—	⅝
54½	50	SO Oh pf3.75		z50	54½	54½	54½	
8⅛	6⅝	StdPress .40	3	13	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝—	⅛
10⅝	7⅝	Standex .52	4	2	9	8⅞	9	
21	12¾	StanWks .96	8	17	20⅛	19⅞	19⅞—	⅛
8⅛	6	Stanray .60	6	8	7⅝	7⅛	7⅛+	⅛
18¼	14⅝	Starrett 1	6	4	17⅝	17¼	17⅝+	⅛
4⅛	1⅛	StaMut Inv	2	9	3	3	3	
12	9⅝	StaMS 1.10e		27	11¼	11⅛	11¼+	⅛
55½	40	StaufCh 2.20	7	104	56⅛	55	55½+	⅛
35	39¼	Stau pf1.80a		1	55¼	55¼	55¼+	⅜
6⅞	4⅛	Sterchi .48	7	3	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛—	⅛
25½	16⅝	SterDrug .70	14	65	19⅝	19	19⅛—	⅛
17	8	Sterndnt .12	10	350	15⅝	14⅝	15⅛—	⅜
14½	10½	StevensJ .80	4	261	12⅞	12⅛	12⅝+	⅛
21⅝	17	StewWa 1.92	6	9	21⅛	20⅝	20⅝—	½
17¼	13⅝	StokVC 1.10	4	28	16½	16⅛	16⅛—	⅛
12½	10¾	StokVC pf 1		z100	11½	11½	11½+	⅛
57	33⅞	StoneWeb 2	8	7	45⅝	45½	45⅝—	½
11	8⅞	StoneCon .40	3	3	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛+	⅛
16⅝	9⅞	Stop Shop 1	5	12	15⅝	15	15 —	⅛
17⅝	12⅛	StorerBdg 1	8	24	16⅝	16⅛	16⅛	
9¾	6¼	StridRite .70	7	31	9⅛	8⅞	9⅛+	⅛
26¼	19	StuWar 1.32	14	105	28⅝	26	27¾+	2
53	46	StuWr pf85		17	52½	51⅛	52½+	1
29¼	16	StW pfA1.40		31	21⅞	21⅛	21¾+	1⅛
2⅞	1⅛	Suave Shoe	5	23	2⅛	2¼	2¼—	⅛
15	11⅝	SubnPro .88	5	12	13½	13⅛	13½+	⅛
8⅝	4⅝	SoCrest .28s		8	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝—	⅛
14¼	10½	Son Chm .40	9	24	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛—	⅛
37½	31½	SunOil 1r	4	39	31⅞	31⅛	31⅜+	⅛
40½	33¼	Son O pf2.25		49	33⅝	33	33¼—	⅜
18	11⅝	Sunbeam 1	9	32	17⅛	16⅞	16⅞—	⅜
20⅞	12⅝	Sundstrd .80	7	23	20⅛	19½	19½—	⅜
13¼	9	SunshMn .48	12	183	11	10⅝	11 +	⅛
22	15	SupValu .99	7	65	21¼	21⅛	21¼+	⅛
191¼	153	Supr Oil 1.40	11	12	171½	168	168 —	5½
5⅝	3	SuprmkG .20	5	28	4⅝	4½	4½—	⅛
16⅝	9⅝	Superscpe	3	11	13⅝	12⅝	12⅝—	¼
5⅝	2⅞	Sutro Mtge	7	55	4¼	4	4⅛—	⅛
5⅞	4	Swank .48	5	7	5⅝	5⅝	5½	
20⅛	12½	Sybron .72	9	91	17½	17	17⅛—	⅜
38⅞	28	Sybrn pf2.40		8	35	34	34 —	1
5⅝	3	Systron Don	27	4	4⅛	4⅛	4¼	
T								
24	11⅝	TaftBrd .68	7	57	22	21½	21⅝—	⅛
4⅝	2⅛	Talcott Nat		33	4	3¾	4 +	⅛
8⅝	5	Talley .60	6	54	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞—	⅛
11⅛	7⅛	Talley plB 1		1	10	10	10	
13⅝	9½	TampaE .96	8	52	12⅝	12⅜	12⅝—	½
34	11⅝	Tandy Corp	11	295	31⅞	30⅝	31⅛—	1¼
6⅝	4	Tappan .20		10	6	5⅞	6 +	⅛
7½	4⅝	Technicolr	5	34	6⅝	6⅛	6¼—	⅛
14¼	5	Technicon	15	28	12¾	12⅛	12½+	¼
33	18⅛	Tektronx .20	10	42	30⅝	30	30⅛—	⅛
6	2⅝	Telecor .25	4	17	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝—	⅜
15	10¼	Teledyn .32t	8	54	10¾	10½	10⅝+	⅛
57¼	48⅞	Teledyn pf		1	52	52	52 +	⅜
5	1½	Teleprmpt		148	4½	4	4⅜	
3½	⅞	Telex Cp		31	2	1⅞	2 +	⅛
24⅝	21⅝	Tenneco 1.60	6	219	22⅝	22½	22½—	⅛
2⅝	1½	Tenneco wt A		36	1⅝	1½	1½—	⅛
91⅝	81	Tennc pf5.50		1	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝+	⅝
17⅝	13½	TesoroP .40	3	157	15⅝	15	15¼	
27⅛	21½	Texaco 2a	4	714	23⅞	23⅜	23½	
38½	28½	TexCom .90	12	46	33½	33	33¼	
32⅝	26½	TexETr 1.70	7	74	27¾	26⅝	26¾—	½
30⅝	23½	TexGsT 1.76	6	17	26½	26¼	26½+	½
29⅝	23⅞	Texsglf 12.0	6	86	29¼	28¾	28¾—	⅛
14	8¾	Texasind 1b	13	8	12⅞	12⅝	12⅝	
96⅝	61	TexInst 1	23	280	90⅝	89⅜	90⅜—	¾
7⅞	6½	Texas Intl	5	97	6¾	6½	6½—	⅛
21½	15½	TexOGs .07b	9	148	16⅞	16⅜	16⅞+	½
28½	20¼	TexPLd .70e	14	11	25¼	25	25¼+	⅜
23⅛	19¼	TexUt 1.24	9	201	19⅝	18¾	18⅞—	¾
5½	2¾	Texfi Ind		12	4⅜	4⅛	4½—	⅛
28¾	12⅝	Textron 1.10	7	229	19⅝	19¼	19½—	⅛
27¼	20¼	Textr pf2.08		1	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝—	½
20¾	15	Textr pf1.40		11	20¼	20	20¼	
13⅝	9⅝	Thiokol .70		428	12⅝	12¼	12⅝+	⅜
38¾	25¾	ThomBet .72	17	68	35¼	34	34 —	1½
9	5	Thomln .40b	9	14	8¾	8⅝	8¾+	⅛
6⅞	4⅛	ThomJW .50	24	3	6	6	6 —	⅛
6⅝	4¼	ThriftDg .48	10	7	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
19⅝	10⅝	TI Corp 1	11	61	14⅝	14¼	14¼—	½
34½	30¼	TidwatM .68	7	18	32	31⅞	32	
11⅞	7¼	Tigerln .40e	9	66	11⅝	11⅜	11¼—	⅛
37	24¾	Timeinc 2	7	23	37½	36¾	37½+	¾
18¼	10¼	TimeMir .50	10	31	17⅝	17	17¼—	⅛
32½	24¾	Timkn 1.80a	6	26	32½	31½	31½—	½
13⅞	9½	Tish Rlty		9	12⅛	12	12 —	⅛
8	5⅛	TobinP .15e		6	6⅝	6¼	6¼—	⅛
7¼	5½	Todd Shipyd		2	5½	5¼	5½	
20	16⅞	ToledoEd 2	6	75	18½	18¼	18½+	¼
8⅝	6½	TonkaCp .40	4	42	7⅛	6⅞	6¾—	⅜
8⅛	4⅞	TootRol .40b	8	1	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	
19⅝	13½	TraneCo .96	10	249	17⅝	16⅝	17 +	⅛
39½	27¼	TranUn 1.56	8	54	28⅝	27¾	28 —	⅜
17½	5¼	Trans W Air		159	10	9½	9⅞—	⅛
16⅛	11⅝	TWA pf 2		7	13⅞	13¼	13¼—	⅛
11½	7¼	TranWF .16	6	39	9⅝	9	9¼—	⅛
9	6	Transam .59	13	248	8	7⅞	7⅞—	⅛
21½	17½	TraInc 1.68a		32	18⅝	18⅜	18⅜	
7¼	6	Transcn .45	5	5	6¼	6¼	6¼—	⅛
7⅝	4⅛	TranOh 20r	4	18	7	6⅞	6⅞—	⅜
17⅝	12⅝	Tranwy 1.40	5	44	15⅝	15⅜	15¼	
25⅞	19⅞	Travlrs 1.09	6	1585	22	21⅛	21½—	½
36	28	Travelr pf 2		20	33	32	32 —	1
7¾	4¼	TRE Corp		21	6⅝	6½	6½—	⅛
19⅝	16	TriCon 1.25e		43	18½	18⅛	18⅛	
34½	28½	TriCn pf2.50		4	32½	32½	32½	
4⅞	2¾	TriSou Mtge		21	3⅛	2⅞	3⅛+	⅛
16	11⅝	Triaind .90a	4	7	14½	14¼	14⅜+	⅛
10¼	5⅛	TrianPlc .40	8	39	8½	8½	8½	
16⅛	9½	Trinity .80	4	12	15	14⅞	15	
21⅝	13¾	Tropica .28e	17	94	20⅞	19¾	20¼—	½
20⅝	14¼	TRW In 1.20	6	52	18⅛	17¼	17¼—	¾
55	40½	TRW pf4.50		2	53¼	53½	53½—	1
57½	41⅝	TRW pf4.40		98	55½	55	55	
114½	83¾	TRW pf4.25		1	103	108	108 —	6½
10¼	7⅝	TucsonG .96	6	45	9⅝	9⅛	9⅛—	⅛
10⅝	5⅛	TwenCen .40	10	112	10⅛	9⅞	10 —	⅛
16⅝	8½	TycoLb .10e	9	76	13⅝	13¼	13⅜—	⅛
20⅝	13½	TylerCp .60	4	20	18¾	18½	18¾+	⅜
U								
23	13⅝	UAL In .60a	5	195	19¼	18⅝	19 —	¼
21¼	13⅞	UAL pf.40		2	19	19	19	
20⅝	17	Uarco 1.20a	3	7	17¾	17¾	17¾+	⅛
14⅞	10¼	UGI Cp 1.32	6	8	12½	12¼	12¼+	⅛
11⅝	8½	UMC Ind 1	5	39	10⅛	9⅞	9⅞—	⅜
3	1½	UMET Tr		13	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
18½	9½	Unarco .50	3	1	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
47¼	32½	UniNV 2.95e	7	1	44	44	44 —	¼
9⅝	6¾	UnBanc .84b	6	185	8½	8¼	8⅜	
56	37¼	UnCamp 2	9	67	53¾	52⅜	52⅞—	⅞
58½	40⅛	UnCarb 2.40	6	753	55½	54⅜	54¾—	1
12½	8	UnCom 1.33	8	48	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛+	⅛
6¼	2½	Union Corp	14	31	5¼	5	5 —	⅛
11½	9¾	Un Elec 1.28	8	191	11	10⅞	10⅞—	⅛
80	67½	UnEl 7¼pf 8		1	77¼	77¼	77¼—	⅛
25½	24½	UnEl pf2.72		16	25	25	25	
4¼	2½	Un Fidelity	10	6	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
39½	34⅝	UnOCal 1.58	4	118	35⅝	35½	35½—	⅜
52	44¼	UOCa pf2.50		8	46⅛	46	46 —	⅛
74½	62	UPacCp 2.80	12	215	69⅛	67⅛	67⅝—	1⅜
3⅛	1⅜	Uniona Inc		4	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛+	⅛
9	6⅝	Uniroyal .70	5	122	8⅛	7⅞	7⅞—	⅛
81¼	66½	Unryal pf 8		z50	80	80	80	
43⅛	31¼	UnitAircft 2	6	93	40¾	39	40⅜+	1⅛
105	86¼	Unit Air pf 8		26	102¾	99½	101½—	½
8	3½	Unit Brands		58	6⅛	6	6 —	⅛
8⅝	5⅝	UnBrnd pfA		1	7¼	7¼	7¼	
7½	6	UnitCp .77e		107	7½	7⅛	7½+	⅛
8¼	4⅝	U FinCal .20	5	93	6⅝	6⅜	6½—	⅛
10	6⅝	UnGasP .60	6	172	8	7⅝	7⅝—	⅛
22¼	17½	U Illum 2.32	4	31	21	20⅝	20⅝+	⅛
9½	6½	UnitInd .36b	6	3	8¼	8¼	8¼	
4⅝	1½	UnitInn .10		4	3⅝	3⅜	3⅜+	⅛
12¼	9¼	UJerBk 1.04	8	13	11¼	10⅝	10⅝—	¼
19½	12½	UnMM 1.40	4	18	14	13⅞	14	
13½	8	Un Nuclr		56	10⅝	10½	10⅝—	⅛
2½	1½	UnitPk Min		47	2¼	2⅛	2¼	
8	6	UnitRets .40	3	2	7½	7½	7½	

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low
39⅝	31½	USFidG 2.40	14	37	31⅞	31⅛
13⅝	12¼	USFdS 1.50e		7	14⅝	14½
21¼	14⅝	USGyps 1.40	11	146	19	18⅞
25¼	20	USGy pf1.80		1	24	24
7⅝	2⅝	US Home	23	317	6⅝	6
5	2⅝	US Ind .48r	9	218	4⅜	4
14	9⅝	USLeasg .24	9	4	10	9⅞
4⅝	2⅞	US Rltyiv	32	2	4	3⅞
10⅝	7⅝	US Shoe .35	6	43	9⅝	9½
39⅝	28⅝	US Stl 2.80	5	404	35⅝	34⅞
18⅝	12⅝	USTobac .80	11	32	18	17⅞
15⅛	13⅝	UniTel 1.08	9	88	14⅝	14¼
1½	7-16	UniTel wt		48	13-16	¾
20⅞	18⅛	UnTl 2pf1.80		8	19½	19¼
7½	3½	Unitrode Cp	8	5	6½	6⅜
23⅝	16⅝	UniverCp 1	3	15	22⅛	21¾
36⅝	25½	UnivLeaf 2	7	14	35⅛	35
15	11⅝	UOP .96	4	67	12⅞	12⅝
53	30	Upjohn .96	17	264	39	37⅝
16⅛	10	USLIFE .39	4	86	13⅝	13⅛
10½	8¼	UslifeF .96a		7	9⅝	9⅝
18½	12	USM stpl.20	4	12	17⅝	17½
14⅛	14⅛	USM pf1.50		z40	15⅜	15⅜
61⅜	37⅞	UtahInt 1	18	208	58⅝	57⅞
28⅝	23⅝	UtahPL 2.36	8	46	24½	24⅛
23⅝	17	UV Ind 1b	3	43	20¼	20⅛
V						
10⅝	6⅝	Varian .20	8	25	8⅞	8⅝
4⅝	2	Vendo Co		9	4⅛	4⅛
4½	3	Venice .20	7	3	4	3⅞
14⅝	11	VestSec 1.25		11	12½	12½
32⅛	21⅛	Vetco Offsh	13	40	25⅛	25
23⅛	13⅝	VF Corp 1	9	702	23⅝	22⅛
6½	2⅝	Viacom Int	8	27	6	5¼
6⅝	3½	VictCmp .50	10	12	5½	5⅝
12½	8⅛	VaEPw 1.18	7	818	10⅛	10½
77	59½	VaEP pf7.45		z200	69	67½
52	47	VaEP pf 5		z30	49	48⅝
45	37	VaEP pf4.20		z60	39½	39
43	37⅝	VaEP pf4.12		z100	41	40½
42	34⅝	VaEP pf4.04		z50	36½	36½
7⅝	3⅝	Vornado Inc		4	86	6⅝
12⅝	8¼	VSI Corp .60	5	10	12	12
30⅛	23½	VulMat 1.80	6	13	30	29⅞
W						
19⅛	12⅛	Wachova .76	8	31	16⅛	16
4⅝	2½	Wachovi Rlt		8	3⅝	3½
12⅛	10	Walgreen 1	11	20	12	11⅞
44	35¼	WlkrA 1.48e	11	67	35⅞	34⅝
21⅛	14⅝	WallBus .55	9	4	21½	21¼
20⅝	6½	WalMart .12	19	32	18⅛	17½
13⅝	8⅝	WangL .08e	10	30	11½	11⅛
9¼	6⅝	Ward Foods	44	18	7¼	7⅛
9⅝	7¼	Warnaco .80	6	11	8⅝	8⅜
23	7	Wrnc pf1.50		8	18	17½
14¾	8¼	WrnCom .40	5	36	12⅛	12⅜
54	40	WrnC pf4.25		1	50	50
29	17	WrnC pf1.25		4	26⅛	26⅛
36½	25	WarnL .84	15	998	30⅛	29¼
19⅝	15⅜	Warn S 1.20	7	12	17¼	17⅜
18	12	WashGs 1.83	6	17	17⅛	16¼
13¼	9½	WashNat .80	5	11	12¼	12¼
15⅝	12¼	WashStl 1a	3	23	14⅝	14
19⅛	16½	WasWat 1.52	9	6	18⅛	18
9⅛	4	Waste Mgmt	8	26	8	7⅝
23½	17¼	WatknJ .20e	12	2	19½	19¼
4⅝	3	WayGos .40	17	1	4⅛	4⅛
5¼	3⅛	Wean Unit	8	6	4¼	4⅛
6⅝	4½	Weathrd .40	4	3	5⅛	5⅛
4⅝	2⅛	Webb Del E	9	15	3⅝	3⅝
9⅛	6¼	WeilMcL .60	5	2	8½	8½
20	15	WelsMkt .60	8	13	18½	18¼
1⅛	⅝	Weibilt Corp		18	1⅛	1⅛
17¼	12⅞	WellFgo .96	6	31	15⅝	15½
7	3¼	WellRM .98a	27	16	5⅛	5¼
12	8⅝	WescoF .60	7	14	11⅝	11½
23	18⅝	WstctTr 1.88	7	1	21½	21½
30	16⅜	WstPtPep 2	6	53	20⅛	20
9½	3⅞	WnAirL .40a	5	141	7⅞	7⅝
24	15⅝	WnBnc 1.40	6	59	22	21⅞
11⅝	7⅝	WnCo NAm	12	60	10½	10
8⅝	6	Wn Pac Ind	4	16	6⅝	6½
13⅛	7⅜	WnPubth .80	8	23	12⅝	12½
14½	7⅝	WUnion 1.40	52	173	13⅝	12¾
42¼	38	WnUn pf4.60		4	38¼	38
15½	9⅝	WestgEl .97	44	433	13½	11¼
43	39	Wst E pf3.80		210	41½	41
27	19⅝	Wstvco 1.40	4	47	24½	24⅛
35⅝	27⅝	Weyerhr .80	14	287	32¼	31¼
14½	9⅞	WhelFry .40	8	52	12⅞	12⅝
28	18	WhelP 1.85e	1	47	24¾	24⅛
50⅝	41	WhelPlt pf 5		z60	48	47½
25⅝	15⅛	Whirlpol .80	34	95	23½	23¼
15	9¼	WhitCon .80	4	38	13⅝	13
10⅝	7⅝	WhiteM .40e	3	28	8⅝	8¼
3⅝	⅞	Whittaker	7	278	2⅞	2½
13¼	7⅝	WickesCrp 1	7	112	11⅛	10⅞
4	2⅝	WiebdtSt .28	9	18	3⅞	3⅝
32½	25⅞	WilmsCo .60	8	463	32⅞	31⅝
45⅝	29¼	WilmsCo wt		143	45	42½
39	27⅝	WinnDx 1.32	12	47	34⅝	34⅛
6⅝	2⅝	Winnebago		103	5⅝	5⅛
24⅝	22¼	WiscEl 1.84	9	84	24⅛	23⅞
102	89⅛	WisE pf8.90		z30	99	99
15	11⅞	WiscPS 1.32	8	39	14⅛	13¾
22	17¾	Witco 1.20	5	73	20⅝	20⅛
2⅝	⅞	WolvrW .05e	7	7	2⅛	2⅛
10⅛	6⅝	Wometco .56	7	13	10	9⅞
11⅝	7	WoodsCp .48	5	38	10	9¼
14⅝	9⅝	Wolwth 1.20	7	231	14	13⅝
27	21	Wolw pf2.20		2	26½	26½
6⅝	2⅝	World Airw	3	446	6¾	6½
56	41⅝	Wrigly 2.40a	12	18	56	55¾
5½	⅝	Wurlitzer		3	5⅝	5
4	1⅜	Wyly Corp		25	3⅝	3⅜
X						
81⅛	50⅝	XeroxCp 1	16	359	69⅝	67⅝
12⅝	7⅝	Xtra 2.67t	3	7	10	9⅝
Y						
18⅝	4⅝	Yates Ind	4	33	9⅝	9
13	6¼	YngSDr .40a	5	4	11½	11¼
Z						
15	9⅝	ZaleCorp .76	4	11	13⅛	13¼
13	9	Zale pfA .80		2	11⅝	11⅝
28⅝	23⅝	Zapata .60	3	9	24⅝	24⅝
6	2⅝	Zayre Corp	30	120	4⅝	4
19¼	10	ZenithRad 1	26	140	16⅞	16⅛
9⅛	4½	Zurn Ind .28	9	42	8¼	8⅛

z—Sales in full.

Unless otherwise noted, rates of dividends in [the fore]going table are annual disbursements based on [the last] quarterly or semi-annual declaration. Special [or extra] dividends or payments not designated as reg[ular are] identified in the following footnotes.

a—Also extra or extras. b—Annual rate pl[us stock] dividend. c—Liquidating dividend. e—Declared o[r paid in] preceding 12 months. h—Declared or paid aft[er stock] dividend or split up. k—Declared or paid th[is year,] an accumulative issue with dividends in arrears[.] [n—New] issue. p—Paid this year, dividend omitted, [deferred] or no action taken at last dividend meeting. r—[Declared] or paid in preceding 12 months plus stock [dividend.] t—Paid in stock in preceding 12 months, estima[ted cash] value on ex-dividend or ex-distribution date.

cld—Called. x—Ex dividend. y—Ex dividend a[nd sales] in full. x-dis—Ex distribution. xr—Ex rights. xw[—Without] warrants. ww—With warrants. wd—When dis[tributed.] wi—When issued. nd—Next day delivery.

Toronto Stocks

Closing Prices April 7, 1975

	High	Low	Last	Ch'ge
2500 Abby Glen	285	280	280	— 5
6357 Abitibi	$ 9⅝	9⅛	9⅝+	⅛
2500 Acres Ltd	$ 8⅛	8	8 —	⅛
2550 Agnico E	$ 5½	5⅜	5⅜	
100 Agra Ind	$ 5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
2435 Alta Gas A	$ 12	11⅞	12	
833 Algo Cent	$ 13	12½	13 +	⅜
400 Alminex	$ 5⅝	5¼	5¼—	⅛
2644 Argus C pr	$ 15⅝	15⅛	15½+	⅜
770 Atco A	$ 17¼	17	17 —	¼
1030 BP Can	$ 11⅞	11⅝	11⅝—	⅛
800 Banister C	$ 5⅞	5⅞	5⅝—	⅛
4327 Bank N S	$ 40⅞	40½	40⅞+	¼
7075 Bell Canad	$ 46⅝	46⅛	46½	
400 Beth Cop A	$ 10¼	10⅛	10⅛—	⅛
1700 Block Bros	320	315	315	
1500 Brafor Res	130	128	128	— 2
1050 Bramalea	$ 5½	5⅜	5½	
296 Brameda	65	65	65	
3500 Brenda M	415	405	415	— 5
500 BC Forest	$ 15	15	15	
175 BC Phone	$ 10⅝	10⅝	10⅝+	⅛
950 Bruswk	380	370	370	
1700 Budd Auto	$ 5½	5⅜	5½	
318 Burns Fds	$ 11¼	11¼	11¼+	⅛
4625 Cad Frvw	$ 12¾	12⅝	12⅝—	¼
6460 Cal Pow	$ 24½	24	24½+	¼
17300 Camflo	$ 13½	13	13⅛—	⅛
2500 Campau A	$ 5⅝	5½	5⅝	
300 C Pakrs C	$ 18⅝	18⅛	18½—	⅛
225 Can Perm	$ 18	17⅞	18 —	⅛
400 C Tung	290	285	285	— 8
200 C Cablesy	$ 13½	13½	13½—	⅛
1000 Cdn Cel	$ 5¼	5¼	5¼	
2485 C Imp Ban	$ 24¾	24⅝	24⅝—	¼
4488 C Ind Gas	$ 6⅝	6¼	6½—	⅛
3088 Cdn Tire A	$ 42¾	42⅝	42½	
2300 C Uitlies	$ 9⅛	9	9 —	⅛
625 Canbra	300	300	300	
700 Cassiar	385	385	385	
950 Celanese	385	385	385	— 5
5600 Coch Will	126	116	120	— 7
260 C Holiday	345	345	345	
2800 Con Bldg	275	270	274	— 2
4263 Cons Gas	$ 14⅝	14½	14⅝+	¼
405 Conwest	320	310	320	+10
3445 Craigmt	445	440	445	+10
575 Crush Intl	$ 6⅝	6⅝	6⅝+	⅛
850 Denise	$ 43¾	43¾	43¾	
7900 Dicknsn	$ 8½	8¼	8⅜—	⅛
7698 ofasco	$ 23⅝	23⅝	23⅝—	¼
5000 Dom Store	$ 18	18	18	
1220 Du Pont	$ 19¾	19¾	19¾	
620 Dylex L A	$ 6⅝	6⅝	6⅝+	⅛
2620 East Mal	365	360	360	
970 Electro A	430	430	430	— 5
350 Emco	$ 6¾	6¾	6¾—	⅛
3992 Fallon c	$ 6⅝	6½	6¼	
5841 Falcon 8	$ 31⅛	30¼	30¾—	½
400 Fed Ind A	400	400	400	
100 Gen Distrb	$ 8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
1500 Gnt Mascr	55	5	55	— 1
1550 Gibraltar	$ 5¼	5	5	
400 wgranduc	130	130	130	
50 Granisle	$ 12	12½	12½	
300 Gt Oil Sds	$ 6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	⅛+
415 wgl paper	$ 18	18	18	
25 Gt W Life	$ 62½	61	62½	
292 Greyh d	$ 16	16	16 —	⅛
1030 Guar Trst	$ 6	6	6 +	¼
200 Hawker S	$ 5	5	5 —	⅛
31 Hayes D A	465	455	465	
2000 Houston O	120	119	119	— 1
2854 H Bay Co	$ 17⅛	17	17	
1074 Huron Erl	$ 24⅝	23½	24 —	⅜
492 IAC	$ 18¾	18½	18½—	½
128 Int Mogul	250	250	250	
3575 Intpr Pipe	$ 13⅛	12⅞	13⅛+	⅛
2200 Inv Grp A	$ 6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	
1500 Jamock	$ 6	5¾	6 +	¼
10660 Kaiser Re	$ 8¾	8½	8½—	⅛
800 Kaps Tran	238	236	237	— 2
200 Kelsey H	$ 8	8	8 —	⅛
1240 Kerr A A	$ 14¼	12¼	12½+	⅛
100 KOFFLER	[illegible]		[illegible]	
358 labatt A	$ 16½	16¼	16½—	¼
9100 Lab Min	$ 24	24	24	
781 LOnt Cem	330	325	325	—15
845 LL Lac	171	170	170	— 1
10 Lob Co A	$ 6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
225 Lob Co B	$ 7	7	7	
962 MB Ltd	$ 23½	23⅜	23½	
300 adsen	51	51	51	
575 M Lf Mills	$ 26	26	26	
475 Mattgml	$ 16½	16½	16½	
100 McGraw H	400	400	400	
3192 Microsyst	310	290	380	
3345 Moore	$ 43½	43¼	43¼—	⅛
4835 Noarnda A	$ 34¼	34	34¼+	¼
1630 Nor Elect	$ 22	216	22 +	¼
500 OSF Ind	385	385	385	— 5
208 Orchan	308	300	308	
1080 Oshawa A	$ 5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
2100 Pamour	$ 8¼	8	8 —	¼
1375 PanCan P	$ 11	10¾	10¾—	¼
1700 Pembin A	200	200	200	—10
17 Petrofina	$ 19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	
1530 Pine Point	$ 31½	31½	31½	
100 Pitts C	$ 6⅞	6⅞	6⅞—	⅛
1400 Placer	$ 18¼	18	18	
1600 Que Sturg	470	470	470	— 5
305 Reed Oslr A	$ 6⅞	6⅞	6⅞—	⅛
200 Reichhold	$ 22	22	22	
15070 Revnu Prp	112	102	112	+ 9
3498 Shell Can	$ 14⅝	14¼	14⅝+	⅛
1580 Sherritt	$ 5⅞	5⅝	5⅞	
1860 Siebens	$ 9⅝	9⅛	9⅛—	⅛
50 Sigma	$ 28	28	28	
12303 Simpsons	$ 8⅝	8¼	8⅝+	⅛
2825 Simpson S	$ 10⅝	10¼	10¼—	¼
225 Slater Stl	$ 10½	10½	10½	
100 Southm A	$ 27	27	27	
4343 stelco A	$ 27⅝	27½	27½—	⅛
4550 Steep R	120	117	120	+ 1
6100 Sundale O	455	445	450	+ 5
2700 Teck Cor A	240	235	236	+ 1
1200 Teledyne	440	430	435	—10
100 Texaco	$ 31½	31½	31½—	½
1600 Thorn N A	$ 12⅝	12¼	12¼	
4301 Tor Dm Bk	$ 39¼	38⅞	38⅞—	⅜
1654 Traders A	$ 13⅛	13	13 —	⅛
3260 Trans Mt	$ 10⅝	10½	10½—	⅜
2880 TrCan PL	$ 18½	10½	10½	
150 Un Carbid	$ 20	20	20 —	¼
4940 Un Gas	$ 8⅛	7¾	8 +	¼
100 Union Oil	$ 8	8	8	
100 U Keno	$ 9	9	9 —	⅛
8850 U Siscoe	$ 5⅝	5⅝	5½	
1600 Upp Can	103	103	103	
200 Van Der	359	350	359	—10
3400 Voyager P	$ 6⅝	6⅝	6⅝+	¼
100 Walburne	$ 8¼	8¼	8¼+	⅛
2600 West Mine	228	220	228	+ 7
950 Westnhs	$ 13¾	13½	13¾—	¼
2525 Weston	$ 20½	20⅜	20½	
326 white Pas	$ 6	6	6	
900 Willroy	145	145	145	— 9
575 Woodwd A	$ 23¼	23	23¼+	¼
100 Yk Bear	215	215	215	+ 3
1008 Yukon C	92	92	92	

Total sales 1,568,327 shares

Montreal Stocks

	High	Low	Last	Ch'ge
4050 Bank Mont	$ 14	13⅞	14	
500 Basic Res	465	460	460	— 5
200 Bombard	300	300	300	—15
2250 Can Cement	$ 11½	11⅛	11⅛	
200 Cdn Int Pow	$ 12½	12¼	12½+	⅛
300 Canron	$ 16¾	16⅝	16¾	
5452 Con Bath	$ 22⅝	22	22⅛—	⅞
36350 Dom Bridge	$ 22¼	21¾	22¼—	¼
100 Fncl Col	160	160	160	
190 Gaz Metro	$ 6½	6½	6½+	⅛
2604 Imasco	$ 29¼	29	29¼	
480 Ivaco	$ 12⅛	12	12⅛+	⅛
100 Mont Trust	$ 12	12	12 —	⅛
5050 Power Cp	$ 9¼	9	9 —	¼
612 Price Co	$ 14	14	14 —	⅛
1619 Royal Bank	$ 30¼	29⅞	30	
355 Roy Trust A	$ 22¾	22½	22½—	¾
275 Steinberg A	$ 19¼	19¼	19¼	

Total sales 477,579 shares.

We take pleasure in announcing that

CHARLES O. SETHNESS

has become a General Partner of

MORGAN STANLEY & CO.

and has been elected a Managing Director of

MORGAN STANLEY & CO.
Incorporated

effective April 1, 1975

هكذا من الأصل

April 8, 1975 1251 Ave. of the Americas, New York, New York 10020

International Herald Tribune
Ask for it every day.
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European Markets

(Yesterday's closing prices in local currencies)

Amsterdam

AKZO	42.40
Albert Heijr	90.50
Algembank	322.50
Amrobank	79.80
A'dam	170
Fokker	46.20
Heineken	151
H.V.A.	57.90
Holl-Am-H	58
Hoogovens	58.60
K.L.M.	56.50
Philips new	27.10
Robeco	164.80
Rolinco	114.20
Royal Dutch	82.70
Unilever	107.50
Van Ommer	276
Ver Mach	175.50

Brussels

Arbed	4,300
Brux-Lamb	1,940
Cock Ougree	1,290
Electrobel	5,670
GB-Inno-BM	2,020
Hoboken	3,890
Pétrofina	4,350
Ph. Gevaert	1,178
Soc. Générale	2,590
Solvay	2,530
Un Minière	1,360

Frankfurt

AEG	80.20
BASF	158
Bayer	131
Commerzbk	215.90
Cont. Gummi	80.50
Daimler	311.50
Demag	180
DtBank	334.50
DresdeBk	251.50
Gels Aktier	88
Hoesch	56.30
Karstadt	446
Kaufhof	257.50
KHD	123
Lufthansa	64.50
Mannesmann	239
Metallgesell	252
Neckermann	118.80
Rheinstahl	64
RWE new	129.50
Schering	413.50
Siemens	274
Thyssen	80.50
Veba	122
Volkswagen	107.80

London

Anglo-Am Cp	3.85
Anglo-Am	£23.50
Barclay Bk	2.42
Beecham Gr	2.24
BICC	1.15
Boots	1.92
Bowater	1.17
Brit-Am Tob	3.06
Brit. Oxyg	0.40½
Brit. Pet	3.47
BLMC	0.07¾
Burmah	0.42
CadburySct	0.42½
Chartered	1.39
Courtaulds	1.10
Daggafont	0.17
DeBeer D	2.38
Decca.Rec	1.78
Distillers	1.24
Dunlop	0.47
E Muslind	1.07
GEC	1.18
FreeStGed	£26.50
GKN	2.26
Glaxo Gr	4.18
Gt Un St	1.69
Guinness	1.01
Hawker-Sidd	2.86
Hudson Bay	£11⅞
Imp Chem	2.29
Imps.	0.62
Mar&Spen	1.85
MetalBox	2.28
Nichols	0.30
Plessey	0.73
Rand Mines	2.56
Rank Org	1.78
Royal Dutch	£25.25
R.T.Z.	1.38
Shell	2.26
Thorn (A)	1.60
Tube Invest	2.39
Union Carb	4.50
Vickers	1.22
War L3½	£26.75
West Deep	£18⅝
West Drfet	£45.00
West Hold	£34.00
West Min	1.59
Woolworth	0.43
ZCI	0.61

Milan

Bastogi	1,557
Erba	3,800
Ercole Marell	689
Fiat	1,158
Finsider	353
Generali	66,520
IFI	2,640
Italgas	588.50
Italsider	64.5
LaRinas	102
Montedis	713
Olivetti	1,166
Pirelli	818
Snia Visco	1,634
Terni	86

Paris

Air Liquide	345.50
Allmentaire	69.70
BSN	553
Carrefour	2,242
Cim Lafarge	186.80
Citroën	46
Cie Bancaire	428
CFP	132.90
CGE	316
CCF	135
Ferodo	297
L'Oréal	831
Mach Bull	36.50
Michelin	1,050
Moët-Henn	545
Moulinex	289
Nickel (Le)	84
Paribas	168
PUK	128
Penarroya	59.90
Perrier	118
Peugeot	260
Rh Poulenc	143
Saclior	88.10
St Gobain	140
Suez	25.50
Télémécan.	950
Thomson	191.90
Usinor	93.20

Zurich

Alusuisse	1,200
B Boveri	1,085
Ciba-Geigy	1,565
Cr Suisse	2,610
Fischer	565
HofRocheN	9,225
Nestlé	2,960
Sandoz	1,970
Sté B Suisse	455
Sulzer	2,725
U.B. Suisse	2,900

Selected Over-the-Counter Stocks

NEW YORK (AP) — The following list is a selected National Securities Dealers Assn., over the counter Bank, Insurance & Industrial stocks.

Closing Prices April 7, 1975

Bank and Trust	Bid	Ask
Bankam	36¼	36¾
1st Bk Sy	34½	35½
IstEmp S	11½	12¼
1st Wn F	2	2¼
Hartf NC	15⅝	16⅛
Midl Bks	22½	23¼
Shaw Bos	30	31½
U Va Bks	14⅛	14⅝
Va N Bnk	14	15
Insurance		
Fid Un Lf	19⅛	19⅞
Industrials		
AFA PrS	5⅝	6¼
AID Inc	2¼	3¼
AVM Cp	2½	3¼
Acushnt	11	12¼
Addisn W	8⅞	9½
Adv Ros	1⅛	1⅝
Alberts	3	3½
Allco Inc	9⅛	9⅝
Allyn Bac	5⅛	5½
A El Lab	1⅛	1⅝
Am Exp	36½	37
Am Finl	11⅝	12
Am Furn	2⅞	3¼
Am Greet	9⅝	10⅛
Am Telev	10	11
Am Weld	7¾	8¼
Amtr Dv	1¼	1⅝
Anadite	3¼	3⅝
Anheus B	34⅛	35⅜
Ard May	2	2½
ArkWIG	15⅝	16⅛
Arrow H	16½	17½
Arvida	7⅜	7⅝
AsCC Bot	12¼	13
AtlGas Lt	12½	12⅞
Baird At	3½	3⅝
Balt PntC	5½	6¼
Bang Hy	10⅝	11½
Bkam Rlt	6⅝	7¼
Bassett F	13¼	14
Bayls Mk	9	9½
Beeline F	4⅞	5¼
Betz Lab	38½	39¼
Bibb Co	5⅞	6⅝
Bird Son	35½	36
Birtchr	2	2½
Bick Hills	27¼	28¼
Bonza Int	1⅝	2½
Booz AH	4	4½
Braden	7½	8
Brinks	12½	13
Brks Sca	13½	14½
Brwning	3¼	3⅝
Buckb M	5	5½
Buckeye	6	6½
Burn Sim	3⅝	4¼
CalWSv	25¼	26¼
Campl Ch	1⅜	2
Conrad H	1	1⅜
Cap Swst	4⅝	5¼
Capln Air	⅜	⅝
Cap Tec	3	3¾
Care Co	1	1¼
ConVt PS	10	10½
Chm Lea	8¼	9¼
Chesa Ut	8½	9½
Chi Brids	74	75½
Chilton	2¼	2¾
ChrisSe	98	101
Circle F	1½	2¼
CitznUt A	27⅝	28⅛
CitznUt B	24¾	25½
Clark Mf	26¼	27½
Clow Co	8⅝	9⅛
Colu Vent	2½	3½
Com Clr	16	17
Coml Sh	20½	22
Comw Pa	22	22¾
Con Pap	34½	35½
Corenco	17	19
Craw Co	16	17½
Cross Co	13½	14¼
Cutir Fed	2	2¾
Danly M	5¼	6
Data Dsn	1¾	2⅛
Data Hnd	11⅝	12⅛
Dayt Inc	20	22
Decor In	2½	3
DeKib Ag	35	36
Delhi Oil	2⅝	2⅞
DeLux C	27½	28¼
Det CanT	10½	11½
Det IntBr	27½	28½
Dewey El	⅝	1⅛
Diam Cry	10	10¾
Dixn Cru	16¼	17⅛
Docutel	3¾	4⅛
Dollar G	6½	6⅞
Dorch G	7⅛	7⅝
Dow Jone	27½	28½
Doyle DB	9⅛	9⅝
Dunkin D	3½	3⅞
Duriron	14	14¾
Eberln In	2	2¾
Econ Lab	33⅝	33⅞
ElPas El	9½	9⅞
Elba Syst	4⅝	5⅛
Elder Be	4⅛	5¼
Elec Nucl	5⅛	6
Elec Mod	1¼	1⅜
Energy C	3⅝	4⅛
Entwistl	2	2⅝
Equty Oil	13⅞	14⅜
Erie Tec	6	7
Ethan Al	16¼	17
Fab Tek	1	1⅜
Fingrht	1⅜	2⅛
Fst Bost	17	17½
Flcknr	16½	17
Fla WatU	⅞	1⅛
Forest O	10	10⅝
Frmigil	⅜	1⅛
Fotomat	5⅝	5⅞
Frkin Cp	3	3⅝
Frnkln El	8⅛	8⅞
Frnd Ice	21½	22¼
Gov EFIn	9½	10
Graph Cn	15	15½
Green Mt	4⅞	5⅛
Grey Adv	6½	7¼
Gulf Intst	6⅜	6⅞
Gyrodn	3⅞	4⅛
Harper R	7¾	8¼
Henred F	12½	13¼
Holobm	1⅝	2
Hoover	13⅝	14¼
Horiz Res	4¼	5¼
Huck Mfg	4⅝	5
Huds Pap	17½	19
Hyatt Co	5⅛	6¼
Hyatt Int	5	5½
Ind Nuclr	3⅞	4⅝
Infra Ind	1⅝	1⅞
Infrmk In	1¼	1⅜
Intrmt G	11¾	12¼
InBk Wsh	3¼	3⅝
laSou Ut	23	23½
Jamsby	17½	18¼
Jiffy Fds	⅞	1¼
Joslyn M	14⅞	15½
KMS Ind	2¾	3⅛
Kaisr Stl	25¼	25¾
KaisStl pf	18⅝	19⅛
Kalvar	3⅝	3⅞
Kaman A	14½	15
Kamns A	3⅝	3⅞
Kate Gre	1	1½
Kaysam	⅞	1¼
Kear Tr	4⅛	4½
Kelly Svc	10⅝	11½
Keuff Ess	14	15
Keye Fib	14⅝	14⅞
Key CusF	2¼	3⅛
Kips Int	2¼	2¾
Knap Vog	13⅞	14⅝
Lance In	23¾	24½
Land Res	⅞	1⅛
Leadv Cp	1⅝	2⅛
Lin Bcast	5⅝	6⅛
Loblaw	5⅞	6½
Log Etrn	2¼	2¾
Madisn G	11¼	11¾
Mal Rlty	1½	1⅝
Malkrt	43¼	44
Manor C	1⅝	2¼
Marit Frt	6½	7
Maui LP	8½	9
McCor	35½	36¼
McQuay	9⅝	10
Measur	20¼	21⅛
Medtrn	34½	35¼
Merid In	14	14½
Mdlsx W	12½	13
Midld Ca	1½	1⅞
Midw Gl	13½	14½
Millipr	47½	49½
Miner In	3¼	3⅝
Minn Gas	17⅛	19⅛
Miss Vl G	11⅝	12⅛
Mrs S Pie	8½	9¼
Monf Col	4⅞	5¼
Moore P	7¼	8¼
Moore S	13½	14½
Motch M	3¼	4
Mot Club	3⅞	4⅛
Mueller	8½	10
Narag Cp	4	4½
Nat G&	7¾	8½
Nat Lib	2⅜	2⅞
N Patent	7	7⅝
N SecRsh	3½	4⅛
Natnw Rl	4	5
NJ Nat G	17¾	18½
Nielsn A	19	19½
Nielsn B	19¼	19⅞
NoCar Gs	8¼	9¼
N Eur Oil	21½	21⅞
Nortrp Ki	23½	24
NW NatG	6⅝	7
NW PuSv	16⅝	16⅞
Noxel Cp	17	17¾
Ogllvy M	22½	23
Ohio Ferr	11⅝	12½
Oil Shale	3⅛	3⅝
Ormont	4⅛	4⅜
Otter TP	16⅞	17⅞
Over NA	2¼	3
Pabst Br	25⅝	25⅞
PacGa R	21¾	22½
Palrco	1	1¼
Park Dr	19¾	20¼
Parks H	2⅞	3
Pauley P	3½	3⅞
Pearl Mf	11	11¾
Pa Enter	12½	13
PnzlOff B	6⅝	6⅞
Pepsi BW	4⅝	5⅛
Petrolit	60½	62
Pettibon	16⅝	17¾
Philip L	10⅞	11
Piedmt A	4⅞	5⅝
Pinkrtn	32½	33¼
Pion HiB	25⅝	26⅝
Pistiim	3	4
Possis Cp	3¼	4
Progrp	1⅝	2¼
Pub S NC	9¼	9⅝
P Bennet	36¼	37¼
PutD Cap	3⅛	4
Quat Inns	2⅞	3⅝
Ragen Pr	3¼	4
Rahall C	3⅜	3⅞
Raych Cp	207	212
Raymnd	9	10
Recog Eq	4⅝	5
Road Ex	37⅝	38½
Robin M	8⅛	9¼
Roberts J	3⅝	4⅝
Roselon	3¼	4
Rouse	3⅝	3⅞
Rus Stov	15	15⅝
Sadller	1⅝	2
Scan Dat	1⅛	1⅝
Scripps H	17	18
Sels Dell	2⅝	3
Seneca F	3	3½
Seven U	29½	30¼
Snap Tls	33½	34½
Sol'd Sta		
S Cal Wat	11⅝	12¼
Sw Gs Cp	8	8⅝
Sw El Sv	13½	14¼
Standyn	16½	17½
Std Regls	16⅝	17½
Stan HPd	8	9½
Sterls Str	3⅝	4¼
Strawb Cl	19	20½
Suodal F	2	2½
Super El	4⅜	5⅛
TIME DC	4⅛	4⅝
Tampax	36¼	37¼
Taylr Wl	18⅛	19
Tech Pub	6	6½
Techcre	6⅝	7⅛
Tecum P	26	28
Tennant	23	25
Tiffny Co	6⅝	7¼
Transco	8⅝	9⅛
Transo O	10⅝	11⅛
Trico Pd	25½	28½
Trim OG	2⅞	3
Tyson F	8¾	9⅝
Un McGll	6½	7¼
US Brknt	2	2½
US TrkLn	12⅝	12¾
Up Pen P	15⅛	15⅝
Valley Gs	8½	9½
VanD Air	6½	7¼
Vance S	3½	3¾
Velcro	5⅝	6½
Ventron	19¾	20¾
Wads Pu	6¼	7
Wsh NG	10	10⅛
Webb Re	6⅛	6⅝
Woce Dvl	1⅞	2
Weight W	5⅝	6⅛
Weldtrn	1⅝	2
Welling M	9⅛	9⅝
Well Gar	5½	6⅛
Welsbch	3⅝	4⅛
Wstn Mfg	2	2½
Westmd	56¼	57
Wlsc PL	16½	16½
Wdwrd	18¼	19¼
Wright W	2⅞	3½
ZionUt B	12	12¾

Monday's

New Highs and [L...]

NEW HIGHS-22

Am Baker, Dentsply Int, Eckerd Jk, Gn Dynam, HudsBay B, Ill Tool, IntMin Chm, McDonald, Mercant Str, Moore McC, NIM 5.25pf, NoNG 8.48pf, Pasco Inc, Polaroid, Potlatch Cp, Stauff Chem, Sta[...], Stu[...], Stu[...], Tim[...], VF [...], Wal[...], Wh[...]

NEW LOWS-22

Am NatGas, Armada Cp, Burl North, CaroPwL pf, CinG 4.75pf, Dayco Corp, Esmark, FedNat Mtg, FstChi Cp, IllCent pfA, JerC 13.50pf, Lamsn Ses, Mont Pow, NYS 8.80pf, ParkPen wt, PSI[...], Sea[...], Sou[...], Std[...], Sun[...], Tex[...], Wal[...]

International Stock Indexes

	Last.	Prev.	Hi[gh]
Amsterdam	92.30	92.10	94
Brussels	122.39	122.82	127.
Frankfurt	139.08	137.98	139.
London 30	305.70	305.70	317.
London 500	126.63	128.09	131.
Milan	98.86	98.88	108.
Paris	138.70	130.30	130.
Sydney	350.72	351.84	380.
Tokyo (n)	317.89	319.92	324.
Tokyo (o)	4394.68	4424.84	4494.
Zurich	355.80	358.20	361.

(n) New. (o) Old.

FCE Quotations

April 8, 1975

		Jun[e]
DJIA	bid	740
742.88	offer	750
FTI	bid	295
295.7	offer	305
TKDJ	bid	4250
4394.68	offer	4300
Prem. Gas	bid	125
123.75	offer	128
Gasoil	bid	87
89.50	offer	92

Forward Contract Exchange Company Ltd.
Kerstra[at] Amsterd[am] Telex: [...] Phone: [...] Cable: [...] INDEXC[...]

French-Thai Air Acc[ord]

BANGKOK, April 7 (R[euters]) —France and Thailand [today] signed a new air service [agree]ment under which Thailand [air]lines can fly to Paris and [New] Caledonia in the Pacific. F[rench] airlines will be able to o[perate] new services through Ba[ngkok]

American Stock Exchange Trading

Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
1¾	Action Ind	6	6	3	2⅞	3	+ ⅛
7-16	ADM Indust		5	1⅝	1½	1⅝	+ ⅛
6	AdobeO .05e	8	27	8¾	8⅝	8⅝	⅛
2	A&EPlast P	3	1	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
½	Aegis Corp	5	36	15-16	⅞	⅞	— ⅛
⅝	Aerodex Inc		2	13-16	13-16	13-16	
2⅛	AeroFlo .15e	17	1	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	
1¼	Aeronca Inc		5	1⅞	1¾	1⅞	
1¼	AffilCap .90t	8	6	2	1⅞	1⅞	
⅛	Affil Cap wt		3	3-16	3-16	3-16	— ⅛
3½	Affil Hsp .30	10	3	4⅛	4	4⅛	+ ⅛
3½	AffilPub .34e	5	2	6½	6½	6½	+ ¼
2	After Six .10	4	2	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
1	AIC Photo		2	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	
1½	Aiken Ind	4	5	2¼	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
4⅞	AirbFrt .42e	7	15	8⅝	8¼	8¼	— ⅛
3½	Airpak Elec	4	10	6	6	6	
15¾	AjaxMag 1a	7	19	38	36¼	37¾	— ¼
17	AlanW 1.25e	2	7	23¾	23	23	— ⅛
2⅞	Alaska Airl	6	18	4⅜	4⅛	4⅜	
⅞	Alba Waldn		2	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
5⅝	Alcolc .12e	6	14	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	+ ⅛
3⅜	Alleghy Airl	6	29	4	3⅞	4	
21⅞	AllegA pfC 3		2	23¾	23⅝	23¾	— ¼
2	AllegA wtO		1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
⅞	AllegA wtN		14	1½	1⅜	1½	
1⅝	Allied Art	10	1	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
⅝	Alpha Ind		2	⅞	⅞	⅞	—1-16
1⅞	Altamil Cp	2	7	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞	
9-16	Altec Corp	8	6	⅝	11-16	⅝	
6½	AlterFds .58	4	11	8	7⅞	7⅞	
3⅝	AMAX wt		17	5⅞	5	5	— ⅝
3⅝	Amco Ind	3	9	3	2⅞	3	— ⅛
2½	AHassLL wt		15	2⅝	2¼	2⅝	+ ⅛
3-16	ACenMtg wt		5	5-16	5-16	5-16	+1-16
9½	AContrl .20b	7	1	6	6	6	— ¼
2⅝	Am Fletch		4	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
⅛	AmFitch wt		1	⅛	⅛	⅛	
9⅝	A GerPd .30	8	17	14⅛	14	14⅛	+ ⅛
3⅞	Am !Pict wt		4	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	+ ⅛
3⅜	Am Int Pict	4	44	10⅛	8⅞	10	+ 1⅛
3⅜	A Israel .27r	2	1	4¼	4¼	4¼	
7¼	AMaizeA .40	4	5	9	9	9	— ¼
1⅜	AmMot Inns		18	5¼	5	5¼	+ ⅛
20½	AmPetrof 2	4	4	32½	32¼	32¼	— ¾
2⅝	Am Prec .15	6	2	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
1⅝	Am'Rlty Tr		15	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+ ⅛
1-16	AmRltyT wt		3	3-16	3-16	3-16	—1-16
1½	Am Recreat		17	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
2	A SalEq .11t	6	4	3	3	3	
1⅜	AmTrain Sv		2	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
4⅜	AMMC Cp	5	19	7⅝	7½	7½	— ⅛
1⅝	AndreR .06e	28	2	3	3	3	— ⅛
1⅜	Anglo C .12e	5	26	1⅞	1¾	1⅞	+ ⅛
4¼	Ankter .16	3	19	6¾	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
1½	Anken .16e	6	1	2¾	2¾	2¾	+ ⅛
2⅞	Anthony .80t	5	32	5½	5⅜	5½	+ ¼
1⅞	Applid Data	10	1	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
5	ArizCL .10e	5	11	5¾	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
5	ArzCol pf.48		1	5¾	5¾	5¾	
1⅝	Armac Ent		1	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+ ⅛
6¾	Armin Cp	5	102	11⅞	11	11	+ ⅜
3⅛	Arundel .49t		1	4¾	4¾	4¾	
4¾	Arwood .20e	3	6	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	
6⅜	Asamera .25	7	71	9¾	9⅜	9½	— ⅛
5⅜	AshlOil Can	7	6	6⅝	6½	6⅝	— ⅛
4⅝	Aspro .40b	4	7	5½	5¾	5½	
1	Astrex Inc		1	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	
2⅞	Atalnts .42e	7	1	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	+ ⅛
½	Atco Ind	27	1	13-16	13-16	13-16	
⅜	ATI Inc		3	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	
6¼	Atl Richf wt		31	6½	6⅜	6⅜	
6	Atlas CM B	6	22	7⅝	7	7	— ⅞
½	Atlas Cp wt		17	1⅛	1	1	
12⅞	Augatinc .15	14	10	17	16⅝	17	
10⅛	Austral Oil	8	23	11¼	11	11	
4⅛	AutoTrn .58t	28	8	6½	6	6⅛	— ⅛
1⅛	Auto Bldg	19	3	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	— ⅛
1⅝	Autmat Rad	22	1	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
5⅛	AutmSvc .20	6	1	5¼	5¼	5¼	— ⅛
9⅛	AVC Cp .82t	4	6	13	13	13	
2	AVEMC .14		14	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
3	AVX Corp	24	5	5¾	5¾	5¾	— ⅛

B

Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
4	BaldwS .02a		1	5½	5½	5½	⅛
11⅞	BanFd 1.12e		2	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	+ ¼
4⅞	BanstrCll Lf		32	5⅞	5⅜	5⅞	+ ⅛
1⅞	Benner .84	4	8	2⅝	2⅜	2⅜	+ ⅛
3⅛	Barry R .28t	6	1	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
4⅛	BarryWr .40	4	16	5⅝	5⅛	5⅝	— ⅛
1⅛	Bartell Med		5	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	+ ⅛
2½	Barth Sp .20	10	2	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	— ⅛
1⅜	Bartons Cdy	12	7	2	2	2	— ⅛
1¼	Baruch Fost	7	2	1½	1½	1½	
4¼	BasinPet Cp	5	88	5⅞	5⅜	5⅜	
7⅜	BayrkUt .72		2	8	8	8	— ⅛
1⅜	Bell Ind .08	4	35	2⅛	2	2⅛	+ ⅛
⅛	BenStMg wt		6	5-16	5-16	5-16	
1⅜	Benrus Crp	6	19	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
1⅜	Berg Ent		2	3	3	3	+ ⅛
⅛	BergRlt wt		12	¼	¼	¼	+1-16
2⅜	Berg Brns	12	11	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	— ⅛
9⅜	Brg B pf1.15		1	12½	12½	12½	— ⅛
1⅛	BernzOmat		1	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
3⅜	Berlea .12r	6	15	6⅝	5⅞	6⅛	+ ½
2½	BervenC .12	15	44	5	4½	4½	— ⅛
1⅛	Bethlem Cp	7	2	2½	2½	2½	
1	Beverly Ent		32	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
5⅜	Bic Pen .36	8	x3	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	
12¾	Big Ber 1.12	4	2	17¾	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅛
3⅛	BigV Supmk	4	3	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	— ⅛
9⅞	BinkMf .60a	5	4	11⅞	11¼	11⅜	— ⅛
5⅞	BinnySm .60	9	4	8⅞	8½	8½	— ½
3⅛	Blessings	4	2	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	+ ⅛
1½	Bloomt .08	6	8	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	+ ⅛
1⅜	Bluebird Inc	3	4	2	2	2	
3⅝	Bodin Ap .40	4	5	4⅝	4½	4½	— ⅛
5	BoltBer .20e	6	5	8	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅛
9⅛	BowVall .10	36	1	14	14	14	+ ⅛
7⅛	Brad Ragan	8	37	16⅞	16⅛	16⅜	+ ⅛
6⅝	BradfCm Sy	27	26	10⅛	12⅞	13⅛	+ ⅝
1⅛	Branch .05e	6	2	3⅛	3	3	— ⅛
3⅛	BranHAr wt		5	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
10	Brascn A 1b	3	46	12½	12⅜	12½	
10	BraunEn .52	4	4	12	12	12	+ ⅛
2¼	Breeze Corp		2	3⅝	3⅜	3⅜	— ⅛
9¼	Brewer 1.20	3	136	23	22¼	23	+ ⅝
1-16	BATob r.21e	6	3	7	7	7	+ ⅛
1-16	BroDart Ind	37	7	1½	1½	1½	
2¼	BrownCo wt		22	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
8¼	BrnF B .52b	9	18	13⅛	12⅞	12⅞	— ⅛
3⅛	Buildex .32	4	1	4⅞	4½	4½	— ⅛
7¼	Bundy 1.08		28	8⅞	8½	8⅞	+ ⅛
1⅛	Burgess Inc	9	1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
5⅜	Burnslnt .60	8	24	8⅞	8½	8⅝	+ ¼
6	Butlerlnt .50	3	3	7½	7⅜	7½	— ⅛
14⅛	Buttes G 11	5	26	16⅞	16⅝	16⅝	

C

Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
1⅝	Castles In A		1	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+ ⅛
6¼	Caldor .15b	6	16	8⅝	8½	8½	— ⅛
3⅜	Calcomp	4	8	6⅛	6	6	— ⅜
2⅜	Cal Life Cp	5	2	3	2⅞	2⅞	— ⅛
9	Cal PriCm 1	9	1	11½	11½	11½	+ ⅛
1	Camco Inc	7	3	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
2⅞	Cam Ch .25e	3	3	4⅜	4 3-16	4⅜	
9⅞	Campin .40b	3	5	15⅝	14⅞	14⅞	+ ⅛
1⅜	CdnExp GO	18	13	3	2⅞	3	+ ⅛
1	CdnInP 1.28	5	1	12¾	12⅛	12¾	
5⅜	Cdn Javelin	76	10	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞	+ ⅛
13-16	Cdn Merrill	27	1	3¼	3¼	3¼	— ⅛
11½	Cdn SuprOil	9	28	32¼	31⅞	31⅞	— ½
1⅞	Canoga .10e	5	7	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	— ⅛
1⅛	Capehart Cp	2	28	1⅝	1½	1⅝	+ ⅛
1⅛	Capital Res		10	2⅝	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
8	Carb Ind .60	5	54	25⅝	25¼	25⅝	— ¼
2¼	Caressa .20	6	10	4	3⅞	3⅞	— ⅛
7	Carnat 1.20b	17	31	74⅞	74	74	+ 1
7½	CaroPL pf 5		z170	52½	52	52	
⅜	Carr wt		11	1	15-16	15-16	—3-16
1¼	Carrols Dev		11	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	
1⅜	CastlFd 1.28		1	13½	13½	13½	— ⅛
1⅜	Castleton In		4	1½	1½	1½	
2⅜	Castlwd Int	5	6	4	3⅜	3⅜	— ⅛
6¼	Cavitron Cp	12	12	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	
1	CDI Corp	5	1	2	2	2	— ⅛
1½	CenM pf3.50		z280	34⅝	34	34	
3¼	CentSec .38e		3	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
1⅜	Century Ind	10	1	2½	2½	2½	— ⅛
¼	Certron Cp		22	7-16	⅜	7-16	
1	Cetec Corp	8	1	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	+ ⅛
3	ChadMill .40	5	18	4¼	4⅛	4¼	+ ⅛
2⅛	Champ Hom		746	4	3¾	3⅞	— ⅛
2⅜	CHC Cp .30t	5	8	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
8¼	ChiRiv 1.60a	7	3	19½	19½	19½	— ⅛
1¼	ChicUnl .40t	16	2	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	— ⅛
2⅞	Child World	7	20	7¾	7⅝	7¾	+ ⅛
-16	Christian Co		26	1⅞	1¾	1¾	— ⅛
⅛	CiMtsGr wt		24	⅜	⅜	⅜	
1⅛	Cineram		5	3	2⅞	3	+ ⅛
5¼	Circle K .30	6	18	6¼	6	6	
3½	Citation .40	6	2	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
1	Citiz Finl		20	1⅛	1	1	— ⅛
¼	CitizMtal wt		7	¼	¼	¼	— ⅛
6¼	CityGsFl .50	5	2	5½	5⅜	5½	+ ¼
1½	CK Petrolm	7	16	10⅛	9⅝	9⅝	— ¼
1½	Clark Cons	3	1	2¼	2¼	2¼	— ⅛
4	Clark Gr .30	7	8	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
2⅝	Clarkson .16	5	2	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
⅜	Clausns .62e	4	7	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	
1¼	CMI Corp	15	4	2½	2½	2½	
2½	CMI Inv wt		8	4	4	4	
3	Coachmn In	12	5	5½	5⅜	5½	
4⅛	Cof Mat .24b	6	3	5⅛	5	5⅛	+ ⅛
1¼	Cohu In .15r	16	1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
6¼	ColeNat .60	4	4	8¼	8	8¼	
5¼	Coleman .44	16	17	7⅝	7⅜	7⅜	— ⅛
2⅛	Colon Coml		3	3	3	3	— ⅛
7	Cmbustn Eq	7	6	12⅛	12	12⅛	+ ⅛
4⅛	Cominco 3e	6	1	29	29	29	+ ¼
2¼	Com Grp .12	5	2	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
8¼	ComlAlil .30	7	9	9⅝	9⅛	9⅛	— ½
1⅛	ComlMtl .60	1	9	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
1⅞	Comdor BM		48	3⅛	3 11-16	3 11-16	+1-16
4¼	CoPsycC .20	7	13	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	— ⅛
⅝	Comput Inv		93	1	⅞	⅞	— ⅛
2	Condec Crp	3	79	4⅝	4⅛	4⅝	+ ⅛
3⅜	Connlly Con	3	6	4⅝	3⅞	4⅛	+ ⅛
5⅜	Con Oil Gas	10	38	7⅝	7¼	7¼	— ⅛
5⅞	Cons Ref .60	6	3	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
3⅛	Consyne Cp	7	14	3⅝	3⅜	3⅜	
⅛	Cont Mater	22	14	⅞	⅞	⅞	—1-16
½	Cont Tel wt		1	⅞	⅞	⅞	+ ⅛
5⅞	Cook El .40	5	3	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
7	Cook Ind .40	3	12	14	13⅞	14	+ ⅛
2⅛	Cordon Intl		140	3⅛	3	3⅛	+ ⅛
1⅛	Core Labs	8	6	14	13⅝	13⅞	— ⅛
1⅛	Cosco Inc		1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
1	Cott Corp	23	6	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
1-16	CottCorp wt		1	11-16	11-16	11-16	
⅛	Courtld .11e		1	2⅝	2½	2⅝	+ ⅛
4⅛	CoxCbl Com	19	17	11⅝	11	11⅝	— ⅛
2	Craig Corp	3	6	2⅞	2⅝	2⅝	
2⅛	CramrE .11t	3	8	4⅛	4	4	— ⅛
6⅛	Creole Pet 1	8	33	7⅞	7¼	7⅜	— ⅛
1	Crest Foam	12	33	1⅞	1½	1⅝	+ ⅛
5½	Crompton		10	7⅝	7⅜	7⅜	— ⅛
5⅛	CrowlyM .40	5	3	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
4½	CwnCPt .60r	3	4	15⅛	16⅛	16⅛	
2¼	Crutchr Res	11	38	6⅝	6¼	6⅝	+ ⅛
3⅛	CrystlO .30e	4	23	9½	9⅛	9½	
2¼	Cubic Cp .20		7	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛

D

Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
1⅞	Damon Crp	5	1	2⅞	2⅝	2⅝	
2¼	Damson Oil	13	11	2⅝	2½	2½	— ⅛
3	Daniel .28b	8	3	28	28	28	+ ¼
7¼	Data Docmt	5	1	36⅝	36⅝	36⅝	
2⅛	Detapro	5	58	4⅛	4	4	
5⅜	DayMin .10e	12	86	6	5⅜	5⅝	+ ⅛
⅛	DCL Inc		4	⅜	⅜	⅜	
5	Del Labs .20	5	10	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
-16	DeltaCp Am		1	⅛	⅛	⅛	—1-16
7⅞	DTalEz .20a	7	x28	12⅝	11⅝	12⅛	+ ⅛
½	DeRose Ind		3	2¼	2¼	2¼	+ ⅛

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
1⅝	1	Designer Jw		3	1¼	1¼	1¼	— ⅛
6⅝	2½	Dev Cp Am		5	4⅝	4½	4⅝	+ ⅛
24½	18½	DiamM Drl	6	23	21⅞	21⅛	21⅛	— ⅛
3½	1⅝	Diebold VC		18	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
6¼	4⅜	Dialicon Inc	6	51	5⅛	4⅞	5	— ⅛
14	7½	DillardSt .40	6	1	12	12	12	— ⅛
1⅛	7-16	Diodes Inc		11	1	15-16	1	
3⅞	1⅛	DiscFbr .26t	6	2	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	
16¼	12⅝	Diversey .70	5	1	14¼	14¼	14¼	
7⅝	5⅛	Dixilyn Cor	4	25	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞	
28⅛	17¼	Dome Petrl	9	46	23⅛	22⅝	23	— ¼
21⅛	18⅞	Domtar 1.60	4	2	20⅝	20¼	20¼	
7⅝	4⅝	Donkeny .30	3	8	6	6	6	+ ⅛
9⅝	5⅛	DowneyS .30	5	2	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜	— ⅛
15⅞	12	DrexUtl 1.20		2	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	
8½	4½	Driver Harr	4	2	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
8½	4½	DraFair .40	5	5	8	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
1⅛	½	Dunlop .07e		15	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
21⅛	11⅝	DuplxPd .60	3	18	19⅞	19	19⅛	+ ½
7½	4½	Dur Tst .25b	7	22	6⅝	6¼	6¼	— ⅛
3⅝	1⅞	Dynictn .05e	8	2	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	+ ⅛
4¼	2¼	Dynell .14t	9	5	3⅝	3¼	3⅜	— ⅛

E

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
15¼	8⅛	E Systm .80	7	18	14⅝	14½	14⅝	+ ⅛
1⅝	⅝	Eagle Cloth	11	1	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
6⅛	3¼	EriScheb .26	23	8	5⅝	5¼	5¼	— ⅛
11⅞	8¼	Earth R .40	5	39	10½	10¼	10⅜	
25⅝	16⅞	EasonO .10r	9	2	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	— ¼
7⅞	3½	Ecodyne	11	3	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
23½	17⅝	Edglton .50r	2	6	17⅞	16⅞	16⅞	— ⅛
2⅝	1	Edmos Cp		9	1⅝	1⅛	1⅝	— ⅛
6	2⅞	Edo Corp	11	18	6	5⅜	6	
9¼	4⅞	Edwrds .30a	5	11	7⅞	7¾	7⅝	— ⅛
3⅝	2⅛	Egan Mc .20	5	2	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
5⅜	3½	EhrnhP .20a	3	3	4⅝	4½	4½	+ ⅛
2⅛	1⅝	Elcor Chm	5	14	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
6½	3⅝	El Hose .40	4	x6	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	
5⅝	3⅝	El Hose .40	4	x6	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	
3⅛	1⅜	ElAudD .22t	4	6	2⅝	2⅜	2⅜	
14½	8½	Electrog .80	6	2	10	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
8	5⅜	El Eng .28e	4	2	8	7⅞	8	
10⅝	7	ELT Inc	4	17	9⅝	9⅛	9½	— ⅛
3⅞	2⅝	Espey Mfg	21	69	4⅝	3⅝	4⅝	+ ⅝
4⅝	2½	EssexC .03e	4	5	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	— ⅛
4⅝	3⅝	Euthenc .15t	5	4	4	4	4	— ⅛
4⅝	3⅝	EvansAr .10b	6	15	6½	6⅜	6⅜	— ⅛
5⅝	2⅞	Execut .04b		4	4⅛	4⅝	4⅝	+ ⅛

F

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
9	4⅝	FabriCtr .06	7	7	9⅛	8⅞	8⅞	— ⅛
3⅞	2½	Fairfld Nob	6	9	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
24⅝	16¾	FalconS .40	3	35	21⅞	20⅝	20⅞	
4⅛	1½	Fam OL Str	15	3	3½	3⅜	3½	
1¼	⅞	Family Rec	8	2	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	+ ⅛
4⅞	3⅝	FannyF .42t	17	1	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
3⅝	⅞	Fash Fabric		18	1⅝	1½	1⅝	— ⅛
2⅝	1	FDI Inc .01e		9	2	2	2	
3¼	2	Fed Resrces		22	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
22	17⅞	FedMrt .60b	6	30	22⅛	22	22	
11½	8½	Felmnt .12e	7	3	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
6	3⅛	Felsway .32	6	22	6	6	6	+ ⅛
11¼	4	FidelcG .06e	7	5	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
2	⅞	Fields Plast		2	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	+ ⅛
1⅝	⅞	Film Cp Am		4	1	1	1	— ⅛
5⅜	2⅝	Filmways	6	16	5⅝	5	5	— ⅛
15⅝	5¼	FinSanB .20	6	29	10¼	9⅞	9⅞	
6	3⅞	FinGen .36b	9	28	5⅝	5	5⅛	— ⅛
6¼	4¼	FinGnA .36b		2	5⅝	5	5	— ⅛
9½	6¼	Fst Conn 1a	9	2	9	9	9	— ¼
4⅝	2¼	FstDenv MI		17	3⅛	3	3	
⅜	⅛	Fst Denw wt		2	5-16	5-16	5-16	+1-16
9⅞	6⅝	FstSL Sh .48	5	5	8	7⅞	7⅞	— ¼
⅜	⅛	FstVaMt wt		20	3-16	3-16	3-16	
7	3½	Fstmark .24	5	1	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
11¼	4⅝	FlschrP .48t	11	24	10½	10¼	10¼	— ⅛
3⅝	1⅝	Flagglnd .12	9	1	3	3	3	
⅞	⅜	Flock Ind		5	⅞	¾	⅞	
1⅞	1⅛	Fla Capital	4	12	1⅝	1⅛	1⅝	
4⅝	2¼	FlaRck .10e	7	6	3⅝	3½	3½	— ¼
12	8¼	Flowers .32	6	1	12¼	12¼	12¼	+ ¼
17⅞	10⅛	FlukeJ .72t	8	7	17½	17	17	— ⅛
17⅜	11⅛	Fly Dia Oil	12	62	16⅝	15⅞	16⅛	— ⅛
5⅜	3⅝	Foodrm .15e	3	10	5⅜	5¼	5¼	
8½	5	Foote Mini	5	5	7½	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
30	25⅞	Foote pf2.20		1	29⅞	29⅝	29⅞	+ ¼
72½	57½	FordCan 5e	4	z50	71½	71½	71½	— ½
9¼	5	FoxStaP .36	7	5	8	7⅝	7⅞	
7⅞	4	FrankNu .32	7	3	7⅝	7½	7⅝	
34	21⅝	Fresnlo .80b	4	31	27	26⅞	27	
10	6⅛	Frighamp	8	20	9⅝	9⅛	9⅝	— ⅛
10⅞	6⅞	Frigitronic	15	35	8⅞	8⅜	8½	
9⅛	5	Frischs .30b	7	4	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅛
5⅜	3⅛	Frontier Air	4	6	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	+ ⅛

G

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
5⅞	4¼	Gabriel .34t	4	1	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	+ ⅛
3⅞	1½	Galaxy Cpt	18	1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
6⅝	5	Garan .32a	3	4	5½	5⅜	5⅜	— ⅛
3⅝	1⅞	Garcia Corp	16	4	3⅝	3⅜	3⅝	+ ⅛
2	⅞	Gaylord Nat	4	7	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
20⅛	14⅝	Gearhart .36	9	x124	20	19½	19⅞	+ ¾
2⅝	1	GenEduc Sv	5	2	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
2⅞	1⅝	G Empl .26r	6	4	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
9⅝	6⅝	Gen Interior	9	1	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	
1	½	Gen Resrcs		6	1	1	1	
2	1	Genisco Tch	6	1	1⅞	1⅝	1⅝	— ⅛
3⅝	1⅝	Geon Ind		226	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+ ⅛
2⅛	1½	Gerber Sci		19	2⅝	2⅜	2⅜	+ ¼
12⅝	8¼	GiantF .50b	4	7	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
13⅝	9⅝	Giant Y .40a	15	120	10¼	9⅞	9⅞	— ⅛
1⅝	9-16	Gilbert Cos	11	1	1	1	1	+1-16
5	2⅝	GIT Rlt .96e	7	3	4¼	4⅛	4¼	
2⅛	1¼	Gladding Cp		23	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
4⅝	1⅝	Glasrock Pr		27	4⅝	3⅞	3⅞	— ⅛
34½	18½	Glatfelter 2	4	6	27⅝	27⅛	27⅝	— ¼
4⅞	3⅛	Glen Ger .30	4	1	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
6	3½	Globeind .40	4	3	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
7⅝	4⅞	Glosser .26	4	1	6¾	6¾	6¾	— ⅛
4⅞	2⅝	Glover Inc		2	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
4⅛	3	Gldblatt .36	8	2	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	+ ⅛
19⅞	13⅝	Golden Cycl	28	14	14⅝	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
3½	1¼	Gold W Mob		2	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
1¼	7-16	Goldfield Cp		189	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
3	1⅛	GoodLS .30	21	1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
3⅛	2½	Goodrich wt		20	2¼	2¼	2¼	
3⅝	1⅝	Gorin Strs	9	3	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+ ⅛
16	10	GormR .90a	6	1	13	13	13	+ ⅛
3	2⅛	Gouldinc wt		12	2½	2⅝	2½	
26⅝	17¼	Grainger .30	19	12	24½	24¼	24½	
4½	7-16	Granite Mgt		91	4¼	4	4	
4	2⅝	Gt Am Ind	3	12	3½	3⅜	3½	+ ⅛
4⅝	2⅝	GtBasin Pet		90	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞	+ ⅛
19	11	Gt Lk Ch .16	10	47	18	17⅛	17⅞	
1⅝	⅝	Greenman		49	2	2	2	
5⅝	3⅝	GREIT .40		1	5	5	5	— ⅛
3	1⅞	Greyhd C	11	2	2⅛	2½	2½	— ⅛
12⅝	10	GRI Cp .40	5	25	11⅞	10⅞	11	— ⅛
10⅝	8⅛	Griesdk .90e		1	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
10⅝	6⅝	GrossTic .90	7	3	10½	10½	10½	— ⅛
8	4½	Grow C .32b	6	4	6¼	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
1½	½	Gruen Ind		13	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+ ⅛
1⅛	13-16	GSC En .42c	11	2	1	1	1	
1⅛	1	GTI Corp	7	10	1½	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
3⅝	2	Guilford .20	5	13	3⅛	2⅞	3⅛	
⅜	⅛	GulfMRlt wt		11	7-32	7-32	7-32	
31⅝	23⅝	Gulf Can .80	8	10	29⅝	28⅝	28⅞	— ⅝
5	2⅝	GulfRep Fin	2	2	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
9⅝	4⅞	Glfstrm LD	5	14	6⅞	6½	6⅞	+ ⅛

H

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
8¼	6¼	HallsMgt .44	3	1	7½	7½	7½	
4⅛	2⅛	HampD .15e	3	5	3½	3⅜	3½	— ⅛
2⅛	1⅛	Hampto Ind		1	2½	2½	2½	
10⅞	7½	Hanovr Petr	10	380	11⅛	9⅞	11	+ ⅝
6⅛	3⅝	HanSt 1.63e	4	11	5⅛	5	5⅛	+ ⅛
25⅝	19⅝	Harland .22	19	18	24½	24⅜	24½	+ ¼
11⅞	5⅝	Harmn .10r	3	10	10¼	9⅞	10¼	+ ⅛
12⅝	6⅝	HartzMt Cp	18	42	10⅝	10½	10⅝	— ⅛
3	1⅛	Hasbro Ind	16	2	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+ ⅛
6⅝	5	Hasting .40a	6	1	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
4⅝	2⅝	Health Chm	4	11	4	3⅞	4	
1⅛	11-16	Heinick Inst	22	151	1⅛	15-16	1⅛	
3½	2⅛	Heltm 1.45e	20	97	2⅝	2½	2⅝	+ ⅛
7⅝	5⅝	Her Mal .48	3	6	7⅜	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
4⅝	2½	HIG Inc	4	2	4	3⅞	4	
5	3⅝	Hilihvn .86e	6	3	4	4	4	
14⅛	6	Hipotrnic .20	16	28	12⅝	11⅞	12	— ⅛
3⅝	1⅞	Hofmn Ind	4	2	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
2½	1⅞	Holly Corp	4	83	2	2	2	
23½	18½	HomeOB .50	9	1	19¼	19¼	19¼	— ⅛
5⅛	3⅛	HospM 1.24e	3	1	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
11⅛	3⅛	Hosp Mtr In	8	13	7⅝	7½	7⅝	+ ⅛
12⅛	7⅝	Hotel 1.94e	8	15	9⅝	9⅛	9⅛	
3¼	2⅛	HousRon .10	5	1	2½	2½	2½	
5⅜	3⅝	House VI .32	7	10	4⅛	4	4	— ¼
29⅛	19⅝	HoustOil .40	9	295	22⅝	21½	22⅝	
1⅝	⅝	Howell Ind	5	2	1¼	1¼	1¼	
29⅝	18⅞	HubellA 1.30	8	6	28⅝	28	28	— 1⅛
26	16⅝	HudsB OG 1	7	2	23	22⅞	23	— ⅛
4⅛	1⅝	Hudson Gen		7	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
5⅝	4	Huffmn .40e	6	15	5⅝	5	5	— ⅛
17½	11⅝	HuskyO .50	4	15	14⅝	14⅝	14½	— ⅛
4⅝	2	Hycel Inc	42	2	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	— ⅛
24⅝	20½	HygrFd .90e	4	7	21⅞	21¼	21¼	+ ⅛

I

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
5⅛	4⅝	ICB Co .35		4	4½	4⅝	4⅝	— ¼
6⅝	3½	ICH Cp .32t	11	1	5¼	5¼	5¼	+ ⅛
3⅛	1⅞	Imoco Gate	6	5	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	+ ½
5½	2⅞	ImpCh .24e	4	2	5⅝	5⅜	5⅝	+ ⅛
4⅝	2⅝	Imper Ind	3	17	4⅛	4	4	
28⅝	22	ImpOil A .80	11	15	24⅝	24¼	24⅝	+ ¼
43	40½	IndplPL pf 4		z100	42	42	42	+ ½
1¼	9-16	InFlight Svc	3	7	15-16	15-16	15-16	—1-16
2⅝	1⅝	Inolex Corp		20	2⅝	2¼	2⅝	+ ⅛
1½	⅞	Instrum Sys	10	4	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
2½	13-16	Infrmedco	6	62	2	1⅝	1⅝	— ⅜
15-16	5-16	Intl Banknot		180	¾	11-16	11-16	— ⅛
11	6⅝	Inf Cour .24	11	206	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
2⅝	1⅛	Int Foodsvc	6	7	2¼	2⅛	2⅛	
2⅝	1⅜	InFuneral S	6	7	2½	2½	2½	
10¼	6½	IntGenIn .70	3	2	10	10	10	+ ⅛
4	2⅛	Int Prot .10		1	2⅞	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
1⅞	1⅛	IntSeawy Tr		1	1½	1½	1½	
26⅝	16⅛	IntSyCon .25	8	z1450	21⅞	21¼	21⅛	— ⅝
1⅝	7-6	Intershoto		2	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
14⅝	8¼	Interpool	5	31	13¼	13⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
8⅛	6⅛	Intrsyst .40	6	2	6¼	6⅝	6¼	— ⅛
11⅝	6⅝	Interway Cp	3	17	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	— ¼
22	14¼	InDiv A 1.80	6	12	20⅛	19⅞	19⅞	— ⅛
6⅛	3⅞	InvDivB .45	6	13	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝	
6⅛	4¼	InvestRlt Tr	9	4	5⅛	5	5	— ⅛
12	7	Ionics Inc	14	3	10⅛	10⅝	10⅝	
7⅝	3⅝	IroqBrd .16	5	3	6⅛	5⅞	5⅞	
4⅝	1⅝	Lavin Indust	5	3	3⅛	3⅛	3	— ⅝
4⅝	4	ISC Finl .30	7	4	4½	4⅛	4½	
6¼	3⅛	Itel Corp	4	117	5⅝	5⅜	5⅜	— ⅛

J

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
10	5⅛	Jacobs Eng	4	4	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	— ¼
3⅝	1⅞	Jamswy .09t	5	5	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
8	3⅛	Jeannet .22t	6	10	7⅝	7½	7⅝	+ ⅛
25	18⅞	John Pd .25	17	62	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞	— ⅛
4	2⅝	Juniper Pet	7	32	3	2⅝	2	— ⅝
3½	2⅛	Jupiter Ind	3	1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛

K

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
7⅝	4⅝	Katorind .26	6	66	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
1⅝	⅝	Kalvex Inc		50	1	1	1	
4⅝	3⅛	KaneMill wt		2	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
14½	12	Kanebsv .96	7	47	22	21⅝	21⅝	—
51	42	KnGE pf4.50		z10	51	51	51	+ 1
3⅝	2	Ketchm .14t	5	2	3	3	3	
15⅝	11⅝	Kewane .48a	3	36	14⅛	14¼	14½	
1⅛	⅝	Kin Ark Crp	9	36	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+ ⅛
2½	1	King Opticl		5	2	3	2	
10⅝	7⅛	KingRd .15e	5	10	9⅛	9	9	— ⅛
4⅛	1⅝	Kingstip .16	9	3	3½	3⅜	3½	
32⅝	25⅛	KirbyInd .60	6	2	30	29⅝	30	
7⅛	5⅛	Kitelok .60	4	2	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
10⅞	4⅝	Knicker Toy	5	17	10	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
3	2⅝	Knott Hotel		1	2⅞	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
14⅝	7⅜	Kolmorg .40	5	2	13⅝	13¼	13⅝	+ ⅝
5⅝	2⅝	KuhnStr .10	5	6	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛

L

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
3⅝	2½	LaBarge .04	4	13	3½	3⅜	3½	
5⅞	3½	Lafay Radio	5	11	5	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
4⅝	3	Lake Shore		39	3⅛	3-16	3⅛	— ⅛
3⅝	2⅜	LaMaur .20	25	1	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
4	22	LaPointe	10	19	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
2⅝	1⅝	Laneco Inc	4	2	2½	2½	2½	
7¼	3⅛	LarwR 1.22e	80	2	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
5-16	⅛	LarwinR wt		26	3-16	3-16	3-16	—1-16
8⅛	4½	LCA Cp .45	7	3	6⅛	6¼	6⅛	
1-16	⅛	LCA Ip wt		1	1-16	1-16	11-16	+1-16
7⅝	5⅜	LeeRon .24a	4	8	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ¼
7⅝	5½	Leath Co .50	6	5	6¼	6⅛	6⅛	
16½	12	Lee Entr .48	9	3	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ¼
3⅛	2⅛	Lee Natl	9	1	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
7⅞	4⅝	Leigh Pr .40	5	1	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
2⅞	⅞	Leisure Tec		5	2⅝	2⅛	2⅛	
5⅝	3⅛	LesFay .32b	4	35	4½	4	4	— ⅝
10	6½	LewisB .24a	4	4	9⅞	9⅝	9⅞	+ ⅝
4⅝	1⅜	Liberty Fab	3	4	3⅛	3	3⅛	— ⅛
1⅞	⅞	LilyLynn A	5	8	1½	1½	1½	— ⅛
2	1⅛	Lincoln Am	7	2	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
3⅝	2⅛	Lloyds Elec	64	1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
2	1	Lodge S .13e	7	27	2	1⅞	2	+ ⅛
9⅛	7½	Lohmn .48a	5	2	8¼	8⅛	8¼	
5⅝	2⅝	LoewThe wt		37	4⅝	4½	4½	
8⅝	7⅝	LaGenSv .66	7	1	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅛
3⅝	1⅛	LTVCorp wt		60	3¼	3⅛	3⅛	
4⅛	2½	Lundy Elec		1	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
2¼	1⅛	Lynch Corp	5	5	2¼	2⅛	2⅛	

M

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
4½	4⅛	ManhLfe .20	7	1	4¼	4¼	4¼	+ ⅛
5⅝	3⅞	MansfdT .10	33	1	4	4	4	
8 3-16	2¼	Marindu B	14		4 3-16	3-16	3-16	—1-16
19⅝	9½	Mark Contrl	5	31	19⅛	18½	18⅝	— ¼
3	1⅝	Marlene Ind	3	2	3	3	3	+ ¼
5	4	MarshF .24	1	5	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
7⅛	3	Marshal Ind	3	21	5⅛	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
5¼	3⅝	Masind Son	18	1	4½	4½	4½	— ⅛
11⅞	5⅝	Masnelln .30	4	1	10¼	10¼	10¼	— ¼
7½	3½	MaterRe .20	6	5	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
3	2	MaulBro .10		13	3⅛	3	3⅛	
4⅝	2⅞	McCull Oil	12	73	4	3⅝	3⅝	— ⅛
11¼	6	McDonh .60	4	4	10⅛	10	10	— ⅛
5	3⅛	McIntsh .32	9	1	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
3⅝	1⅝	McKeon Co		17	3⅝	3¼	3¼	— ⅛
2⅝	1⅛	MDC Corp	7	3	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
9⅝	6⅝	Medalst .40b	4	9	8⅝	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅜
5⅛	3	Medenco .12	5	7	5	4⅝	4⅝	
25¼	16⅛	MediaGn .60	0	3	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	+ ⅝
5⅝	2½	Mego Intl In	3	7	4⅛	4¼	4⅝	— ⅛
11	6⅝	MEM Co .72	4	46	10⅝	9½	10⅛	+ 1¼
2	1⅝	Mercant Ind		1	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	— ⅛
3⅝	1⅝	Metrocare	7	1	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	— ⅛
1⅛	½	Metro Grig		3	1	1	1	
1⅞	1⅛	Mich Genl		5	1½	1½	1½	— ¼
16¼	12¼	MichSu .40a	2	18	15¼	15	15¼	+ ⅛
8⅝	7½	Mid Rub Re	5	1	8½	8½	8½	
13⅝	7⅝	Milgo Elect		14	12⅛	11⅝	11⅝	— ⅛
9	4½	Miller-H		1	7¼	7¼	7¼	— ⅛
17⅞	7⅝	MillerW .60	5	19	17	15⅝	15⅝	— 1⅝
13⅝	8	Mil Roy .20e	7	8	10⅜	10½	10⅜	— ¼
1½	⅝	Mission IT		9	1	1	1	+ ⅛
15	11	MoPac 1.20	4	32	14	13⅝	14	+ ¾
14	9	Michll 1.57t	4	44	12¼	12	12	
4⅝	3¼	Mite Cp .16	4	21	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝	— ⅛
13-16	½	MoAmCo Cp		4	1-16	11-1	11-16	+1-16
11⅝	6	Molycrp wt		2	9⅛	9	9	
47½	40	MonP pf4.40		z10	46	46	46	— 1
46	41	Mon pfC4.50		z10	45	45	45	— 1
8⅝	7	Moog .60	4	2	8	8	8	— ⅛
4⅝	3⅝	MtgGth .95e		15	4	4	4	
¾	2⅝	Morton S .32	5	2	3½	3¼	3¼	— ¼
5⅝	3	MottsSup M	5	1	5¼	5⅛	5¼	
4¼	3¼	Mov Star .30	4	1	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	— ⅛
11⅝	6⅝	MPB Cp .50	5	18	11⅝	11	11⅝	+ ¼
2⅝	1	MPO Video		4	2⅝	2¼	2	— ¼
⅜	½	MPS IntlhCp		3	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
4⅛	2⅞	MultiAm .20	175	4	3⅝	3½	3½	

N

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
2⅝	1⅝	Napco Ind	4	8	2½	2½	2½	
3⅛	2⅝	NardaM .08t	3	6	2⅝	2¼	2¼	
1⅛	⅜	NatHlth Ent		2	3-16	3-16	13-16	
1⅛	⅜	Natind wt		67	1⅛	1	1⅛	+ ⅛
3⅝	1⅝	NKinney Cp	19	3	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	+ ¼
8⅝	4⅛	NMedEn .12	4	45	8½	8⅛	8¼	
7	2⅞	Nat Paragn	3	86	7⅜	7	7⅛	+ ⅝
2⅝	1⅝	Nat Silver	12	10	2½	2½	2½	
1½	⅝	Nat System		20	1½	1⅜	1½	+ ⅛
10	9	NatwHo .24	8	13	9	8⅞	9	
1⅝	15-16	NestLM .10e		29	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
25¼	17½	NENucir .30	12	19	24⅝	24⅛	24⅝	— ¼
12	9¼	NHamp .45e	7	3	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅛
¾	7-16	Newldria M	34	4	11-16	1-16	11-16	
2⅞	1⅜	Newpark Rs	6	37	2⅝	2⅝	2½	
7½	3½	N Proc .35e	9	22	6	5⅞	6	+ ⅛
12⅝	7½	NYTimes .60	6	26	11¾	11½	11½	+ ⅛
3⅛	1⅝	Nortek Inc	4	3	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
8⅝	5⅝	NorAm Roy	10	9	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
5	2 9-16	NorCdn Oils	42	35	4¼	4⅛	4¼	+1-16
51½	43½	N IPS pf4.25		z40	49½	49½	49½	+ ¼
3	1	NNGMob wt		24	1	1	1	
2⅝	1¼	Novo Corp	5	1	2	2	2	— ⅛
13⅛	9	NumacO Gs	26	12	11⅝	11⅛	11⅝	+ ⅝

O

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
7½	3⅝	Oakwd Hom	5	2	6⅝	6¼	6¼	— ⅛
20	15½	offshore Co	5	4	17	16⅝	16⅝	— ⅛
4	3	Ohio Art .24	11	x5	4	3⅝	3⅝	
28⅝	26	OhioBrs 1.40	5	57	27⅝	24½	27½	+ 1½
10	4	Oh Sealy .30	9	35	8⅛	8	8	— ⅛
2⅝	1½	Olla Ind	11	1	2½	2⅛	2½	+ ¼
13½	8½	OnLi e Séal	5	7	8⅝	8⅛	8⅝	
14⅝	12	OnanCp .20e	5	7	13	12⅞	13	+ ¼
69⅝	48⅝	OOkiep Cop	4	z450	54⅝	53½	53½	— 1⅛
2	⅝	Originala		1	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
8⅝	3⅝	OrioleHo .20	3	12	7½	7¼	7½	— ½
1⅝	1¼	Ormand Ind	5	2	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	— ⅛
5¼	2⅝	Outdr Sprt 1	6	12	4¼	4⅛	4⅛	
9¼	5⅝	OverhDr .40	7	9	7⅝	7	7	— ⅛
2½	1	Oxford Fst		1	2¼	2⅛	2¼	+ ⅛
3½	2½	OzarkA .05e	6	10	3	2⅞	2⅞	— ⅛

P - Q

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
1⅞	¾	P&F Indust	6	7	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
18⅝	16	PGE6pf 1.50		4	17½	17⅝	17½	
16¼	14¼	PGE pf1.37		4	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	
14½	13	PGRd pf1.25		2	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	
14⅝	13	P pfA 1.25		1	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅛
13¼	11⅝	PG 4.5pf1.12		2	12¾	12¾	12¾	
26½	23⅝	PG 9.2pf2.32		3	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	+ ⅛
24⅝	21	PG 8.1pf2.04		5	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	
22⅝	20⅝	PG 7.8pf1.96		1	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	— ¼
27½	25	PG 9.4pf2.37		3	26	26	26	
50	43¼	PacLt pf4.75		z280	47	47	47	
14½	11⅝	PNwTel 1.20	9	7	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	+ ¼
58¼	50	Pac PL pf 5		z125	56	53½	53½	— 3½
31¼	11⅝	PallCp .40	12	17	29	28¼	28⅝	— ⅝
13⅝	6¼	Pancean O	230	99	11⅝	11⅛	11⅝	+ ⅛
2⅝	1⅝	Pandl Bradf		1	2¼	2¼	2¼	
3	2¼	Park El .10e	5	5	2⅝	2½	2⅝	+ ⅛
7⅛	2⅞	Parkwy Dis	6	18	6⅝	6	6	— ½
19¼	11	Parsns .60a	7	67	17⅝	16⅞	17⅛	+ 1¼
1⅝	⅜	Pat Fashion	62	6	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
5	2½	Patagonia		4	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
7⅝	5⅝	PatoCG .70e	2	59	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
10	7	PatrkP .66t	6	54	7½	7¼	7½	
10⅝	7	Pexall .60a	5	1	9	9	9	+ ¼
3	1½	Pease Elim		2	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
5-16	⅛	PeaseEll wt		2	¼	¼	¼	+1-16
7⅝	5⅝	PeerTu .20a	11	1	7⅝	7½	7½	— ¼
14⅛	1⅞	Pemcor Inc	5	2	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
3⅝	1⅝	Penn Dix wt		3	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
15⅝	15	PennTraf 1a	4	2	15¼	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅜
⅝	7-16	Pentron Ind		3	⅝	⅝	⅝	
15½	11	PepBoys 1	6	7	15½	15⅛	15½	+ ⅝
8⅝	4⅝	PepCom .40	5	5	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	+ ⅛
6⅝	4	PerinlCp .35	4	7	6	6	6	+ ⅛
2⅞	⅜	Permaner		33	2	1⅞	1⅞	— ⅛
6¼	1⅝	Pertec Corp	10	67	6½	6	6⅛	+ ⅛
7¼	4⅝	Petro Lewis	3	8	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
6½	4½	Phil LD .52r	4	1	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	
7⅝	3⅝	Phoenix SH	2	44	6½	6¼	6¼	— ⅛
5	2½	Pioner Plas	5	10	5	4½	4½	— ½
1¼	11-16	Pioneer Sys		1	1	1	1	— ⅛
3½	2¼	Pioneer Tex	3	4	3¼	3¼	3¼	— ⅛
19½	11⅝	PitDeMo .80	15	27	19	16⅝	19	+ 1½
6⅝	5	PitWVa .56a	9	10	5⅝	5½	5½	— ⅛
30⅝	17¼	Pittway 1b	10	67	30¼	30	30¼	
18⅝	14	PlacDv 1.20	5	6	18½	18	18	— ¼
10⅝	3¼	Plant Ind	8	20	8⅞	8⅝	8⅞	+ ⅛
16	8	Planirnics	7	12	15⅝	15⅛	15⅛	— ¼
8½	4¼	Pneumo .40	4	4	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	+ ⅛
2⅝	5-16	Poloron Pd		5	1⅝	1¼	1¼	— ⅛
8⅝	5⅝	Polychr .29t	4	3	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
12½	9½	Pratt Lmb 1	12	6	11⅝	11	11⅝	— ⅛
4⅝	3⅛	Pratt Rd .30	5	2	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
26⅝	10⅝	Prent Hall 1	14	115	26	25⅝	25⅝	— ⅛
4⅝	4	PresRl A .32		1	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	— ⅛
4	1⅝	Presley Cos	10	27	3⅝	3½	3½	
9⅝	5⅝	PrpCT 1.21e	7	14	9	9	9	+ ⅛
8⅝	7¼	ProvGas .80	9	3	8⅛	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
1⅜	15-16	PrdRIE .16e	2	10	1½	1¼	1½	+ ¼
2⅝	1⅝	PrudBdg .24	6	25	2½	2⅝	2½	
2⅛	1	PSA Inc wt		2	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
5⅝	½	Purepac Lb	10	5	5	5		— ⅛
18⅝	9	Putnam .60a	8	15	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	+ ¼

R

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
4⅝	3¼	Racon .20a	3	6	4¼	4⅛	4¼	
11½	7¼	Ranchrs Ex	5	8	9⅝	9¼	9⅝	
26¼	12¼	RangrO Can	53	55	24	23	23⅝	— ¼
13	9⅝	Ransbrg .80	5	27	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
1⅞	1	RapdAm wt		2	1½	1½	1½	
3⅝	2⅛	Rath Pack		1	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	+ ⅛
13⅝	10¼	RaymPr .40	66	3	12	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅛
5	2⅝	RB Indust	6	12	4½	4⅛	4½	— ⅛
2⅝	1⅛	Readins Ind		2	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
6½	3	rifincT .99e	7	2	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
13⅝	9	Rlt RT 1.92e	6	3	11	11	11	— ¼
1½	⅝	Reeves Tele	21	1	1¼	1¼	1¼	
2¼	1⅛	REIT IncFd		11	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
37	28⅝	ReltF pf4.38		3	32¼	32	32	— 1
⅞	7-16	Rel Grp 1		128	⅝	½	½	—3-16
9⅝	7⅝	Rem Ar .80	7	3	8⅞	8⅝	8⅞	+ ¼
2⅝	1	Rep Housng		4	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	— ⅛
9-16	3-16	RepMtln wt		10	⅜	⅜	⅜	
23	17⅝	Rep NY Cp	4	5	20	20	20	— ⅛
14⅝	4⅝	ReschCll .08		66	10⅞	10¼	10⅞	+ ⅛
9⅝	5¼	Resistflx .40	5	7	9⅛	9	9	— ⅛
3⅝	1⅛	Resrtslntl A	3	29	2½	2⅛	2⅛	
2¼	⅞	Rest Assoc		14	1½	1⅝	1	
2	⅞	Rex Noreco		27	1⅝	1¼	1⅝	+ ⅛
3⅝	1¼	Riblet Prod		4	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	— ¼
2⅝	1⅝	Richford In	16	6	2¼	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
2½	⅝	Richton Int		5	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+ ⅛
1⅝	⅜	Riker Maxs		95	1⅛	1	1⅛	
⅝	5-16	Riker Mx pf		34	⅝	⅝	⅝	— ⅛
15⅝	8½	Riley Co	4	14	14⅝	14	14⅝	+ ¼
25½	19⅝	RioAlgm 1	7	1	23½	23⅛	23½	+ ½
6⅝	4⅝	RiadonM .36	4	3	5⅝	5⅛	5⅝	
3⅝	3	RLC Corp		21	3	3	3	— ⅛
30⅛	16⅝	Robintech	4	22	28⅝	28½	28½	— ⅝
4	2⅝	Roblin Ind	1	28	3⅝	3	3	— ⅛
10	6⅝	Rockway .88	5	1	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
6⅛	3⅝	Rocorlnt .20	6	2	4½	4½	4½	— ⅛
15	7⅝	Rogers Corp	10	18	15⅛	13½	13½	— 1½
3⅝	2⅝	Roland Intl	5	2	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	— ⅛
5½	2⅝	Rogsmor Cp	11	20	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	+ ½
⅞	5-16	Rossmor wt		1	⅝	⅝	⅝	
30	23⅝	Rowan .14	6	9	23⅝	23½	23½	— ⅝
18⅝	14¼	Rowlnd Inc	5	4	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	+ ⅛
9⅞	9⅛	Royal Amer	13	1	9½	9⅛	9⅛	
1⅛	⅛	RoyBch Col	14	14	15-16	⅞	⅞	
2⅞	1⅛	RPS Prod		4	2¼	2¼	2¼	
2⅛	1⅝	RSC Indust	7	8	2	2	2	— ⅛
1⅛	½	Rusco Ind	27	37	1½	1⅜	1⅜	
10⅛	7¼	Russell .60	3	1	9	9	9	+ ⅛
7½	4⅞	Rust Cft .40	5	1	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
21¼	11¼	Ryan He .20	13	13	19¼	19	19¼	— ⅛

S

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
7¼	3¼	Salem .24t	8	7	5⅝	5½	5⅝	
15⅝	7¼	Sambos .10e	14	80	15⅛	14⅝	15⅛	+ ⅜
10⅝	7½	SCarlo 1.63e		19	8	8	8	
103½	83¼	SDgo pf9.84		z150	100¼	100	100	
11⅝	9⅞	SDie G pf 1		4	11⅝	11¼	11⅝	+ ⅜
33½	27½	San JW 2.40	7	5	32	32	32	
2¼	1¼	Sargent Ind	9	12	1⅝	1⅜	1⅜	
5⅝	3	Saundr L .28	5	5	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
7¼	5⅛	Schenut .60a	4	3	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
6	1⅝	Schiller Ind	12	8	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	+ ¼
1⅞	1⅛	Sci Mgt .09e	10	2	1½	1½	1½	+ ⅛
11½	4½	SciAtlan .25t	10	31	10⅝	10¼	10⅝	
16⅝	13¼	Scope Ind	4	1	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	
7½	6	Scrivner .32	3	1	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅛
4	2¼	Sealectr Cp	5	3	3¼	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
⅞	7-16	Seaport Cp		14	⅝	⅝	⅝	—1-16
8⅝	4⅝	SeasnAll .20	6	4	8	8	8	— ⅛
1⅞	⅝	Sec Mtg Inv		18	1¼	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
4⅝	2	Sec Plastics	13	4	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	+ ⅛
11⅞	7¼	SeligLa .60b	4	1	11	11	11	— ¼
6¼	3⅝	Semtch .14t	8	11	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
4¼	1⅜	Servo Corp	7	1	3	3	3	
5⅝	3⅛	SGL In .10r	5	6	5½	5½	5½	+ ¼
2½	⅞	SG Sec .1e		3	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
13⅝	10	SG Se pf1.70		3	12½	12½	12½	
8¼	4⅛	Shawin .50b	5	10	7	6⅞	6⅞	— ¼
5¼	2	ShearHay S		15	4⅝	4¼	4⅝	
6¼	11-16	SehltRes .06		21	4¼	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
19½	14⅝	Shnandh Oil	8	60	18	17⅝	17⅝	— ¼
26¼	19⅝	Shn O pf1.25		3	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	— ½
19⅝	8¼	Sherwd Med	7	5	17	16⅝	16⅝	
12	7⅝	Showbot .80	6	28	12	11⅞	12	
3⅝	2	ShulmTr En	7	1	2½	2½	2½	— ⅛
6¼	3½	Sierrcin .20	7	3	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	
3¼	1⅜	SikesCp .02p		4	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
3⅛	1⅝	Silo Inc	14	10	3⅛	2⅞	3	— ⅛
3⅝	1⅞	Sim Sch .10e	5	38	3⅛	2⅞	3⅛	+ ⅜
2⅞	⅞	Solitron .06		27	1⅛	1	1⅛	— ⅛
6½	4½	Sorg Pa .40e	73	1	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
7⅝	4⅝	Soundsn .40	15	14	7⅛	7	7	— ⅛
19½	17⅝	SCEO pf1.68		z600	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	
25⅝	22⅝	SC 8.8pf 2.21		8	24	23⅝	23⅝	— ⅛
101½	89	SCE pf8.70		1	93	93	93	+ 1
87½	76	SCE pf7.58		1	82	82	82	— 2¾
16⅝	13	SC 5.2pf 1.30		1	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	
14⅝	11½	SC 4.3pf 1.08		6	12	12	12	
4⅝	4⅝	Sou Real Ut	6	5	4½	43	4⅝	— ¼
48½	40	SouRoy .88b	17	44	41¼	40	40⅛	— ¾
4⅝	3	Specty Rest	5	27	3⅞	3⅝	3⅞	
9	4⅝	Spector .10e	2	2	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
2⅝	1½	Spectro Ind	4	5	2⅝	2½	2½	— ⅛
2¼	15-16	SpencCo .32t		11	1⅞	1⅝	1⅞	+ ⅛
5½	3⅝	Splentex .48	5	1	4½	4½	4½	
5⅝	4⅝	SSP Ind .24	3	7	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	+ ⅛
12⅝	9¼	StdAllianc 1	3	1	11⅝	11¼	11⅝	— ⅛
5⅝	3⅝	Std Mell .50t	5	18	5	4½	4½	— ⅛
7¼	4⅛	StdMotA .42	5	6	5¼	5¼	5⅛	— ¼
5¼	3½	StdPac Corp	5	7	4	4	4	— ⅛
10⅝	7⅝	Std Prod 1	5	2	10⅛	10	10	
17⅝	10¼	StdShrs .40r		2	15⅛	15	15	— ⅝
8⅝	5⅝	Stanly Avia	8	2	8	7⅞	8	
9⅝	8⅛	StarSup .68b	5	2	9	9	9	
18½	9⅛	StarrtHo .30	10	18	16⅞	16⅝	16⅝	— ½
6½	3½	StatSvL .40b	4	2	6¼	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
8⅝	3⅛	Steelmt .15e	2	2	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	
16½	12¾	Stepn Ch .44	6	6	12⅝	12½	12⅝	— ⅛
1	⅜	Sterl Elect		11	⅞	⅞	⅞	
3½	2	SterlPre .11t	4	24	2⅝	2½	2½	— ⅛
2⅝	1⅛	Stevcoknit	3	4	2¼	2⅛	2¼	
6	3⅛	STP Cp .40e	9	11	5⅛	5½	5½	
8⅝	5⅝	Struth Wells	18	35	7½	7¼	7	
1	7-16	Summit Org	8	14	¾	¾	¾	
18	9	Sun Elec .60	7	2	15½	15½	15½	+ ¼
8⅝	4⅝	SunshJ .20b	6	1	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	+ ⅛
9⅛	6	SupFdSv .32	5	3	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅛
6½	4⅝	Sup Surg Mf		1	5½	5½	5½	— ⅛
1⅞	15-16	Susquhana		5	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	+ ⅛
5	2⅝	Susquhan pf		1	4	4	4	— ⅛
⅜	5-16	SurMtg wt		8	9-16	9-16	9-16	
19⅛	9⅝	SW Ind .80	4	2	17⅛	16⅞	16⅞	— ⅛
5	2⅝	Synaloy .14t	5	13	4	3⅞	4	
40⅝	29⅛	Syntex .40	16	124	38	37	37	— 1⅛
21¼	10⅛	Sysco Cp .28	9	11	20¼	20	20¼	+ ¼
4½	15-16	System Eng		53	3½	3⅝	3½	+ ¼

T

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
15¼	9¼	Tasty B .90r	10	1	14	14	14	+ ⅛
13-16	½	Tech Sym	17	91	¾	11-1	11-1	—1-16
6⅛	2⅝	Techcl Oper	4	3	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	+ ⅛
1⅝	¾	Techcl Tape	5	34	1⅝	1½	1⅝	
3⅝	2⅛	TeleCom Cp	3	1	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
8½	6½	Teleflex .32t	6	9	7⅝	7½	7⅝	— ⅛
1⅝	5-16	Telex Cp wt		7	⅝	½	½	+1-16
3⅛	1	Tenna Corp	15	7	2⅝	2½	2½	— ⅛
4⅝	3⅛	Tenneco wt		18	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	— ⅛
15⅝	5⅝	Teradyn Inc	9	32	12⅝	12¼	12⅝	
15⅝	11⅛	TerraC .25e	4	85	14⅝	14⅛	14	— ⅛
8¼	5⅝	TesoroPt wt		46	6⅝	6⅛	6⅝	
3⅝	2	Texstar .15t	3	26	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+ ⅛
11⅛	7¼	Txtron wt		12	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
11⅞	7⅛	Thrftmt .15e	4	2	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
4⅛	⅝	Tidwell Ind		7	3⅛	3	3	— ⅛
2⅛	1⅛	Tigerintl wt		5	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
5⅝	3⅛	TMC Mtg In	1	6	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
12	4⅛	Tokheim .20	13	35	10½	9⅝	10⅛	+ ⅝
6⅝	4⅛	ToppsGu .28	4	13	5⅛	5	5	— ⅛
6⅛	3 15-16	TotalPtl NA	51	39	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
12⅞	8⅝	Total pf.70		11	11¼	11	11⅛	— ⅛
4	1⅝	Town Cntry		8	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
3⅝	1⅞	Tracor Inc	11	5	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛
2⅞	1⅛	Trans Lux	34	10	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+ ⅛
8½	5⅛	Trnspl Pool	4	43	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
3⅛	1⅛	Tieadw .23t		1	24	2⅛	2⅛	
9⅝	7⅝	TriSMtr .80	4	2	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	+ ⅛
3⅛	1½	Tufico Corp	5	6	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛
4⅝	2⅝	Turbodyne		2	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
16⅝	11⅝	Turnr C 1.20	6	1	16½	16½	16½	

U

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
2⅝	1⅝	UIP Cp .12	5	17	2½	2⅝	2½	+ ⅛
3⅝	2½	Un Invest		17	3	3	3	— ⅛
4⅝	2¼	Un Asb 74 0. e		357			3⅝	
15-16	⅜	UnBrand wt		9	¾	11-16	¾	+1-16
2	⅞	UDollrS .10e		2	1½	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
2⅝	1½	Unit Foods	4	20	2	2	2	
2	9-16	UnNat Corp		1	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	— ⅛
⅜	⅛	Un Nat wt n		1	¼	¼	¼	
4⅝	2⅝	U PDye .07p		1	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	— ⅛
9	6	US Ban Zrst	18	21	8¼	8	8⅛	— ⅛
⅜	3½	US Filtr .20	7	378	8⅛	7½	7⅞	— ⅜
8⅝	4¼	US LsgRI E	8	44	5	4⅝	5	— ⅛
⅜	7-16	US LsgR wt		4	⅝	⅝	⅝	+1-16
3⅝	1⅝	USNat Rsrc	4	11	3	2⅞	3	
2⅝	1½	US Radium		20	2	2	2	
16⅝	1⅛	US Reducl I	2	3	16	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
7⅝	6⅝	USRbR .60a	6	1	7½	7½	7½	
1⅝	5⅝	Unity Buy S	6	12	11½	11¼	11¼	— ½
1⅛	⅝	Univ Contnr		6	1⅛	1	1	— ⅛
5⅛	3⅝	UnivRs .05e	7	25	4	3⅞	3⅞	
3⅛	2⅛	URS Corp	5	9	2⅝	2½	2⅝	
18⅛	12¾	UtahIdSu 1a	11	6	17¾	17½	17⅝	— ⅛
6	4⅛	UV Ind wt		19	4⅝	4⅛	4⅝	— ⅛

V

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
6¾	4	VallesSt .62t	7	7	6	6	6	
23½	14½	Vail In 3.20e	3	34	22⅛	22	22⅛	— ⅛
4	3	Valley Mtal	8	1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
21	1⅛	VaIuLin .01e		1	2	2	2	+ ⅛
7	4½	VonDorn .36	4	3	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
2¼	1⅛	Varo Inc	3	1	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
10⅝	6⅛	Veecoins .32	6	7	9¼	9¼	9¼	— ⅛
1⅝	⅞	Verit Ind		10	1	1	1	— ⅛
4⅛	1⅛	Vernitron	8	33	3⅞	3⅝	3⅞	— ⅛
2½	1⅛	Viking Genl	5	1	2	2	2	
1⅞	⅝	Vikoa Inc		19	1⅛	1	1⅛	
⅛ 3	1⅛	Vimage Ent		12	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
8	5⅛	Voplex .6b	5	3	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
2⅝	1⅝	Vulcan .02e		7	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	— ⅛
6	4⅛	Vulc Inc .30	4	4	5⅝	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛

W

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
7⅝	4⅝	Wacknt .28a	6	17	6	5⅞	6	
6⅛	5	WagnrEl .08	21	2	6	5⅞	5⅞	— ⅛
3⅛	1⅞	WarC pfC.05		22	3½	3¼	3½	
25¼	16⅝	WasPstB .50	8	1	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
8⅝	5⅝	Weld Tu Am	2	7	8	7¾	7¾	— ¼
13⅝	7⅝	WestChP .72	12	24	10⅝	9⅞	9⅞	— 1
7⅝	3⅛	Westats Ptl	9	148	6⅞	6¾	6⅞	
7⅝	4⅝	Wstn Fin .10	4	12	6⅛	6	6	— ⅛
1⅝	¾	WstPac I wt		4	15-16	¾	¾	— ⅛
5⅝	3⅛	Whitaker .34	4	3	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
13⅛	8¼	Whiting 1	5	10	13⅛	13	13	— ⅛
⅜	¼	Whittakr wt		21	9-16	9-16	9-16	
3	1⅛	Wichita Ind	7	10	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
3⅛	2⅝	WillcoxG .12	4	2	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
7⅝	5⅛	Wmhous .30	4	3	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	
6⅛	4⅛	WilshrO .05r	7	21	5⅝	5⅝	5½	
1⅛	11-16	Winston Mil		3	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
5	2⅝	Wood In .30t	67	3	4	4	4	— ⅛
15¼	5¼	Worces Conf	7	87	15⅛	14⅞	15	— ⅛
7¼	5¼	Work Wr .60	10	12	6½	6½	6½	
3⅝	1⅝	Wrather Cp		1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
1 13-16	1⅛	Wright Har		45	1⅛	1 3-16	1 3-16	—3-16
3½	2½	WTC Air .10	4	3	3⅛	3	3⅛	— ⅛
5⅝	3½	WyleLab .24	5	23	4⅝	4⅛	4⅝	
9⅛	5	Wynn Intl	4	23	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	+ ⅛
3¼	1⅝	Wyomissing	5	1	3	3	3	— ⅛

X

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
18	12⅝	Xonics Inc		10	15⅝	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛

Y

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
3⅛	1⅝	YooHoo .05e	10	2	3	3	3	+ ⅛

Z

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
4½	1⅝	Zimmr Hom		4	3¼	3¼	3¼	

International Bonds Traded in Europe

Midday Indicated Prices

Dollar Bonds		
Air France 9½-82	100¾	101¾
Amax 8-76	100½	101½
Amax 8¾-86	97½	98½
Asahi 10¼-80	103¼	104¼
ASEA 8½-86	92¾	93¾
Ashland 8-87	90	91
Aust.I.D. 10¼-83	102½	103½
Aust-Swiss 8-87	92¾	93¾
Bk Tokyo 7¾-76	99	100
BFCE 9-82	99	100
Barclay Bk 8¼-86	93½	95½
Bergen 8-87	91½	92½
B.N.P. 9½-81	101½	102½
Borregaard 8¾-86	93½	94½
Burlingt 7¾-87	89	90
CN PTT 8-86	95	96
Carlsberg 8¾-86	97½	98½
Carrier 8-87	88¼	89¼
C. Lafarge 8¾-86	94½	95½
CN Rhone 10-80/82	102	103
Cons Food 7½-91	84¾	85¾
Conoco 8-86	93¾	94¾
Cont Tel 8¼-86	92½	93½
Copen Coun 7¾-87	83½	84½
Copen Tel 8½-86	93¾	94¾
Corning 8½-86	98¼	99¼
Cut Ham 8-87	90	91
Dana 8-87	89¾	90¾
Denmark 9-82	101½	102½
Denmark 7½-90	84¾	85¾
Dow Cor 8½-86	99	100
Dupont 7¾-78	100½	101½
E.D.F. 8½-86	97½	98½
EIB 9½-85	99½	100½
Ericsson 9¼-85	100½	101½
Esso 7½-76	98¾	99¾
Esso 8-86 Nov	97¼	98¼
First Chic 7-80	93¾	94¾
Gen Cable 8¼-87	87½	88½
Gen Mills 8-86	95	96
Gen Mot 8¼-76	101	102
Gen Mot 8¾-86	100	101
G.H.H. 7¾-88	86	87
Granges 8½-89	89¾	90¾
GTE 8¼-86	94¼	95¼
Haas 8-78	101	102
Haas 8¾-86	99¼	100¼
Helsinki 8¾-86	93½	94½
Intl Util 8¼-82	93¾	94¾
Kimberley 8½-86	98¼	99¼

Marubeni 9¾-82	100½	101½
Michelin 7½-88	82½	83½
Monsanto 8¾-85	101½	102½
Motorola 8-87	92¼	93¼
NrgKomBk 7½-87	86¾	87¾
NorthAMR 7¾-79	96½	97½
Ontario 8¼-86	97½	98½
Oslo 8¼-86	94	95
Otis-Elev 8¾-85	99¼	100¼
Owens Corn 9-86	99¼	100¼
Pac.Light 9¾-81	101½	102½
Pac.Light 8-88	89¾	90¾
Papua 9½-83	99½	100½
Pennwalt 8-87	89½	90½
PhilMorris 8-78	101¾	102¾
PhilMorris 8½-86	99¼	100¼
QuebecHyd 8½-86	99	100
QuebecHyd 8¼-86	97	98
Queb.Prov. 7½-88	88	89
Queensld 8½-86	93	94
Ralston 7½-87	91	92
Richardson 8¾-85	99¼	100¼
S.A.S. 8-85	89½	90½
Scanraff 8½-88	94	95
Scott 8¾-86	99	100
Shell 8-86	94½	95½
Shell 7½-87	92	93
Singer 11-77	100	101
Skandin. 10¼-81	103½	104½
SNCF 9¼-81	100¼	101¼
St. Ind. 8½-80	100¾	101¾
St. Ind. 8½-88	98	99
Sybron 8-87	89½	90½
Tenneco 7½-79	96½	97½
Tenneco 7¾-87	83¾	84¾
Textron 7¾-87	84	85
Tokyo Cur. 10¼-80	102½	103½
TokyoCur 8½-88	91	92
Transocean 8-86	94¼	95¼
Transocean 7½-87	90¾	91¾
T.R.W. 8¾-8	93¾	94¾
Union Oil 7-79	98½	99½
Union Oil 7½-87	90½	91½
Utah 8-87	91½	92½
Volvo 9½-85	98¼	99¼
Volvo 8-87	88¾	89¾

Convertible Bonds

Amexco 4¾-87	78	80
Am Tob 5¼-88	104	106
Ashland 5-88	73	75
Beatrice 6¼-91	100½	102½
Beatrice 4½-92	86½	88½
Borden 6¾-91	97	99
Borden 5-92	87	89
BroadHale 4½-87	71	72
Carnation 4-88	80½	82½
Chevron 5-88	86	88
Chrysler 4¾-88	54	56
Chrysler 5-88	59½	61½
Cont Tel 5½-88	82	84
Cumm In 6¼-88	80	82
Dart Ind 4¾-88	74	76
EastKodak 4½-88	104	106
Econ Lab 4¾-87	80	82
Firestone 5-88	76½	78½
Ford 6-86	80½	82½
Ford 5-88	69	71
Gen Elec 4¼-85	73½	75½
Gen Elec 4¼-87	84	86
Gen Food 4¾-82	83	85
Gillette 4¾-82	80	82
Gillette 4¾-87	76	78
Gould 5-87	72	74
Halliburt 4¼-87	105½	107½
Honeywell 6-86	78	80
ITT 4¾-87	68	70
I.S.E. 6¼-89	83	85
McDerm 4¾-87	109½	111½
Morgan JP 4¼-87	107	109
Nabisco 5¾-88	88½	90½
Owens Ill 4½-87	81½	83½
Penney JC 4¼-87	80	82
Phil Lamp 4¾-83	95	97
R.C.A. 5-88	73	75
Revlon 4¾-87	92½	94½
Sperry 4¾-88	82	84
Squibb Intl 4¾-87	84	86
Texaco 4½-88	69½	71½
UnCarb 4¾-82	99	101
WarnLam 4½-87	90	92
WarnLam 4¾-88	78	82
Xerox 5-88	70	72

Bondtrade—Index

(Basis Dec. 31, 1966=100)

	Med.	Long	Conv.
Yesterday..	97.56	87.75	95.02
Previous..	97.93	88.21	95.22

Currency Rates

April 7, 1975

By reading across this table of yesterday's closing inter-bank foreign exchange rates, one can find the value of the major currencies in the national currencies of each of the following financial centers. These rates do not take into account bank service charges.

	$	£	DM	FF	L. It.	Gldr.	BF com	SwissF	Dan.Kr.
Amsterdam	2.4180	5.77	102.075*	57.175	36.17y	—	6.8930*	94.93*	44.25*
Brussels (c)	35.125	83.755	14.824*	8.304*	5.543*	14.519	—	13.792	6.422
Frankfurt	2.3720	5.6524	—	56.06	3.743x	97.93*	6.733*	93.00*	43.38*
London (z)	2.38205	—	5.6465	10.0865	1510.50	5.76775	83.655	6.0675	13.01
Milan	633.95	1511.40	267.60	149.92	—	262.26	18.06	249.10	115.90
Paris	—	10.09425	178.540*	—	6.6700x	174.625*	12.0400*	166.05*	77.300*
Zurich	2.5475	6.0706	107.48*	60.22*	0.4019*	105.3*	7.25*	—	46.5*

The following are dollar values only: Danish krone: 5.4655; Escudo: 24.47; Israeli £: 6.00; Peseta: 56.30; Schilling: 16.82; Sw. krona: 3.9655; Yen: 291.75; Belgian financial franc: 35.81.

(c) Commercial franc. (*) Units of 100. (x) Units of 1,000. (y) Units of 10,000. (z) Amounts needed to buy one pound.

Tokyo Exchange

April 7, 1975

	Price Yen		Price Yen
Asahi Glass	243	Matsu E. Wks.	515
Canon	209	Mitsubi Hvy. Ind.	137
Dai Nip. Print.	438	Mitsubi Corp.	408
Fuji Bank	372	Mitsui Co.	447
Fuji Photo	338	Mitsukoshi	451
Hitachi	169	Nippon Elec.	186
Honda Motor	640	Sharp	245
C. Itoh	448	Shiseido	1070
Japan Air L.	1660	Sony Corp.	2780
Kansai El. P.	711	Sumitomo Bk.	390
Kao Soap	333	Taisho Marine	302
Kirin Brewery	315	Takeda Chem.	240
Komatsu	310	Teijin	167
Kubota	357	Tokio Marine	521
Matsu E. Ind.	525	Toray	158
		Toyota Motor	565

DC Gold Index Quotation & European Gold Markets

April 7, 1975

	Open	Close	N.C.
London	173.25	172.60	—1.05
Zurich	173.25	172.75	+0.25
Paris (12.5 kilo).	176.89	176.88	—0.28

U.S. dollars per ounce.

Interinvest Gold Indexed Series "B" Bonds (n.v. 1,000).

Indexed value .. 1150.— 20.—

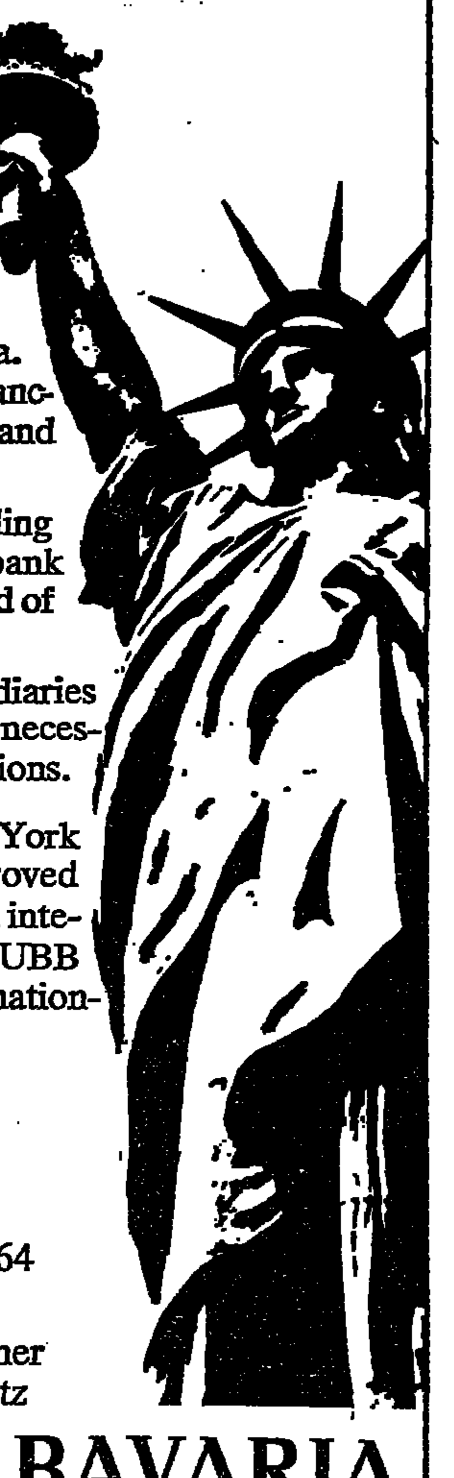
Value expressed in U.S. dollars.

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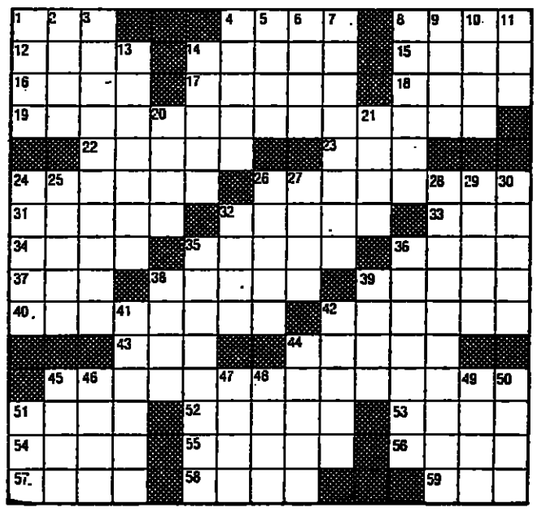
CROSSWORD — By Will Weng

ACROSS

1 Daughter of Loki
4 Strong fiber
8 Portico
12 Prof's field
14 Like Armstrong's landing
15 Remain unsettled
16 Peruvian native
17 Chemical compound
18 Bronx cheer
19 Prospering
22 Fine sauterne
23 Attribute
24 Confutes
26 Appreciative
31 Estate
32 U. S. poet
33 Call —— day
34 Suffices
35 Grass and square
36 *Cuckoos*
37 —— carte
38 Eggs: Fr.
39 Allan——
40 Light again
42 F.D.R. aide —— Welles
43 French possessive
44 Architectural order
45 Prospering
51 Vamp of silents
52 Totally
53 Saarinen
54 English painter
55 Ethiopian title
56 Attracted
57 Fabric
58 Assembly: Abbr.
59 Gal of song

DOWN

1 Home, in Bonn
2 Ferber
3 Stroke of fortune
4 Plump
5 Have —— with (know someone)
6 *Notorious* Marquis
7 Encroach
8 Ariel, for one
9 Duck
10 Eleven, in Tours
11 Cooper's tool
13 One-masters of Mideast
14 Theater seats
20 Daft
21 Greens stroke
24 Airport gear
25 Place for French pupils
26 U. S. composer
27 Goes bad
28 Morgan and Rothschild, e.g.
29 Serviceable
30 Optical beam
32 Ump's call
35 N.F.L. team
36 Looked up to
38 "The —— Love"
39 Family member
41 Knesset's domain
42 Besmirches
44 Arctic domiciles
45 Soap, in pharmacy
46 *Tom, Dick and Harry, e.g.*
47 Arrow poison
48 Gee-gees
49 Spanish linen
50 Kennel sound
51 Clara of films



WEATHER

	C	F			C	F	
ALGARVE	15	59	Cloudy	MADRID	11	52	Fair
AMSTERDAM	6	43	Overcast	MILAN	15	59	Cloudy
ANKARA	23	77	Cloudy	MONTREAL	—2	28	Snow
ATHENS	22	72	Cloudy	MOSCOW	21	70	Overcast
BEIRUT	32	90	Cloudy	MUNICH	5	41	Cloudy
BELGRADE	21	70	Cloudy	NEW YORK	7	45	Sunny
BERLIN	7	45	Cloudy	NICE	13	55	Fair
BRUSSELS	5	41	Overcast	OSLO	1	34	Snow
BUDAPEST	16	61	Cloudy	PARIS	8	46	Cloudy
CAIRO	31	88	Fair	PRAGUE	10	50	Cloudy
CASABLANCA	17	63	Cloudy	ROME	15	59	Cloudy
COPENHAGEN	3	37	Showers	SOFIA	27	73	Overcast
COSTA DEL SOL	16	61	Cloudy	STOCKHOLM	1	34	Snow
DUBLIN	8	46	Showers	TEHRAN	23	77	Fair
EDINBURGH	7	45	Cloudy	TEL AVIV	33	91	Cloudy
FLORENCE	14	57	Cloudy	TUNIS	17	63	Cloudy
FRANKFURT	8	46	Cloudy	VENICE	11	52	Overcast
GENEVA	5	41	Overcast	VIENNA	6	43	Rain
HELSINKI	4	39	Cloudy	WARSAW	8	46	Cloudy
ISTANBUL	—	—	Unavailable	WASHINGTON	7	45	Cloudy
LAS PALMAS	18	64	Overcast	ZURICH	3	37	Cloudy
LISBON	13	55	Fair				
LONDON	7	45	Rain				
LOS ANGELES	8	46	Cloudy				

(Yesterday's readings: U.S., Canada at 1700 GMT, others at 1200 GMT.)

INTERNATIONAL FUNDS
ADVERTISEMENT

April 7, 1975

The net asset value quotations shown below are supplied by the Funds listed. The International Herald Tribune cannot accept responsibility for them. Following marginal symbols indicate frequency of quotations supplied for the IHT. (d)—daily; (w)—weekly; (r)—regularly; (i)—irregularly

(w) Alexander Fund	$6.14
(d) Am. Express Int'l Fd	$6.58
(w) Apollo (Tempus) iss.pr.	SF66.45
(i) Apollo Fund S.A.	$79.85
(w) Austral. Trust S.A.	$3.85
BANK JULIUS BAER & Co.:	
— (d) Bacrbond	SF780.05
— (d) Conbar	SF711.00
— (d) Grobar	SF472
— (d) Stockbar	SF771
(w) Broad & Wall Fd. Int'l.	$33.35
(w) Browninvest	$12.85
(d) Can. Gas & Energy Fd.	$10.53
(d) Can. Secur. Growth Fd.	$4.73
CAPITAL INTERNATIONAL S.A.:	
— (w) Capital Int'l	$13.16
— (w) Capital Italia S.A.	$9.35
(d) Capital Rentinvest	LF949
(i) Cleveland Offshore Fd.	$712.57
(w) Convert Fd.Int.A Certs.	$6.97
(w) Convert.Fd.Int.B Certs.	$10.40
(d) Convert. Bond Fd. N.V.	$7.71
CREDIT SUISSE:	
— (d) Canasec	SF538
— (d) C.S. Fonds-Bonds	SF70.25
— (d) C.S. Fonds-Int'l	SF62.25
— (d) Energievalor	SF74.25
— (d) Ussec	SF588
— (d) Europavalor	SF128
(i) Crosby Fund S.A.	$4.02
C.S. INT'L MANAGEMENT:	
— (w) C.S. America Fd.	$8.96
— (w) C.S. Income Fd.	$7.97
(w) D.G.C.	$38.02
(d) Delta Invest. Fund	$8.68
(d) Delta Multifund	$7.83
(d) Daiwa Int'l Fund	Yen 9,154
(d) Dollar Fund (ex-div.)	$1.37
(d) Dreyfus Fund Int'l	$10.75
(w) Dr. Interest. Inv. Fd.	$11.15
(w) Europe Obligations	LF979
(d) Executive Fd of Canada	$5.84
FIDELITY:	
— (w) Fidelity Equitalia	$7.74
— (w) Fidelity Int'l Fund	$13.32
— (w) Fidelity Pacific Fd.	$19.58
— (d) Fidelity World Fd.	$8.40
(d) Fidmcem	BF848
(w) First Intern'l Fd.	$112.22
(w) First Int'l Realty Sec.	$14.50
(d) First Nat'l City Fund	$35.96
(d) First Security Cap Fd.	$31.06
(w) Flemmg Fund S.A.	$50.70
(w) Flemmg Japan Fund	$19.23
(w) Fonsecex Issue Pr.	SF1,732
(d) Formula Selection Fd.	SF82.23
(d) Fonditalia	$10.63
(d) Fund of Nations	$5.43
(d) Fund of N.Y. (ex-div.)	$9.79
(w) Future Australia Fd	Aus.$7.12
G.T. (BERMUDA) LIMITED:	
— (w) Berry Int'l Fund	$9.70
— (w) Berry Pac. Fd. Ltd.	$22.91
— (w) G.T. Dollar Fund	$5.45
(w) Guardian Gr Fd Int'l.	$6.82
(w) Hausmann Holdgs. NV	$5.150
(i) H.O.I.T. Hobet	$24.21
(d) Icofund	$9.51
(d) Interfix	SF235.56
(d) Interfund S.A.	$9.79
(d) Interitalia	Lire 7,470
(w) Intermarket Fund	$67.39
(w) Int'l Income Fund	$22.72
(r) Int'l Privilege Ltd.	Can.$4.14
(r) Int'l Securities Fund	$8.48
(w) Intertrust Int'l Fd S.A.	$8.92
(r) Invest Atlantiques	$35.94
(d) Italamerica S.A. Fund	$9.26
(i) Italfortune Int'l Fd S.A	$8.84
(r) Japan Growth Fund	$14.09
(d) Japan Selection Fund	$42.52
(w) Japan Pacific Fund	$13.36
JARDINE FLEMING	
— (r) Jardine East. Trust	$52.28
— (r) Jardine Japan Fund	$39.09
— (r) Jardine Selection NV	$12.38
(d) KB Income Fund	LF1,353
(w) Kleinwort Benson Int.F	$9.42
(w) Kleinwort Bens. Jap. F.	$15.60
(w) Leverage Cap Hold	$23.82
L. & B.T. MANAGEMENT S.A.:	
+(w) L&B-T Multi-way Fd.	SF348
+(w) L&B-T Income Fund.	SF288.50
(w) Luxfund	$17.61
(d) Mediolanum Sel. Fund	$11.43
(d) Neuwirth Int'l Fund	$2.41
(d) Neuwirth Inv. Fund	$1.81
(w) N.A.M.F.	$62.24
(w) Nippon Fund	$24.15
(w) Nor. Amer. Inv. Fund	$6.18
(w) Nor. Amer. Bank Fd.	$6.87
(r) Olympic Cap. Fd. Inc.	$1.724
(r) Pegasus Intern'l.	$5.76
(d) Putnam Intern'l Fund	$20.02
(d) Renta Fund	LF1,856
(d) Renta Capital Fund	LF3,513
(d) Rentinvest	LF815
SAFE GROUP:	
— (d) Safe Fund	$4.69
— (d) Safe Trust Fund	$9.76
— (d) Global Fund	$3.94
(w) Samurai Portfolio	SF50.95
SEPRO:	
— (w) Sepro (N.A.V.)	$11.64
S.M.O. FUNDS:	
— (d) CEF Fund	SF22.56
— (d) Crossbow Fund	SF4.56
— (d) I.T.F. Fund N.V.	$6.84
(w) SMH Special Fund	DM93.00
SOFID GROUPE GENEVA:	
— (r) Parfon Sw. R. Est.	SF1,433
— (r) Securwiss	SF1,021
(d) Soros Fund	$132.11
(w) Star Fund	$5.55
(r) Suez Int'l Ventures Inc.	$5.30
SWISS BANK CORP.:	
— (d) America-Valor	SF402.75
— (d) Intervalor	SF81.75
— (d) Japan Portfolio	SF341.00
— (d) Swissvalor New Ser.	SF189.75
— (d) Univ Bond Select	SF77.00
— (d) Universal Fund	SF79.25
(w) Talent Global Fund	$7.05
(w) Tokyo Pac. Hold (Sea).	$21.34
(w) Tokyo Pac. Hold. N.V.	$29.53
(w) Transpacific Fund	$16.11
TYNDALL GROUP:	
+ (r) Overseas Fd. cap.	$1.16
+ (r) Do. Accumulation	$1.48
+ (r) 2-Way Fund Int'l	$2.24
UNION BANK OF SWITZERLAND:	
— (d) Amca D.S. Sh.	SF31.00
— (d) Bond Invest	SF69.50
— (d) Convert-Invest	SF76.75
— (d) Eurit Europe Sh.	SF117.00
— (d) Fonsa Swiss Sh.	SF83.50
— (d) Globinvest	SF62.00
— (d) Pacific Invest	SF68.00
— (d) Rometac-Invest	SF318.00
— (d) Safit South Afr. Sh.	SF317.50
— (d) Sima Swiss R. Est.	SF175
UNION-INVESTMENT, Frankfurt:	
— (d) Atlanticfonds	DM15.00
— (d) Europafonds	DM32.09
— (d) Unifonds	DM20.40
— (d) Unirenta	DM40.55
— (d) Unispecial I.	DM31.65
(w) United Cap. Inv Fd.	$2.41
(d) U.S. Trust Invest Fd.	$11.47
(w) Western Growth Fd.	$5.56
(w) Western Hedge Fund	$1,328.11
(w) West Proprietary N.V.	$1,376.77
(d) World Equity Grth Fd.	$396.94
(w) Worldwide Securities	$22.50
(w) Worldwide Special	$3,068.06

DM — Deutsche Mark; * — Ex-dividend: z — New. N.A — Not available: BF — Belgian francs; LF — Luxembourg francs. SF — Swiss francs: + — Offer prices. s — Asked.

PEANUTS



B.C.



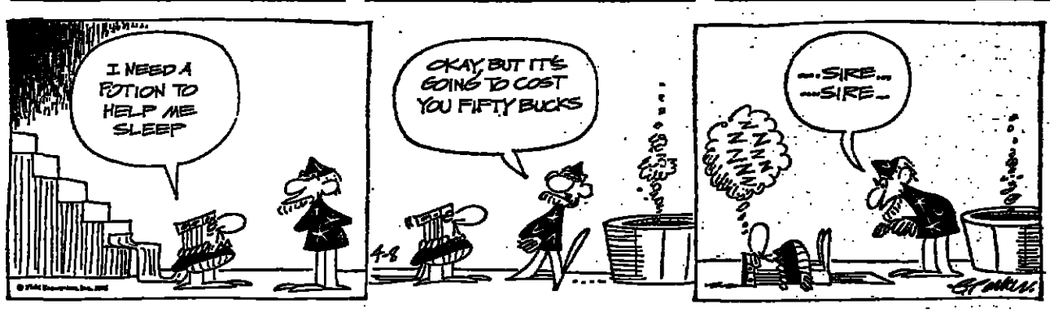
BLONDIE



BEETLE BAILEY



WIZARD of ID



ANDY CAPP



REX MORGAN M.D.



RIP KIRBY



JUMBLE® — that scrambled word game

BY HENRI ARNOLD and BOB LEE

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

BETER

CURCO

PHONIS

UNEEVA



Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

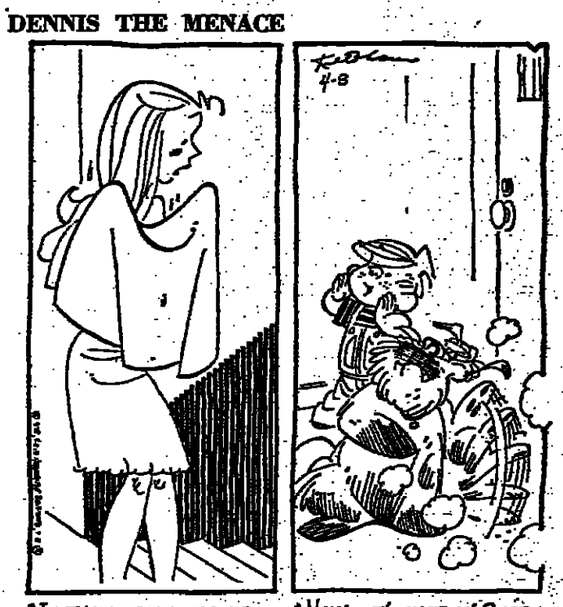
Print the SURPRISE ANSWER here

(Answers tomorrow)

Yesterday's Jumbles: EJECT CANAL ADVICE FETISH

Answer: *"The way we're come down as a family."* — "DESCENT"

DENNIS THE MENACE



BOOKS

HERS

By A. Alvarez. Random House. 255 pp. $7.95.

Reviewed by Anatole Broyard

IF I had not known that A. Alvarez was a highly regarded English poet and critic, I might have supposed, on the evidence of "Hers," that he was just another run-of-the-mill first novelist. It appears that his literary experience or sophisticatio is not transferable. No one has yet explained why a man who can distinguish a good line from a bad one in somebody else's book cannot do as much for his own. Is love really blind?

One can imagine a competent critic writing a certain kind of bad novel, one which lacks the mysterious qualities that make a man a persuasive novelist. It is difficult, though, to understand how Mr. Alvarez could have remained unaware of so many of the minor tricks of the novelist's craft. Craft, after all, is what the critic is supposed to judge: it is his stock in trade.

In fact, everybody—not just critics—should have some sort of an ear for dialogue. Talk is what we do all our lives long, yet Mr. Alvarez seems to be a mere babe in the woods here. Take this scene, for example: Sam, who is 22 and a graduate student in literature, is walking with the beautiful 30-year-old wife of a professor of literature. He is already half in love with her and if she is going to love him back, it will depend largely on what he says. It begins to rain and he says: "Someone up there has turned the hose on." A few pages later, watching a hawk hovering above them, he says: "It must be beautiful up there. Really free."

I refuse to believe that Julie, the professor's wife, can think herself in love with Sam after that. Nevertheless, that is what the author asks us to do. She loves him, we are told, for his flat belly as well as for his literary sensibility. Her belly is flat and flat calls to flat.

When Sam looks at Julie, he thinks: "I've never seen a real woman before." If this is true, I can only say that he should be flunked out of school. For a literary man, Mr. Alvarez does not have a high opinion of those who study and profess his discipline. They are all reading the same "drab" books and envying "each other's tiny successes . . ." Even the professor is haunted by "the obsequious hierarchies of power above him and below."

Apart from a preference for flat bellies, Julie doesn't seem to know her own mind. She married the professor, who is now in his 50s, when she was a starving German "waif" of 17, and at 30 she is dissatisfied with him, her two children, and the university town where they live. She is always replying "icily" to his remarks. Yet Sam bores her, too: "She had had children and been hungry; she . . . had seen people die; she was impatient with his grand protestations of feeling."

Well, then, what is "Hers" all about? If Sam is a bore and the professor's a bore and life, too, where's our novel going to locate itself? Why, in Julie's search for identity, her thrust toward sexual relief, of course. Where else? I'm not saying that these are not natural or legitimate goals for a young woman—particularly in our self-conscious, keenly "aware" times—but I do believe that the *quality* of these feelings has something to do with the quality of the novel. The quest qua quest is not enough. There are vestigial values complicating the picture.

Julie is not a heroine for sleeping with Sam. The professor is not a tragic figure because his wife's infidelity calls to his mind almost the entire text of "Othello." The poor professor has been given a very stale role: that of the scholar who can no longer distinguish between literature and life. In all my experience on the fringes of the literary world, I have yet to meet with this syndrome in the flesh. In any case, wouldn't it be more interesting to see what a scholar can do besides passively *suffer* literature? Why is Mr. Alvarez so hostile to his principal audience?

Sam is even worse. When Julie announces that she is dying and invites Sam to accompany her, without her husband, to a clinic in Germany, he is filled with a lover's pride: "He, not her husband, would be in at the death." She is not dying, of course: she is only going back home to think about her father, who is run in "Hers" as a deus ex machina to crank up the plot. We read: "When they [the Nazis] had taken her father, she had gone with them" and we wonder what it can mean. Fathers are such all-purpose symbols that it's hard to know. After Julie has an abortion, we learn that "her father had been laid to rest at last." Faced with this line, I can only conjecture that Julie has been reading some of the lesser known German expressionist dramatists in the clinic's library.

Feminists and all those others who keep up with our changing times will be interested to know what sort of lesson Julie distills from her vicissitudes. Mr. Alvarez has not forgotten his "seven types of ambiguity" and it may require all the reader's cunning to construe his conclusion. Here it is: "My husband, she thought. Responsible, domestic, laborious, immovable, flat. He'll do."

Anatole Broyard is a book critic for The New York Times.

Best Sellers

The New York Times

This list is based on reports from more than 250 bookstores in 110 communities throughout the United States. Weeks are not necessarily consecutive.

FICTION

This Week		Weeks on List	Last Week
1	Centennial, by James Michener	1	32
2	The Seven-Per-Cent Solution, edited by Nicholas Meyer	2	29
3	The Moneychangers, by Arthur Hailey	5	2
4	Lady, by Thomas Tryon	3	18
5	Something Happened, by Joseph Heller	4	24
6	The Promise of Joy, by Allan Drury	7	2
7	Black Sunday, by Thomas Harris	—	5
8	A Month of Sundays, by John Updike	9	2
9	The Dreadful Lemon Sky, by John D. MacDonald	10	8
10	Harlequin, by Morris West	—	20

GENERAL

1	The Bermuda Triangle, by Charles Berlitz	1	21
2	Helter Skelter, by Vincent Bugliosi with Curt Gentry	2	12
3	Strictly Speaking, by Edwin Newman	3	19
4	Here as The New Yorker, by Brendan Gill	6	4
5	The Palace Guard, by Dan Rather and Gary Paul Gates	4	20
6	All Things Bright and Beautiful, by James Herriot	5	36
7	The Bankers, by Martin Mayer	7	9
8	The Ascent of Man, by J. Bronowski	9	3
9	The Pleasure Bond, by William H. Masters and Virginia E. Johnson	10	4
10	The Ultra Secret, by F. W. Winterbotham	8	11

Solution to Previous Puzzle

B	A	R	S	■	S	M	O	K	E	■	O	T	T	O
A	D	A	K	■	C	E	D	E	S	■	T	E	A	R
B	E	N	E	V	O	L	E	N	T	■	T	N	R	E
E	N	T	W	I	N	E	S	■	R	H	O	D	E	S
■	■	■	E	N	C	E	■	R	A	I	S	E	■	■
D	E	C	R	E	E	■	R	E	N	D	E	R	E	D
A	C	H	E	S	■	C	O	M	B	E	■	N	R	A
C	L	A	D	■	B	A	S	T	E	■	B	E	A	R
E	A	R	■	D	A	M	E	S	■	P	A	S	S	E
S	T	I	P	U	L	E	S	■	S	E	N	S	E	D
■	■	T	I	D	A	L	■	B	E	A	T	■	■	■
H	E	A	V	E	N	■	S	E	C	R	E	L	L	Y
A	M	B	O	■	C	H	I	V	A	L	R	O	U	S
H	I	L	T	■	E	A	T	E	N	■	E	R	N	E
A	T	E	S	■	S	M	E	L	T	■	D	Y	E	R

BRIDGE — By Alan Truscott

After the auction shown, South had to play a tricky three no-trump contract. East's take-out double had shown length in the black suits, so he had some clue to the distribution.

West led the club deuce, and East signaled with the nine under dummy's ace. This gave the declarer some comfort, since it was now likely that the club queen was a potential trick. However, he was in a strange position. He could count eight tricks, but was in danger of giving the defenders a fifth trick in the process of trying to make his ninth.

At the second trick, South led a spade from dummy, and when East put up the spade jack it was allowed to win. The defense could have cashed four more tricks, three in hearts and the club king, to beat the contract.

But it was hard for East to realize this, and he led a low club. South put up his queen and was able to make an overtrick by entering dummy with a diamond lead and finessing the spade 10.

In the replay, South made the same spade lead at the second trick, but captured the jack with the ace. He then ran diamonds, giving West an opportunity to signal in hearts. The defense then had no trouble in taking five tricks to beat the contract.

A strange feature of the deal is that nine tricks can always be made double-dummy. Looking at all four hands, declarer must lead a heart from the dummy at the second trick.

This play would be suicidal at the table, but with the actual distribution it forces the defense to choose between blocking the heart suit, and giving South his ninth trick in that suit. If East rises with the heart ace and plays a diamond safely, the declarer can lead another round of hearts to sever the defensive communications.

NORTH
♠ K 9 8 5
♡ J 6 3 2
◇ Q J 10 5
♣ A

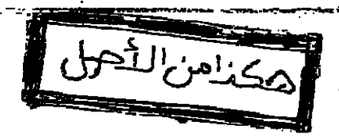
WEST	EAST (D)
♠ 6 2	♠ Q J 7 3
♡ K Q 8 7 4	♡ A 10
◇ 9 4	◇ 6 2
♣ J 10 3 2	♣ K 9 8 7 6

SOUTH
♠ A 10 4
♡ 9 5
◇ A K 8 7 3
♣ Q 5 4

Both sides were vulnerable. The bidding:

East	South	West	North
Pass	1 ◇	Pass	1 ♡
Dbl.	1 N.T.	Pass	3 N.T.
Pass	Pass	Pass	

West led the club two.



هكذا من الأصل

eds Open Season Beating Dodgers th Single in 14th

NATI, April 7 (UPI).— er George Foster beat ler to third base with in the 14th inning esar Geronimo raced n third base with the run to give the Cineds a 2-1 victory over ngeles Dodgers today in ig game of the baseball

grounder down the fielded by Ron Cey near but his throw to first- Steve Garvey was too at the fleet Foster.

Concepcion started the ally with a single and econd on a passed ball er Steve Yeager, who handle reliever Charlie nuckleball. After Gero- ed on four pitches, Ken oved the runners with Darrel Chaney then back to Hough and n was caught in a run- ween third and home econd out.

Foster, batting for winning relief pitcher Pat Darcy, then hit his slow roller toward third which Cey had hoped would roll foul. Cey finally fielded the ball about one foot fair.

The 14-inning thriller tied the National League record for the longest opening day game in history and was played before the largest regular season crowd in Reds' history—52,626.

The game had been tied 1-1 since the sixth inning.

The Dodgers grabbed a 1-0 lead in the fourth inning when Garvey, the league's Most Valuable Player last season, singled home Jimmy Wynn from second base. Wynn and Joe Ferguson had walked to start the inning.

The Reds tied the score, 1-1, in the sixth as Concepcion singled home Pete Rose from third base. Rose and Joe Morgan started the Reds' sixth with singles and Rose moved to third on Tony Perez' deep fly to right.

Mike Marshall, who appeared in a record 106 games last season, relieved Dodger starter Don Sutton in the eighth inning. Sutton gave up five hits.

Don Gullett started for Cincinnati and went 9 2/3 innings, allowing only five hits, before being relieved by Clay Carroll.

idez Retains VBA Title Decision

NESBURG, April 7 rgentine Victor Galinded his World Boxing Asight-heavyweight champ by decisioning South ierre Fourie tonight.

llenger set a fast pace, the champ and openh over Galindez's right ie eighth round. But strength and superior gave him the edge in g rounds.

z bore into Fourie, left hooks into the rican's body and face. ast two rounds, Fourie emed able to stay on s Galindez stalked him ockout blow. But Fou- it off the Argentine's te attack to end the his feet.



United Press International.

TWENTY'S A CROWD—Almost all the members of the Toronto Maple Leafs, in dark jerseys, and Boston Bruins gather on the ice during a fight between the Leafs' goalie Gord McRae and Bobby Schmautz of Boston.

Final Exhibition Baseball Standings

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	W	L	Pct
Baltimore	17	10	.630
California	14	10	.583
Minnesota	17	12	.587
Cleveland	8	7	.533
Kansas City	13	13	.520
Texas	15	15	.500
New York	15	17	.469
Milwaukee	11	13	.458
Chicago	14	18	.438
Detroit	13	18	.419
Oakland	7	11	.388
Boston	10	20	.333

National League

	W	L	Pct
Los Angeles	20	8	.714
Montreal	19	8	.704
San Francisco	12	6	.667
Philadelphia	15	9	.625
Cincinnati	18	11	.621
Pittsburgh	18	16	.529
Houston	14	15	.483
St. Louis	11	14	.440
San Diego	8	11	.421
New York	8	17	.320
Chicago	7	15	.318
Atlanta	8	19	.296

Knicks Receive Foreign Aid in Gaining Playoff

NEW YORK, April 7 (UPI).—Four National Basketball Association teams take only a one-day breather before beginning their second season tomorrow—the playoffs.

The New York Knicks made it for the ninth straight year, but this was the hardest of all. By virtue of their dramatic victory over Buffalo yesterday and Cleveland's one-point loss to Kansas City-Omaha, the Knicks gained the Eastern Conference wild card spot by a half-game over the Cavaliers and the right to travel to Houston to begin a three-game qualifying playoff series tomorrow with the Rockets, the second-place team in the Central Division.

Detroit, the Western Conference wild card team, will travel to Seattle the same night to take on the Sonics, who had a strong second half of the season to finish second to Golden State in the Pacific Division.

Boston and Golden State drew byes for ending up with the best records in their conferences during the regular season and will meet the winners of the qualifying playoffs in seven-game series. The Celtics take on the winner of the New York-Houston series, while the Warriors play the team emerging from the Detroit-Seattle matchup.

The second stage of the playoffs begins Thursday.

Washington, Central Division leader, will begin a best-of-seven series at home with Buffalo, runner-up to Boston in the Atlantic Division, while Midwest champ Chicago hosts second-place Kansas City-Omaha.

Playoff Blocked

OMAHA, Neb., April 7 (UPI).—The long arm of Ron Behagen saved New York yesterday afternoon.

Behagen stretched it out to block a last-second shot by Cleveland's Fred Foster and protect the Kansas City-Omaha Kings' 95-94 victory. In so doing, Behagen also blocked the Cavaliers' entry into the NBA playoffs. The Cavs' loss, coupled with New York's 105-93 victory over the Buffalo Braves, pushed the Knicks into the playoff berth.

The Knicks were huddled around television sets to watch the Cavalier game following their crucial triumph earlier in the afternoon.

The Knicks rebounded from a five-point half-time deficit in New York, brought about largely by Bob McAdoo's 19 points, to reel off streaks of 11 and 14 points in the third quarter. Frazier finished with 26 points and Earl Monroe added 22. McAdoo had 32.

Though Cleveland and New York finished the regular season with 40-42 won-lost records, the Knicks move on to the playoffs because they won the season series against the Cavs.

Nate Archibald led K.C.-Omaha with 33 points but it was Sam Lacey's jumper with 1:24 left that capped an 11-point fourth-period spurt and staved off a Jim Brewer-led second-half comeback. With Jim Chones spending much of the third quarter on the bench in foul trouble, Brewer grabbed off most of his 21 rebounds after the intermission. Chones led the Cavs with 23 points and Brewer added 18.

Bullets 119, Jazz 103

At Landover, Md., Wes Unseld grabbed 30 rebounds and the NBA rebound title by a fraction from Boston's Dave Cowens as Washington won its 60th game of the season, beating New Orleans, 119-103. The Bullets had little trouble with New Orleans as Elvin Hayes scored 20 of his 23 points in the first half. They became only the 13th team in NBA history to win 60 games in a season.

Sonics 114, Suns 111

At Seattle, the SuperSonics won their seventh straight game, tying the longest streak in the team's history, to cap their first season as a playoff entry. Archie Clark led the Sonics with 31 points as Phoenix lost, 114-111.

Trail Blazers 126, Lakers 97

At Portland, Ore., the Trail Blazers ended the season with their best record ever after beating Los Angeles, 126-97, and player-coach Len Wilkens ended his playing career with a 14-point effort that lifted him into 11th place on the all-time scoring list. Wilkens scored 17,771 points over 15 years.

Bulls 112, Bucks 100

At Milwaukee, Rowland Garrett scored 15 of his 19 points in the fourth quarter to lead playoff-bound Chicago past Milwaukee, 112-100. Norm Van Lier led Chicago with 24 points and Kareem Abdul-Jabbar of the Bucks led all scorers with 34.

Colonels Lead, 1-0

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 7 (UPI).—Artis Gilmore scored 10 points in the last seven minutes last night to lift Kentucky to a 98-91 victory over the Memphis Sounds and give the Colonels a 1-0 lead in the American Basketball Association Eastern Division first-round best-of-seven-game playoffs.

Gilmore, who tallied 28 points and grabbed a career-high 33 rebounds in leading the Colonels past the New York Nets Friday night for the division championship, came back last night to top all scorers with 25 points and haul down a game-high 20 rebounds.

The Sounds, with only two guards available for action, started forward George Carter in the backcourt. In an effort to minimize the Colonels height advantage. It worked for a while as Memphis went to a 17-13 lead before the Colonels struck back for 10 straight points near the end of the first period and moved into a 28-21 lead.

Nuggets 122, Stars 107

At Denver, Ralph Simpson scored 20 points and combined with Roland (Fatty) Taylor to hold Utahs' high-scoring guard Ron Boone to just two field goals as the Nuggets rallied in the third quarter for a 122-107 victory over the Stars in the opening game of the West playoffs.

Nugget coach Larry Brown, his team unable to run the fast break as frequently as it had in rolling up basketball's best record by 65-19—during the regular season—kept rotating Simpson and Taylor in the game to keep them fresh and Boone frustrated.

Boone, who set a Stars' record with a 25.2 scoring average while hitting 49.5 per cent of his shots, connected on only two of 13 field-goal attempts in the game. He finished with 10 points.

Nets 111, Spirits 105

At Uniondale, N.Y., Billy Paultz hit all his nine shots from the field in the second half as the Nets overcame an early 15 point St. Louis lead to defeat the Spirits, 111-105, in the opening game of the Eastern Division series. New York reeled off 18 straight points during a span of five minutes of the second period to take the lead at 41-37.

But Marvin Barnes, who finished with a game high of 41 points, took charge again and put the Spirits ahead by five at 54-49 at intermission. It was Paultz, who played just eight minutes and scored only five points in the first half, who came in to bail the Nets out in the second half.



Associated Press.

Buffalo's Jack Marin trips during pursuit of ball as the New York Knicks' Earl Monroe watches the action.

New York Rivalry Opens Stanley Cup

NEW YORK, April 7 (UPI).—The New York Rangers will be getting their wish.

The urban Rangers, in suffering a 6-4 defeat at the hands of the New York Islanders last night, will now have to face their crosstown suburban archrivals in first-round Stanley Cup playoff action which begins tomorrow night. A victory or a tie would have given the Rangers a higher point total than Pittsburgh and a more favorable pairing in the National Hockey League playoffs.

"Really, finishing ahead of Pittsburgh didn't motivate us at all," said the Rangers' Rod Gilbert. "We want to play the Islanders and show them who's boss. When the bell rings Tuesday, the money will be on the line. Then we'll see who's really better."

If recent form is any indication—the Islanders have convincingly beaten the Rangers twice in the last eight days—the Rangers, who've been the boss of "the Apple" since the Islanders' inception three years ago, may be in for a demotion.

The victory last night was significant because it marked the first time the Islanders have ever beaten the Rangers on Madison Square Garden ice. Although the Rangers and Islanders both finished with 88 points, the Rangers were awarded second place and the home-ice advantage in the "expressway series" by virtue of more overall victories.

"What we proved tonight was that we can beat them here, there or anywhere," said the Islanders' all-purpose defenseman Dennis Potvin. "It was a lift, a real ego builder for us. It'll be our pride, confidence and desire versus their experience. I'm sure we can overcome that with our aggressiveness."

In other opening-round best-of-three series which get under way tomorrow, the Toronto Maple Leafs play the Kings in Los Angeles; the Chicago Black Hawks face the Bruins in Boston, and the St. Louis Blues meet the Penguins in Pittsburgh.

The division champions—Philadelphia Flyers, Vancouver Canucks, Montreal Canadiens and Buffalo Sabres—drew first-round byes. Those four teams enter the second round with the four first-round winners.

Those eight teams will be ranked in order of total points with the top team playing No. 8, No. 2 against No. 7, and so on. After the first round, all series will be best-of-seven.

Philadelphia, Buffalo and Montreal all finished with 113 points, but in any head-to-head competition the defending champion Flyers would get the home ice advantage because they won 51 games to 49 for Buffalo and 47 for Montreal.

U.S. Loses, 7-0, For Its 4th Loss In Title Hockey

MUNICH, April 7 (AP).—Sweden blanked the United States, 7-0, today at the world ice hockey championships for the fourth loss in five days for the weary Americans.

Tord Lundstroem led the Swedes to their second victory against one defeat, scoring his fifth and sixth goals to take over the tournament goal-scoring lead.

It was the first time the squad of young U.S. collegians had failed to score in the first round, disappointing a sparse crowd of 2,000 fans at the Olympic Sports Hall by repeatedly losing the puck with poor passes on their breaks.

The Americans showed little of the hard-charging flair they displayed in losses to Czechoslovakia and Russia, co-favorites, and to Finland.

The Americans stayed fifth in the field of six teams, in front of Poland.

Final NBA Standings

EASTERN CONFERENCE

Atlantic Division

	W	L	Pct	GB
Boston	60	22	.732	—
Buffalo	49	33	.598	11
New York	40	42	.488	20
Philadelphia	24	48	.415	26
Central Division				
Washington	60	22	.732	—
Houston	41	41	.500	19
Cleveland	40	42	.488	20
Atlanta	31	51	.378	29
New Orleans	23	59	.280	37

WESTERN CONFERENCE

Midwest Division

	W	L	Pct	GB
Chicago	47	35	.573	—
Kansas City-Omaha	44	38	.537	3
Detroit	40	42	.488	7
Milwaukee	38	44	.463	9
Pacific Division				
Golden State	48	34	.585	—
Seattle	43	39	.524	5
Portland	38	44	.463	10
Phoenix	32	50	.390	16
Los Angeles	30	52	.366	18

Sunday's Games

New York 105, Buffalo 93 (Frazier 26, Bradley 22, Monroe 22, McAdoo 32, Smith 16).

Kansas City-Omaha 95, Cleveland 94 (Archibald 33, Wedman 14, Chones 23, Brewer 18).

Chicago 112, Milwaukee 100 (Van Lier 24, Garrett 19, Abdul-Jabbar 34, Dandridge 21)

Washington 119, New Orleans 103 (Hayes 23, Haskins 18, James 34, Bibby 20).

Seattle 114, Phoenix 111 (Clark 31, Burleson 20, Scott 25, Hawthorne 18).

Portland 136, Los Angeles 94 (Neal 21, Clemens 18 Russell 25, Goodrich 18).

Final NHL Standings

Division 1

	W	L	T	Pts	GF	GA
Philadelphia	51	18	11	113	293	181
N.Y. Rangers	37	29	14	88	319	276
N.Y. Islanders	33	25	22	88	264	221
Atlanta	34	31	15	83	342	288
Division 2						
Vancouver	38	32	10	86	271	254
St. Louis	35	31	14	84	269	267
Chicago	37	35	8	82	268	241
Minnesota	23	50	7	53	221	341
Kansas City	15	54	11	41	184	328
Division 3						
Montreal	47	14	19	113	374	225
Los Angeles	42	17	21	105	289	185
Pittsburgh	37	28	15	89	328	289
Detroit	23	45	12	58	259	335
Washington	8	67	5	21	181	446
Division 4						
Buffalo	49	16	15	113	354	240
Boston	40	26	14	94	345	245
Toronto	31	33	16	78	330	309
California	19	48	13	51	212	316

Sunday's Games

Los Angeles 1, California 1 (T. Williams, Patey)

St. Louis 3, Kansas City 2 (Thomson, Sacharuk, Unger; Groteau, Hudson).

Montreal 4, Detroit 2 (Savard 2, Lambert, Robinson; Libett, Redmond).

Washington 8, Pittsburgh 4 (Gilbertson 4, Williams 2, Lalonde, Cryp; Stackhouse 2, Hadfield, Morrison)

Toronto 6, Boston 4 (McDonald 2, Sabning, Sittler; Orr 2, Forbes, Marcotte).

Philadelphia 6, Atlanta 2 (Lonsberry, Kelly, Clement, MacLeish, Clarke, Leach; Vail 2).

Chicago 3, Minnesota 0 (Boldirev, Koroll, Jarrett).

N.Y. Islanders 6 N.Y. Rangers 4 (Stewart, Nystrom, Drouin, J. Potvin, Gillies, Westfall; Gilbert, Fairbairn, Tkaczuk, Middleton).

Australian Leads Trotting Series

DUNEDIN, New Zealand, April 7 (Reuters).—Australian Keith Addison led by 15 points after tonight's fourth series of races in the World Trotting Drivers' championship.

It was the first meeting in New Zealand. The championship will end with two more meetings—at Christchurch on Wednesday and Auckland on Saturday.

Addison, driving King Suva, won the last of tonight's four races here to take his point total for the series to 113.

Peter Wolfenden of New Zealand is second in the standings with 98 points, while Canadian Shelley Goudreau and Ulf Thoresen of Norway each has 85 points.

They are followed by Joe Marsh of the United States, with 80 points.

WHA Standings

Eastern Division

	W	L	T	Pts	GF	GA
X-New England	43	30	5	91	274	279
Cleveland	35	40	3	73	236	258
Chicago	30	46	1	64	261	312
Indianapolis	18	57	3	42	216	338
Western Division						
X-Houston	53	24	0	109	367	243
San Diego	43	31	3	89	321	263
Phoenix	39	31	8	86	300	266
Minnesota	42	33	3	91	308	279
Baltimore	21	52	4	51	292	337
Canadian Division						
X-Quebec	46	33	0	94	333	299
Toronto	43	32	2	88	347	304
Winnipeg	38	35	4	80	317	288
Edmonton	36	36	4	80	279	279
Vancouver	35	40	2	76	254	271

X-Clinched division title.

Sunday's games

Houston 5, Toronto 2 (Sherrit 2, Hughes 3, Mark Howe, Mahovlich, Dillon)

San Diego 5, Winnipeg 5 (Sentes 2, Howell, Ferguson, Lacroix, Nilsson, Hull, Hedberg, Hornung, Ford).

Edmonton 6, Chicago 3 (Baird, MacGregor, Long, Sheehan, Rogers, Popiel 2, Baltimore)

Vancouver 4, Indianapolis 3 (Harris 2, Pelyk, Burgess, Sicinski 2, Harburak).

Minnesota 6, Baltimore 5 (Gambucci 3, Antonovich, Connelly, Arbor, West, Richardson, Vennerusso, Leblanc, Evol.

Nastase's Antics Again Court Trouble in Tennis World

TUCSON, Ariz., April 7 (Reuters).—Ilie Nastase, the tempestuous terror of the tennis courts, is in trouble again and his tantrums on court here may again cost him a considerable sum of money.

Jack Kramer, executive director of the Association of Tennis Professionals, said yesterday he had taken action against the Romanian as a result of his walk-off during a semi-final match Saturday with Ken Rosewall in the American Airlines tournament.

Nastase left the court, sat down and did not return for more than two minutes. The action noticeably affected the usually imperturbable Rosewall, who was serving for the match at the time but ultimately lost, 2-6, 7-5, 6-2.

Nastase lost the final yesterday, though, bowing to John Alexander of Australia.

Kramer said after the match that Rosewall should have followed Nastase off the court, whereupon the umpire should have declared a default in Rosewall's favor. "The trouble is that Ken is too much of a gentleman," Kramer said.

Rosewall who virtually never complains, admitted he was disturbed. "From that time on I stopped playing my game. I lost my confidence, my momentum and my concentration.

"I think it's an unfair situation. I just don't think you can have a player walking off and on the court. The crowd appreciates his personality, but when it gets down to this, it looks ugly."

If Nastase has been fined, it will not be the first time. Penalties of $1,000 have been imposed on the Romanian star in the past.

Besides upsetting Rosewall, Nastase also infuriated John Newcombe during the $75,000 dollar tournament.

On Friday, Nastase unleashed a tirade against Newcombe, describing him as "a big mouth." "I see the New all the time saying Newcombe is going to beat everybody. He thinks he's No. 1. I think he's a big mouth. I don't have any respect for him."

Told of this, Newcombe commented: "I've never said that I'm a better player than (Rod) Laver. But I think I'm a better player than Nastase.

"I have a better record, for one thing. When he's got as good a record, and done what I've done, maybe he can say he's a better player."

Weiskopf Preps for Masters With Victory

GREENSBORO, N.C., April 7 (AP).—Tom Weiskopf disposed of his challengers with an eagle 3 on the ninth hole and completed a three-stroke victory yesterday in the Greater Greensboro Open golf tournament.

Weiskopf scored his first victory since his banner season of 1973 with a final-round 3-under-par 68 and finished four tours over the 6,643-yard Sedgefield Country Club course with a 275 total, 9 under par.

Lee Elder, preparing for his role as the first black in the Masters, scored a rare double eagle yesterday. He holed out a 181-yard shot with a five-iron for a 2 on the par-5, 447-yard 14th hole.

The double eagle was the first in a year on the pro golf tour. The last was scored by Larry Wise in this tournament a year ago. Elder finished with a 69 and a total of 286.

Weiskopf, a leader since his opening round of 64, collected $45,000 from the total purse of $225,000 for his 10th official tour triumph, which does not include the 1973 British Open and the World Series of Golf title.

More importantly, however, it stamped him as a prime candidate for the Masters which starts Thursday at Augusta, Ga. Weiskopf has never won that tournament but has finished second three times.

Weiskopf holed a 50-foot sidehill putt for the eagle on the ninth hole that gave him a six-shot lead.

Arnold Palmer and Gary Player had their best rounds of the tournament. Palmer shot a 66 for a 288 and Player fired 69 for 292.

ookmakers Like Dodgers' Odds

By Red Smith

ORK, April 7 (NYT).— ne in the New York ws announced: "Pope s Philly," and a reader Well, if Tug is as good fter his operation and and Luzinsky stay nd Carlton and Lonat their best, His Holid be right, but they some lefthanded power."

d out that the Pope was ting Philadelphia as the Eucharistic Congress ow, the dogma of inever did apply to races, pennant. For guidance matters we look to Las her than Rome. Betting ted by the Hollywood ok in Vegas tend to supfeeling here that the st likely to succeed in gue is the Los Angeles

, the Dodgers were the ressive team of those a hurried swing through the Florida training he tour included stops mps of some hopeful s, like the Baltimore lew York Yankees and ngers, but the Cincin- base was not on the and the chances are the be the Dodgers' most e opponents in the Nague West, as they were n.

portant Victories

these two clubs have first and second three the last five years, with winning twice. Last the Dodgers beat the en times in their first etings, nine times in t 10 encounters and 12 the season's series of 18 d they just broken even, les would have won the ant by a single game four games.

ed all over again this when the Dodgers Cincinnati. The Hollyk makes Los Angeles the oriced favorite in either offering only 9-to-5 Walter Alston's troops to hole pennant. The Oakbeat the Dodgers in the ries last fall, but they ish Hunter then. Now -to-2 in the American Cincinnati is third choice ational at 7-to-2, Pittsing a shade under that

and Yogi Berra had roblems in Florida this milar in nature if not in e. Yogi was looking for starting pitcher to work kets when Tom Seaver, osman and Jon Matlack ing. Walter needed some- fill out the rotation with ssersmith, Don Sutton, g Rau until midsummer. hat, he hoped, Tommy John's rebuilt elbow would be in working order. (Doctors took a tendon from John's right forearm to reconstruct a left elbow).

All similarity between Yogi's position and Alston's ended with the starting rotation. Berra worries about his bullpen. Alston has Mike Marshall. Yogi still isn't sure who'll be playing where from day to day. Alston's only problem is how to keep things happy in a dugout crowded with young guys able and eager to play regularly.

"There's one big difference between this club and the one we had in Brooklyn," Walter said one day. "When we had Campanella catching every day, Hodges, Jackie Robinson, Pee Wee and Cox on the infield and guys like Snider and Furillo in the outfield, there was nobody on the bench who could have taken their jobs. If they were here today, I guess they'd be the regulars, too.

"But on this team there's a bunch of young guys who could do it. We've been looking for chances to use Tom Paciorek, Lee Lacy keeps improving. When Rick Auerbach played he hit .342. Ivan de Jesus, Jerry Royster, they all could do it."

Talent Everywhere

What this adds up to is a raft of talent supporting the regulars —Steve Garvey, Davey Lopes, Bill Russell and Ron Cey in the infield, Bill Buckner, Jimmy Wynn, Willie Crawford and Joe Ferguson in the outfield, with Ferguson coming in to spell Steve Yeager behind the plate.

"When we opened in 1973," Alston said, "both our catchers were rookies. We'd been trying for years to find the right position for Garvey, and wondering if we ever would find it. Cey had never played major league ball and Russell was an outfielder still trying to be a shortstop.

"It's nice to win pennants, but I never was so proud of any bunch of guys. Those kids won 95 games and they didn't fold. The Reds just refused to lose in the last month."

Probably there is no such thing as a team without a weakness, but this one is the next best thing. Sound at every position, it is blessed with the Cy Young Award pitcher (Marshall), the comeback player of the year (Wynn), the league's Most Valuable Player (Garvey) and the winner of the Golden Glove Award as the league's best defensive first baseman (Garvey).

Garvey, 5 feet 10, is a right-hander playing a lefthander's position and a comparatively little guy who outplays the big ones.

"When you were beating your way through Albuquerque, Ogden and Spokane," he was asked, "what did you think you were, what position?"

"I played third base," he said. "Now I champion the cause of small first basemen."

Pennant Race Predictions

These are the somewhat knowledgeable but highly prejudiced picks of the International Herald Tribune's sports staff. Kirsch and Troup, both New Yorkers, show their regard for the Yankees; Abt, who flew from Baltimore, flies with the Orioles. Minnesota's Anderson showed enough grace—and enough realism—in picking the Twins for third place.

Bernard Kirsch

NATIONAL LEAGUE East	NATIONAL LEAGUE West	AMERICAN LEAGUE East	AMERICAN LEAGUE West
Philadelphia	Cincinnati	New York	Texas
St. Louis	Los Angeles	Baltimore	Oakland
Pittsburgh	San Francisco	Milwaukee	Kansas City
Montreal	Atlanta	Cleveland	California
New York	Houston	Boston	Minnesota
Chicago	San Diego	Detroit	Chicago

Stuart Troup

St. Louis	Los Angeles	New York	Oakland
Pittsburgh	Cincinnati	Baltimore	Texas
Philadelphia	Houston	Boston	Minnesota
Montreal	Atlanta	Milwaukee	Chicago
New York	San Francisco	Detroit	Kansas City
Chicago	San Diego	Cleveland	California

Sam Abt

Philadelphia	Cincinnati	Baltimore	Kansas City
Pittsburgh	Los Angeles	Milwaukee	Oakland
St. Louis	Atlanta	New York	Texas
New York	Houston	Boston	Minnesota
Montreal	San Diego	Cleveland	California
Chicago	San Francisco	Detroit	Chicago

Burt Anderson

Philadelphia	Los Angeles	New York	Oakland
Pittsburgh	Cincinnati	Baltimore	Texas
Montreal	Houston	Boston	Minnesota
St. Louis	Atlanta	Milwaukee	Kansas City
New York	San Francisco	Cleveland	Chicago
Chicago	San Diego	Detroit	California

Velter Bout

ANE, Australia, April 5 Commonwealth lightght champion Hector n scored a convincing 10- ctory over Japan's Lion a.

Art Buchwald

Washington Celebrity

WASHINGTON.—Something is happening in Washington. For the first time newspapermen are becoming more famous than the people they write about. I don't know if you can credit Spiro Agnew or the Nixon White House gang for the trend, but it's having a tremendous effect on the business, and some journalists are finding it difficult to handle their celebrity status.



Buchwald

As soon as Burt Brillo broke the story on the break-in of the Wesley Heights Taco Hut, he was besieged by other reporters wanting to do profiles on him. Brillo, who happened to be a police reporter at the time, achieved stardom overnight by discovering that the Taco Hut had been used by the CIA to feed their midnight-to-8 a.m. shift. While this in itself would have been enough to make it a front-page story, a source whom Brillo has yet to name leaked the fact that two of the employees of the Taco Hut had entered the United States illegally from Mexico.

It was luck plus perseverance that made Brillo the most talked about man in Washington.

Besides getting a book contract to write the story of how he broke the story, Brillo was also signed up for a lecture tour and was interviewed by Barbara Walters, Mike Douglas, Dinah Shore, Merv Griffin and Johnny Carson—all on the same day.

* * *

Through his press agent, I managed to get an interview with Burt in his ranch house overlooking Capitol Hill. The press agent warned me I could only spend 30 minutes with him as Women's Wear Daily was going to take pictures at 5 o'clock.

I didn't know what to expect when I rang the doorbell, but I was pleasantly surprised to find Brillo a warm, sensitive human being who hadn't allowed all the adulation to go to his head.

We sat by the swimming pool and a Japanese manservant brought us gin and tonics.

"Most people," he said, "think that newspapermen are different. But actually I'm just like anyone else except I live better and pay more taxes. Sure, I was lucky in the Taco Hut break-in, but I find in this business you're only as good as your next story. That's why I'm being very careful what I choose for my next assignment. Oh, I've been offered lots of reporting jobs, but they're all junk—bank robberies, embezzlements, espionage trials and even a war or two. But I'm not about to rush into anything. I have to think of my future."

* * *

"Mr. Brillo, there was a rumor that Omar Sharif was going to play you in the movies. How do you feel about that?"

"Omar tried to buy the story, but I don't think he'd be right for it. I told the producers if they could get Al Pacino or Steve McQueen, I would be interested. I don't want to make the error Woodward and Bernstein did by having two nobodies like Robert Redford and Dustin Hoffman portray them. Most police reporters make the mistake of selling their stories without casting approval."

"What's the toughest thing about being a successful newspaperman?" I asked.

"The lack of privacy. I can't go out to the store without being mobbed by my fans. Of course, they're the people who made me and I shouldn't complain, but sometimes I wish I was back to being just plain Burt Brillo again, covering the Third Police Precinct on the lobster shift."

"I guess you're bothered by a lot of female admirers, too."

"What investigative reporter isn't? But after a while, the thrill wears off and you wish you could find someone who would love you for yourself and not just because you're the author of the Taco Hut story."

A tall leggy blonde came over to us. "Mr. Brillo, your barber is here."

I apologized for keeping him so long.

Brillo gave me a wide toothy smile and a warm handclasp.

"That's perfectly all right. I used to be a newspaperman myself."

Madrid Stamp Show Opens for 10-Day Run

MADRID, April 7 (UPI).—The International Philately Exposition, Espana-75, is now open.

On view through April 14, the exposition is the most complete stamp show in the world, its organizers said. Participating are 500 stamp collectors from 62 countries.

Irving Marder

Sir Oswald Mosley in 1975

LONDON, April 6 (IHT).—"Don't you think it's anti-Semitic," the TV interviewer asked, "to refer to your opponents as 'sweepings of the ghetto'?" A youngish, dark-haired man with a relaxed but hectoring style, he sat back comfortably to await an answer. The man in the other chair was older, of military bearing, and so tall that he dominated the TV screen even while seated.

"It was a rough discussion," he replied evenly. His voice, which he used with the skill of an actor, was only slightly edged, despite the fact that the Independent Television interviewer, Lew Gardner, had been baiting him from the start. When you are heckled at a public meeting, he said in effect, you reply in similar terms.

Sir Oswald Mosley, in the darkened room of a Rutland Gate flat, was watching his recorded performance in the company of Lady Mosley (his second wife, the former Diana Mitford, one of four sisters famous in their heyday as classic "Nordic" beauties), a butler, maid and a reporter who had dropped in to talk about the new biography of him: "Oswald Mosley," by Robert Skidelsky, published by Macmillan last week.

He watched it critically, but did not seem dissatisfied ("I used to open my eyes too widely but I've got over that. Of course, on TV you can't use the big gestures that you would at a public meeting").

To someone exposed to him for the first time, the founder of Britain's Fascist "Blackshirt" movement of the thirties—and the short-lived New Party, comes over, at 79 or so, as a spellbinder—not for nothing was he described as "the great orator in modern British history."

Against War

"I am not anti-Semitic," he continued on television in his measured way. "... I had a quarrel with some Jews. It seemed to me that certain Jews were promoting a war ..." He himself had always been against war, he said, having had some personal experience of war as a professional soldier. It seemed to him that, in the thirties, Jews in England and elsewhere had sought war in order "to improve the conditions" of their co-religionists in Eastern Europe.

The exchange of insults to which he referred occurred on marches through the then predominantly Jewish East End of London and during rallies at such places as the Albert Hall and Olympia Hall in the middle and late thirties. Other labels applied by the chief speaker to his hecklers included, according to the historian A.J.P. Taylor, "Yiddish scum" and "submen with prehensile toes." Nor did it end with name-calling: Pitched battles developed involving such weapons as iron bars and broken bottles as well as fists. As a result, in 1936 a law was passed in Britain outlawing such rallies. In recalling those events, during his response to the interviewer's charge, the speaker contrived, in the most reasonable way imaginable, to make it appear that he had been the innocent *victim* of Jewish thugs and poltroons.

The interviewer's sneer, however, was evidently built-in, and he returned to the questions with which he had opened his program: "Do you mean to say seriously that you are still waiting for 'the call' from the people of Britain?" And "Why on earth would they call *you*?" The replies came with the same good humor and monolithic self-confidence that had characterized his other replies to hectoring questions: "Yes, I do." They would turn to him, he said, when the present crisis reached such depths that they had no alternative.

Watchful Face

Mosley, any way you look at him, is an oddity. The physical outline is extremely Gaullist: the same massive frame, the imperial solider's nose jutting out of a watchful face, the flat eyes that have looked down many a gun barrel and across many a sword point, into the eyes of many an enemy. Here, one might suppose, is Colonel Blimp himself—and on TV especially, his distinctive voice and his bearing are uncannily reminiscent of Roger Livesey's characterization in the classic movie of the forties.

And it is quite true that much of the sixth baronet's entry in "Who's Who" could also be Blimp's: school at Winchester, then Sandhurst, service in the Royal Flying Corps, first as an observer and then as a pilot, until the crash that "smashed my leg." (He wears a surgical boot on his left foot, but the injury did not prevent him from becoming a fencing champion.) Grounded, he rejoined his regiment, the 16th Lancers, who were themselves unhorsed—put into the line to fight as infantry.

In 1918, at 22, he became the youngest man in Parliament, after winning a Tory seat. Married two years later to Lady Cynthia Curzon, a marquess's daughter, he had parted company forever with Colonel Blimp—a soldier whose reputation stemmed from an outstanding flair for obsolete military practices.

Re-elected in 1922, as an independent, by 1924 Mosley had joined the Labor party. By 1925 he had worked out with John Strachey plans for the economic revival of Britain. "Time and again, reading his proposals," A.J.P. Taylor wrote, "one is led to exclaim, 'Why this is the New Deal, the way to a constructive future'." It was during this period that Mosley earned a reputation that must be unique in modern British political history. "By general assent," said Michael Foot, with the concurrence of such other Laborite panjandrums and R.H.S. Crossman, "he could have become the leader of either the Conservative or the Labor party."



AP.

Sir Oswald Mosley when he ran for a seat (he lost) in Parliament in 1959.

He served in the second Ramsay MacDonald government but resigned in 1930 after his "New Deal" type proposals for solving the unemployment problem were rejected. That was the end of his parliamentary career. In 1932 he organized the British Union of Fascists. By 1940, after war had begun against the Axis, led by his friends Mussolini and Hitler (having known them both, he found the Duce more impressive), Mosley was arrested as a security risk (he and Lady Mosley were imprisoned together, at Holloway, until 1943). What did he do in jail? "We were not required to work. I learned German, from some of the other internees. It's come in handy."

Mosley, who lives a squire's life in France (at Orsay, not far from Paris) spends "up to three months a year" in England, and keeps up his membership at White's and St. James's. Remarkably vigorous, he is an engaging man who looks about 20 years younger than his calendar age. Talking to him over a drink on his native soil, one begins to get a different perspective on those two cataclysmic decades during which he, and those whose outlook he shared, strode across the world stage, sabres clanking.

Mosley, according to the blurb for "My Life," his 1968 autobiography, which has just been reissued by Sanctuary Press Ltd., "is about the same age as Clemenceau when he led France to victory in the first World War, and 10 years younger than Adenauer when he retired ..."

PEOPLE: *Women Thrown a l[...] Simone de Beauvoi[...]*

"The creation of a secretariat for women's affairs in France is just a bone for women to chew on," declared writer **Simone de Beauvoir** Sunday, during the first TV interview she has given in France. The secretariat, she said, gives them "the impression that the government is sincerely doing something about their well-being. In reality, **Françoise Giroud** (secretary of state for women's affairs), has not got the means to do what must be done." Miss de Beauvoir went on to describe France's new abortion law as insufficient but said that "it is at least a step toward a much larger liberalization in the emancipation of womankind." She added that economic independence was the key to inner independence. "A woman who remains with her husband solely out of economic reasons ... has no human dignity."



Simone de Beau[...] *... economic indepe[...]*

* * *

Thomas Noel Bettig, 33, who starred in the "Lassie" television series in the 1950s, has been arraigned in San Luis Obispo, Calif., on charges of conspiring to import cocaine. A preliminary hearing has been set for April 18 in Los Angeles.

* * *

The only son of Gov. **George Wallace** of Alabama, **George Wallace jr.** will marry **Janice Culbertson** of Montgomery in August. He is 23, a college student and has published several songs. Miss Culbertson, 22, is an artist.

* * *

Author **William Blatty** ("The Exorcist") has filed a $1.5-million suit in a Los Angeles court against **Bantam Books**. He says that the company has fraudulently converted his book royalties to other uses through accounting procedures. Blatty has also filed a $21.5-million suit against Warner Bros., Inc., alleging fraud and deceit in accounting of film royalties for "The Exorcist"—he wrote the screenplay and produced the film. Its director, **William Friedkin**, is also suing Warner Bros. for $5.8 million for what he claims is his share of the film's profits.

* * *

MARRYING: Prof. **Roy Bradley**, leader of the Nit-Wits, the self-styled "craziest band" in Europe, and **Monika Fiedler** in East Berlin April 10. The Nit-Wits, for the past 15 years, have spent most of their time alternating between the Lido in Paris and the Stardust Hotel in Las Vegas. RELEASED: Former Israeli Prime Minister **Golda Meir**, 76, from a Jerusalem hospital Sund[...] nine days of treatmen[...] "frozen shoulder." A [...] spokesman said that tr[...] had alleviated the pain [...] been having. This was t[...] hospital stay for Mrs. [...] three months. She has [...] cataract operations.

* * *

Ethel Kennedy, widow [...] **Robert Kennedy**, has [...] guilty by waiver in a P[...] N.H., court, to speeding. [...] Mrs. Kennedy was fined [...] driving 84 miles an hour [...] mile an hour zone. She [...] family were in New Ha[...] on a skiing holiday at t[...] she was charged with sp[...]

* * *

Jacqueline Onassis pl[...] fight other relatives of [...] husband, **Aristotle Onass**[...] much of the Greek [...] magnate's estate as she [...] according to People m[...] "Nobody seems happy wi[...] Onassis left his widow[...] magazine said. "The ship[...] coon's three surviving sis[...] cording to an unidi[...] diplomat, intend to go t[...] to reduce Jacqueline's sha[...]

* * *

Entertainer **Tiny Tim** w[...] Sunday in a three-car acc[...] Mechanicsburg, Pa. Anoth[...] was killed and four person[...] ed. The entertainer, who[...] name is **Herbert Khaury**, [...] satisfactory condition at [...] pital where he was being [...] for chest injuries. Police s[...] they did not know wh[...] responsible for the crash[...] Tim was a passenger in [...] being driven by his manu[...]

—SAMUEL JUS[...]

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